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BIRTH.

O'KELLY—November 12, 1922, to Mr. and Mrs. Edmond O'Kelly, of Heath Hall, Newry, a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

O'KANE and BENNETT—October 26, 1922, at S. Paul's, Arran quay, Dublin, with Nuptial Mass, by Rev. Fr. O'Neill, P.P., Ballymacoy, assisted by Rev. Fr. FitzGibbon, C.C., Arran quay, Bernard, youngest son of the late James and Mrs. O'Kane, Ballymacoy, to Margaret (Peg), second daughter of the late James Bennett and Mrs. Bennett, 70 Cabra Park, Dublin.

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this Column will be found on Page 4.

DOBBYN—November 23, 1922, at his residence, Beresford st., Waterford, Arthur Dobbyn, M.R.C.V.S. Funeral, at 12 o'clock, to-morrow (Saturday) from his late residence to St. Mary's, Ballygunner, after High Mass.

HOGAN—October 10, 1922, at her residence, Rae Brisbane, Queensland, Catherine Josephine, widow of Richard Hogan, formerly of Belfast and Dublin.—W. J. Hogan, 17 Willowfield Drive, Belfast.

LADLEY—November 22, 1922, at 13 St. Anne's Park, the infant daughter of Margaret and George Ladley. "Safe in the arms of Jesus."

MAGABE—November 23, 1922, at his residence, Portbridge, Ratoath, at an advanced age, Bryan Magabe. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing family. R.I.P. Mass for the repose of his soul in Ratoath Church to-morrow (Saturday) morning at 10 o'clock, and immediately afterwards. No flowers, prayers requested.

MASON—November 23, 1922, at 207 N.C. rd. Dublin, Miss M. L. (Lizzie) Mason. Funeral private.

NELSON—November 22, 1922, at The Hospital, Lisburn rd., Belfast, William Edward, elder son of the late William Thompson Nelson, late of Rathmoyle, Edenderry, aged 23 years.

ODLUM—November 23, 1922, at his residence, Huntington, Portarlington, William P. Odlum, in his 80th year. Funeral to-morrow (Saturday), 2.30, to Lea Church. No flowers, by his own wish.

O'REILLY—November 22, 1922, at his residence, Laurel Cove, Thomas O'Reilly, son of the late Thomas O'Reilly and Mrs. O'Reilly, Westbourne, Cove. R.I.P. Mass in St. Colman's Cathedral, at 11 a.m. to-day (Friday). Funeral immediately after to Old Church, Cove.

REEVES—November 23, 1922, at Steevens's Hospital, Margaret Elizabeth (Lyttle), beloved and only daughter of Joseph and the late Margaret Reeve. Funeral from the above hospital to Mount Jerome to-morrow (Saturday), 10.15.

"He giveth His beloved sleep."
"Father, Thy will be done."

SHIRLEY—November 22, 1922, at Coolcullen, Co. Kilkenny, son of late John Shirley, Coolcullen, Co. Kilkenny. Funeral to-day (Friday), 2 o'clock.

STARKEY—November 22, 1922, Annie, elder daughter of the late William Starkey, M.D., of 80 Dublin. Dublin. Funeral leaves above address, at 9.15 a.m. to-day (Friday) for Mount Jerome.

THOMPSON—November 21, 1922, in Dublin, suddenly, John Caldwell Thompson, Civil Engineer, late of Petty Sessions, Abbeylara, Granard, aged 67, son of the late William Thompson, Ballynulty, Granard. Funeral to-morrow (Saturday) at Dean's Grange at 11 a.m.

IMPORTANT.—As announcements for this column, if posted on Saturday, cannot reach this office in time for Monday's paper, they should be sent by telegram.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Miss Foote desires to return sincere thanks to all her friends for their kindness and sympathy in her bereavement.

IN MEMORIAM.

ALLEN—In loving memory of dear mother, Jane Allen, who fell asleep 24th November, 1921.—I. B.

ALLEN—In loving memory of my dear mother, Jane Allen, of Creggan, Athlone, who passed away on November 24, 1921. "Safe in the arms of Jesus."—Ethel.

CODD—In ever-loving memory of Thomas R. Codd, who was called Home November 24th, 1918. "Up there some time we'll understand."

QUERET—Second Anniversary—In sad and loving memory of my darling husband, Paul Leon Queret, Belvidere House, Strand rd., Sandymount, who departed this life on November 24th, 1920. On whose soul, Sweet Jesus, have mercy. R.I.P.

I mourn the loss of mine own love,
To me he was so dear,
I did my best to save;
Beloved in life, regretted still,
Remembered in his grave.
Inserted by his loving wife and children.

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Metagama ..... Dec. 1 Marloch ..... Dec. 20

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MISCELLANEOUS.

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LLANDUDNO—CRAIGSIDE HYDRO. An ideal Resort. 2 dining rooms, 3 lounges, 100 bedrooms. Private suites of 3 rooms, bathroom, 2 covered tennis courts, garage for 40 cars. Motor 'bus meets train. R. E. MUNRO, Manager.

LLANDUDNO.—"ORMESCLIFFE." Front, first-class, comfortable Hotel. Sea front. Accom. 250. Dance and entertainment each evg. Mod.

BOARDING AND HOTELS.

AT Ray's, Fitzwilliam place, Dublin. En Pension terms. 'Phone, 4600. T

AT Dublin—Power's Hotel, Kildare st., fully licensed; central; moderate. Telephone, 3077. T

AT 5 Lower Leeson street—Two Doublebedded and comely Furnished Combined Rooms; Paying Guests. 20 E

OLWYN, Bay—"Larchwood," Marine road, West End—Board Residence, 63/- week; 1 min. sea, R.D. Clontarf Electric tariff. From 20/11. T

HOTEL Gerard, Harcourt street, Dublin—Excellent cuisine; moderate terms; open to non-residents' patronage.

GREYSTONES—Open for Winter, Seapatrick Private Hotel, on six acres; near rail, golf. 'Phone, 21. 20/29

LIVERPOOL—Business or Pleasure, stay at Rose's Boardinghouse; Bed and Breakfast 5/- and 4/-. 7 Aubrey street. 22 A

CONTRACTS.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY (IRELAND).

TENDERS FOR SLEEPERS.

The Directors are prepared to receive Tenders for the supply of Soft wood Sleepers, 9" x 10" x 5'.

Tenders, made out on forms supplied by the Company, should be delivered, under sealed cover, endorsed "Tender for Sleepers," not later than 10 a.m. on Thursday, 14th December, 1922.

The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

J. B. STEPHENS, Secretary.

Amiens street Station, Dublin, 22nd November, 1922.

ROYAL HOSPITAL FOR INCURABLES, DONNYBROOK.

CONTRACTS FOR SUPPLIES.

The Governors of this Hospital invite Tenders for supply of Meat, Eggs in such quantities as may be required for a period of three or six months, commencing 1st day of January, 1923.

Sealed Tenders (envelope marked "Tender for ") must be delivered on or before Thursday, 7th day of December, 1922, addressed to the Registrar at the Hospital, from whom printed forms for the purpose, and any further information, can be obtained. Only the proposals on such forms will be considered. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By Order. JOHN J. THOMPSON, Registrar.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

ERECTION OF 11 WORKMEN'S HOUSES UNDER THE HOUSING OF THE WORKING CLASSES ACTS.

THE ATHLONE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL invite Tenders for the Erection of 11 Houses (Two Blocks of 4 Houses and One Block of 3 Houses), and the Construction of Roads, Sewers, and Watermains in connection therewith, under the Housing of the Working Classes Acts, at the Moate Mills Field, Athlone, in accordance with the Plans and Specifications for same prepared by T. F. McNamara, M.I.E.I., Architect, 193 Great Brunswick street, Dublin, and P. J. O'Loughlin, B.E., B.Sc., Engineer, the Courthouse, Athlone, and which may be seen at the Office of the Architect, Dublin, or the Engineer, Athlone, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m.

The person whose Tender is accepted will be required to enter into a Written Contract, and also into a Bond, with two solvent sureties, in double the amount of the Contract, for the due performance of same. The form of the Contract can be seen at the Offices of either the Architect or the Engineer.

Tenders must be made out on the special Tender Form, and be accompanied by the Contractor's own Bill of Quantities, priced in detail, showing how the bulk sum is arrived at. The Bill of Quantities to be enclosed in a separate envelope with the Tender Form. Tenders not complying with this requirement will be rejected.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the "Presiding Chairman, Town Hall, Athlone," endorsed "Tender for Houses," and sent by Registered Post, will be received by me up to, but not later than, 6 o'clock p.m. on Wednesday the 20th day of December, 1922.

Tenders not sent by Registered Post will be rejected.

The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender, and may reduce the number of houses to be built.

P. V. C. MURTAGH, Clerk of the Council.

Town Hall, Athlone

THE PATRIOTIC ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., FOR FIRE, ACCIDENT, WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION, AND BURGLARY. Low Rates of Premium and Prompt and Liberal Settlement of Claims. THE POSITION OF THE COMPANY IS AMPLY SECURED, INDEPENDENT OF CAPITAL. Proposal Forms and all information on application to the Company's Agents; or to STUART C. SMITH, Manager and Secretary. CAPITAL FULLY PAID ..... £100,000 Registered and Head Office: 9 COLLEGE GREEN, DUBLIN.

Directors:
JOHN MOONEY, C.V.O., D.L., Chairman.
Sir THOMAS HENRY GRATTAN ESMONDE, Bart.
LAURENCE W. MARTIN, Esq.
PHILIP H. GRIERSON, Esq.

CHILBLAINS ARE MOST QUICKLY AND EFFECTUALLY CURED BY INTERNAL TREATMENT.

GRAHAM'S CHILBLAIN MIXTURE IS NOW FAR-FAMED AS A GENUINE REMEDY. It is pleasant, quick in its effects, and quite harmless for children or adults. IN BOTTLES AT 2/-. DOUBLE SIZE, 3/6. Postage 9d. and 1/-, respectively.

J. J. GRAHAM & CO., 30 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

PEOPLE'S PEACE LEAGUE.

"HELP FOR PEACE."

PUBLIC MEETING AT MANSION HOUSE
(By kind permission of Lord Mayor), ON TO-DAY (FRIDAY), NOVEMBER 24, 8 O'CLOCK P.M.,
To assert the will of the people, as expressed at the last Election.

"PEACE BY AGREEMENT."

Those willing to help write HON. SECRETARY, 60 Talbot street.

THE TRIPP THE WORLD'S LIGHT-WEIGHT MOTOR CYCLE, 24 Gns. (Carriage PAID).

200 MILES PER GALLON OF PETROL. IMMEDIATE DELIVERY. DEMONSTRATIONS GLADLY GIVEN.

HIBERNIAN MOTOR CO., LTD., 9 NASSAU STREET, DUBLIN.

'Phone—931. Wires—"Hibmoco, Dublin."

LIBERTY BAZAAR NOW OPEN.

Immense Variety of Dainty, Useful, and Inexpensive Articles, suitable for Xmas Gifts.

PIM BROTHERS, LTD., EXCHEQUER STREET.

GENTLEMEN'S WINTER UNDERWEAR.

ALL WOOL
VESTS, 7/6, 8/6, 9/6. PANTS, 7/9, 8/9, 9/11.
WOOL AND COTTON MIXTURE
VESTS, 5/6, 6/6, 7/6. PANTS, 5/9, 6/9, 7/9.
Reliable Goods. Lowest Cash Prices.

GRANDY, St. Stephen's Green, Dublin.

CURTAINS AND LOOSE COVERS.

Cretonnes, Tissues, Damasks, Tapestries, Corduroys, and Casement Cloths, in variety, moderately priced.

ANDERSON, STANFORD, & RIDGEWAY, LTD., 28 and 29 GRAFTON STREET.

PHOTOGRAPHS of Officers of the Civic Guard; Scene of the Great Explosion in Dublin; and Dublin University and Liverpool University Hockey Teams appear in the "Weekly Irish Times." On Sale to-day. Price

ONLY £225

The 1923 price of the famous 11.9 Morris-Cowley Car has stirred Motorists on two Continents.

We have arranged for large Morris deliveries.

G. A. Brittain, Ltd., Hatch Street, Dublin.

GET A MORRIS

53

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, ETC.

MOTOR CARS.

CALCOTT 2/3 SEATERS, 10.5 h.p., dynamo lighting and starting, all-weather body and dickey £325

WALLEN, TRINITY STREET GARAGE, DUBLIN. T

AT Woods', Westland Row, big reductions; B.S.A. Cars from £250. T

CHOOSE A CHEVROLET at £255, ex Holyhead, and you will choose the best value for money in the motor world. Ask anyone who owns a "Chev." what he thinks about it.
Distributors for South of Ireland,
LINCOLN MOTOR COMPANY,
LINCOLN PLACE, DUBLIN. T

1923 SINGER, 3 or 4 Seater ..... 350 Gns.
1923 SINGER DE LUXE, 3 or 4 Seater. All Weather ..... 380 Gns.
1923 GREY CAR £230
Call and see them for yourself.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
35 Miles to Gallon.
CUMMING AND DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE, 4 LOWER ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN. T

8 H.P. ROVER CAR.
PRICE £180
(Ex Works).
THE ROVER CO. LTD.,
LORD EDWARD ST.

CLEARING STOCK.
15/20 H.P. FIAT, Torpedo.
10/15 H.P. FIAT (Dublin built 4-Seater body).
10/15 H.P. FIAT, Demonstration Car.
10.9 H.P. BAYLISS THOMAS 2-Seater.
HARRY WAYTE, LTD., PORTOBELLO. 21 F

THE NASSAU MOTOR CO. LTD.,
23 NASSAU STREET,
Will hold their
WEEKLY AUCTION OF 35 CARS,
Including many well-known makes, at above address, on
TO-DAY (FRIDAY), at 2.15 p.m.
Catalogues on application.

1923 8 H.P. SUNBEAM CARS.
14 h.p., 16 h.p., and 24 h.p. Models.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY. Sole Agents.
EXCHANGES. Full value allowed for your car.
BAMBERS, LTD., 33 Liverpool road, BIRKDALE.
'Phone 44 Birkdale (5 lines.

1923 TALBOT-DARRACQ CARS.
8 h.p., 10 h.p., 12 h.p., 16 h.p., & 26 h.p. Models.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY. Sole Agents.
DISTANCE NO OBJECT.
EXCHANGES. Full value allowed for your car.
BAMBERS, LTD., 33 Liverpool Road, BIRKDALE.
'Phone 44 Birkdale (5 lines.

1923 WOLSELEY CARS.
7 h.p., 10 h.p., 16 h.p., 20 h.p., and 24 h.p. Models.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY. Sole Agents.
DISTANCE NO OBJECT.
EXCHANGES. Full value allowed for your car.
BAMBERS, LTD., 33 Liverpool Road, BIRKDALE.
'Phone 44 Birkdale (5 lines.

MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE.
Comprehensive Policy, including
BURGLARY, HOUSEBREAKING, and THEFT.
Ask for quotations from
FRANK GIBSON-LLOYD and CO., LTD.,
30 Anglesea street,
DUBLIN. X

AUCTION of Motors every Friday, 2.15 p.m., at the Nassau Motor Co. Showrooms, 25 Nassau st. Cars always on view.

AUSTIN Six Seater Limousine for Sale; 20/25 h.p.; recently overhauled, perfect condition. Seen "Casert" Garage, Finglas. 5 C

A 1920 Landaulette, in perfect order and almost equal to new condition, two spare wheels, six tyres, almost new, for Sale; seen Dublin.—D 656, this office. 23 F

BEAN 11.9 2 Seater, double dickey, special coachbuilt body in exceptionally good condition, done 4,000 miles; £260.—D 865, this office. 23 B

CALTHORPE Coupe, 1917, for Sale. What offers? 445, this office. 21 F

FOR Sale, Darracq, 12/16 four seater, in running order; price £50—Automobile Garage, Lemon street. 23 A

FOR Sale, Bean, 11.9 h.p., 2/3 seater, dicker, all-weather, shock absorbers, 1921, done 3,000; condition as new, £300. Address "Z 1565, Motor," this office. 21 F

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

FORD Touring Car, first-class order, newly painted. Address "Z 1641, Ford," this office. 23 A

FORD Touring Car, 1921, detachable wheels, disc rear hood, self starter, in new condition; seen any time; £100.—O'Neill's, 25 Lower Pembroke street. 23 F

HUMBERETTE Two Seater, good order, newly painted and upholstered.—Oulton and Sons, Westland Row. 23 A

HANDSOME 4 Seater 1916 Ferry Car, 11.9, for Sale, in perfect condition; price £370.—D 643, this office. 2 24

MAXWELL Five Seater, mechanically sound, good running order and appearance, owner driven, £90, or nearest offer. Address "Z 1642, Motor," this office. 22 F

NEW Ford Sedan for Sale; done 200 miles; self starter, electric light, tyres not soiled; price £255. Apply Callaghan, West st., Drogheda. 23 F

OVERLAND CARS, From £268.

OVERLAND REPAIRS.

OVERLAND SPARE PARTS.
Head Agents and Distributors:
W. B. CRAWFORD, 29 and 30 Dawson st., Dublin. T

THE ONLY SAFE STOVE for your Motor Home is the "CARBOTRON"; allowed by Insurance Cos. No extra premium. Sole Makers: C. A. FETHERS, Ltd., STORES ROAD WORKS, DERBY.

WOLSELEY 7, 10, 14, 15, and 20 h.p. Models, from £255 upwards, at Grafton Motor Co., 43 Grafton street, Dublin. T

1922 Rover, 8 h.p., speedometer, dash lighting, side & curtains and many extras, only done 3,500 miles; seen any time Dublin; £150, no offers.—D 499, this office. 21 F

£130—Coventry Premier, 1922, Model 4 Wheeler, 2 water cooled, cost £265; bargain; owner buying 1923 model. Also Morris Oxford 2 Seater, good running order, fell £150; owner buying All Weather Singer. Seen Cumming and Dillon, 4 Lower Abbey street, Dublin. 20 F

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A 1"—COME and see the largest stock and the best value in Ireland—Sunbeam, Levis, New Imperial, P. and M., Harley Davidson, Diamond, Lea Francis, Sparkbrook, etc. Numerous Secondhand machines at give away prices.—Wayte Bros., Lemon street. T

QUADRANT, 100 GUINEA COMBINATIONS.

WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE, DUBLIN T

ASTOUNDING Value—B.S.A., 2¾, £57 15/-; 3½ Sports £70, 4½ £72, 6 Twin £85.—Woods, Westland Row. T

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, 5 Frenchcurch, Wineharen st. (opposite Four Courts); new garage.

ENFIELD, 2¾ h.p., 2 stroke, 2 speed, almost as new, spring frame, immediate purchaser; seen appointment.—E 65, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 23 B

FOR Sale, 7/9 Sports Indian, 3 speed, kick starter; £50, or Exchange Sports Scotus.—D 444, this office. 21 F

NORTON Combination, December, 1921, with spare valves, tyre, tubes, etc.; guaranteed in perfect mechanical order; best offer over £85 secures.—D 680, this office. 23 B

SUN, 2 stroke, 2 speed and clutch. Seen 27 Bachelor's Walk; what offers? 22 A

3½ RUDGE Multi, thoroughly overhauled, new belly and tyres, £55; Sidecar, if wanted.—D 509, this office. 22 A

1922 Baby Triumph, unscratched, new, £45; insured against everything.—D 539, this office. 20 E

1922 Royal Enfield 8 h.p. Combination; electric lighting set, horn, hood, screen, horn; taz paid; only little used.—D 506, this office. 20 F

WANTED.

COMBINATION Wanted in Exchange recent 3½ Solo; cash adjustment.—D 459, this office. 21 F

LORRIES, VANS; MOTOR AND STEAM HAULAGE.

MOTOR Lorries, in good order, for Sale; scrap price, must sell; room wanted.—D 491, this office. 21 F

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

SELLING off owing to ill health, quantity of Tyres, Tubes, cheap; Pumps, Light for Chassis, Sidecar Chassis; Motor Cycle Tyres, 3, each Tyre to suit 2¾ and 3; etc.; 30 Tons Scrap Rubber, Iron. 10 to 12 Seater Char-a-banc Body, new 1924 Platform guards. 21 F

TYRE Repair Specialists, Covers and Tubes Vulcanised upon receipt; Broken Beads etc., remodelled like new; Guaranteed; Prices moderate; Trade supplied; 1st month prices; ready three days; lowest quotations.—Dublin Vulcanising Works, Upper Liffey street, Dublin.

2 LUCAS Dynamos, as new, £5 5/- each.—Ingersoll, 128 Stephen's Green. 21 A

BICYCLES.

"A 1" CYCLES at Reduced Prices—Sunbeam, B.S.A., Humberette, Swift, Perfect, Duralac, etc. Repairs and general overhauls under personal supervision of the proprietors.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lemon street. 'Phone 2010. T

WANTED.

WANTED, for cash, Secondhand Bicycles; receipt showing ownership required.—63 Talbot street. 20 B

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED

CHAUFFEUR Wanted, single, indoor, R.C.; must be thoroughly reliable; driving; copies of character, state age, size, wages expected.—Chauffeur, McGrath, Newspaper, Malahide. 22 B

WANTED immediately for County Dublin, experienced Chauffeur, single, strict T.T.; good mechanic, all running repairs; good references. Apply, with copies, discharges, stating wages required, at Pond, D 612, this office. 22 A

WANTED, Chauffeur; indoor; copy references, wages expected; help in house. Reply Athgarvan Castle, Dulsek, Meath.

WANTED, Motor Mechanic for garage, with wide experience; state wages expected, experience and copies of references. Address "Z 1567," Mechanic," this office. 23 B

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS, CONTINUED.

DISENGAGED.

A GENTLEMAN recommends a Groom Chauffeur, married, no family; thoroughly reliable; character; can do all running repairs. Address "Z 1566, Groom," this office. 21 F

CHAUFFEUR disengaged, running repairs, oil engine, electric plant, generally useful; state terms.—Clare, Dunboyne Park, Navan, Co. Meath. 22 E

CHAUFFEUR, running time, Rolls; single, or married; recommended. Apply c/o Rev. B. Northridge, 55 Aldesbury road. 23 F

CHAUFFEUR, mechanical experience, private or commercial; Protestant; highly recommended. Address "Z 1656, Chauffeur," this office. 23 F

EXPERIENCED Motor Engineer will overhaul your car, heavy or light, at your own garage; satisfaction guaranteed; prices moderate; own tools.—D 587, this office. 22 A

MECHANICAL Chauffeur, married, requires situation; thoroughly understands Fords; Kildare County preferred. Address "Z 1652, Chauffeur," this office.

MALES CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS DISENGAGED.

GARDENER, good all round man, tomatoes, vines, peaches, all fruits, flowers, vegetables; married, no incumbrances; highest testimonials.—"Z 1647, Gardener," this office. 21 F

GARDENER, experienced all branches; married, no children; two years' character; wishes one or two days weekly.—D 629, this office.

GARDENER seeks position; understands all engines, generally useful; single; good references. Address "Z 1649, Gardener," this office. 23 F

JOBBING Gardener desires two days weekly, Rathgar, Rathmines districts; highly recommended by notable residents.—D 566, this office.

LAND Steward.—Lady highly recommends her Steward, single, 34, Protestant, thoroughly experienced farming, management of estate, buying and selling, machinery, good accountant; Eastern or Northern Counties. Address "Z 1541, Steward," this office. 20 E

MAN Wants place, Protestant, married, small, help; fit family; experienced gardener, care pony, milker; reasonable terms.—Reverend O'Connor, Donard. 22 A

RICHARD St. John Colthurst, Lissan House, Cookstown, wishes to recommend Estate Steward, thoroughly practical knowledge farming. 22 B

YOUNG Gentleman, ex-Captain, desires post as Steward or Manager of gentleman's Farm or Estate. Thoroughly understands all manner of farming, buying and selling of cattle, etc., and breaking young horses. Highest references. Address "Z 1659, Steward," this office. 23 B

DOMESTICS WANTED.

EXPERIENCED Lady's Maid, Protestant, Wanted; country place, near Belfast.—Miss Macoun, 37 May street, Belfast. 22 F

GIRL Wanted for housework; little washing; references.—18 Belgrave square, Rathmines.

WANTED for Boys' Preparatory School, North Wales, Girl to Help in Dining-room and Scullery, January, and Housemaid; wanted December; good Catholic staff. Apply, with references, Mrs. Thompson, Dinglewood, Colwyn Bay, North Wales.

WANTED, a young strong Girl or respectable active elderly Woman, for general household duties; four in house; comfortable. Apply, with references, 1 Magowan, Windsor Villas, Newry. 22 F

WANTED, young girl to help with Housework; Tuesday and Wasking; country girl preferred.—D 650, this office. 23

WANTED, trustworthy young person, Protestant, to Help with all Household Work in business house; country town, Co. Wicklow. Address "Z 1634, Demestic," this office.

WANTED, Girl for housework, Mondays and Thursdays, 9 to 5.—49 Leinster road, Rathmines.

VACANCIES FOR SERVANTS.

There are many vacancies in the REGISTRY of the "IRISH TIMES" for all classes of Trained and Untrained Servants. Good wages. Comfortable homes. Apply Miss Cullen, Lennon House, Donegall Place, Belfast.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED.

ANY number R.C. and I.C. Cooks, Dublin, Country; £30-£75.—Kennedy's, 66 Sackville st.

COOK General Wanted, Protestant; house parlourmaid kept; family two; £22 to £24; partly trained girl might suit.—D 521, this office. 20 E

COOK General Wanted, young, competent; family three; house parlourmaid kept.—Alderic, Glenageary.

COOK General Wanted for November 30th; three in family; two other maids kept. Apply 57 Fitzwilliam square, before 11 or after 7.

COOK General and Maid, Parlourmaid Wanted; good references (copies) essential.—D 636, this office.

GOOD Cook Wanted for Gloucester, willing to clean kitchen; no basement; four servants kept; state age, religion, wages, and copies references. Address "Z 1542, Cook," this office. 20 E

GOOD young Cook Or Yal; 2 in family; parlourmaid kept; good references essential. Apply, after 6 p.m., Mrs. Morrison Gibb, 20 Lansdowne road, Ballsbridge. 23 F

SMART young Cook General Wanted for provincial town near Belfast; four in family; no young children; no washing. Apply, with copies of testimonials, stating salary required, to Box 20, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast. 20 N

WANTED, good Cook (plain); two in family.—Mrs. Hope Johnstone, Malahide, Co. Dublin. 22 A

WANTED immediately, thoroughly experienced Cook; good wages kept; family two; only required kitchen maid and housemaid kept; R.C. church near; full particulars.—Mrs. Moss O'Ferrall, Kildangan, Moneteerin, Co. Kildare.

WANTED, Good Cook General, R.C.; liberal wages; family three Apply Browne, 14 Shaughnessy terrace, Kilkenny.

WANTED, superior Cook General, Protestant, preferred, for three in family, no children; applicant must have good character and be disengaged; to vacant 1st January.—D 703, this office. 23 F

WANTED, good Cook General. Apply, from 12 to 2, Mrs. Greeves, Disengaged.

WANTED, Good Cook General, for 2 in family; wages £250.—D 660, Irish Times French Office, Kingstown. 23 F

WANTED, a thoroughly trustworthy single-handed Cook, 28, 35 years; experienced in all branches; four in family, three maids kept; all washing sent out; small dairy. Reply, enclosing copies of discharges, stating wages required, to Mrs. Alverna Odlum, Bank account, Portarlington, Queen's County. 23 B

WANTED, experienced Cook General; dairy and four other maids kept; no washing. Apply, Mrs. McKeever, Sickcliffe, Ardee, Co. Louth. 23 B

WANTED, Good General for 3 in family in London; wages £30-£36 to suit trained person; copies of testimonials and wages expected to Matron, Irish Times Registry. Also A

WANTED, several C Generals (young); good wages; 9 Dublin, England.—Blackwood's, 1.C. Mount st.

GENERALS WANTED.

A YOUNG, experienced General Required immediately; good plain cook; small family; good wages. Apply 3, 27 Nettle road, Highfield, Belfast. 22 F

CAPABLE General required, knowledge of cooking, housework essential; small washing; reference.—Donore, Bray. 21 F

CAN lady recommend General, good cook, clean, trustworthy; 3 in family. Be Cosmo-Wheeler, Robertstown, Kildare. 21 F

EXPERIENCED General Wanted immediately; good plain cooking, housework; one lady, country; small house, easy wages.—Roberts, Forest Lodge, Gowran. 22 F

GENERAL required in small family after Christmas; good wages, comfortable home; reference required. Apply Mrs. Thompson, 1 The Avenue, Muswell Hill, London. 20 E

SPECIAL ARTICLES.

AT KELLY'S, 49 FLEET STREET, Engagement Rings—A magnificent selection of Secondhand Single, Three, Five, Two, Three, Five Stone Gipsy, Marquise, and Cluster Rings, as well as Diamond, Emerald, Ruby, Sapphire, and Pearl Rings, of the finest quality, brilliancy, and colour. T

ALL Travelling Goods, Bags, Suit Cases, Trunks, Straps, Holdalls; Fishing Bundries, Golf, Footballs, William Allen House, Dame street. T

ALL Dolls, Toys, Fancy Goods, all kinds, Watches, Clocks, Melodeons, Concertinas, Mouth Organs, Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Accordeons, Cheap.—54 Bachelor's Walk, first floor, from 10 till 4.

BABY Carriages—Cost of materials having fallen, our prices are down again, many carriages to half price. Our well known 10s. guinea "Sunbeam" Baby Carriage, with Cocoa's Winsor (V.) Frid. X with Hood and Screens, £4 14/6; Cots and Bedding also reduced to nearly half. If you cannot call, please write for new illustrated catalogue.—Baby Carriage Co., 129 Stephen's Green, Dublin. 23 A

BATH Chair, Wicker, nearly new, handle, rubber tyres; cheap.—89 Sussex road.

CHEAPEST Orchestra—Cups free for dozen, every description of Musical Instruments, Rings, Dishes, Teapots; markets, hawkers, beginners, ex-Army, Navy men! Write 1924; 42/6; Cruts, 42s. 10/6; big variety, free Fee Set; Crets 42/6, with 67/6 free cruetery; Market 666 Articles; 1,000, 25/-; 2,000, 40/-; satisfaction; advice. "How to Sell" lists free.—Regent Pottery, Hanley, Staffs. (Pottery Centre). T

CHRISTMAS Presents—Write for Illustrated Catalogue and List of Christmas Cards. Calendars, Diaries, etc.—Kelly's, 5, 6, 7, 8 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.

CONFECTIONER'S Gas Oven for Sale.—50, South George's street.

FOR Sale, Register, in perfect order; £7.—Carrier Bicycle.—D 480, this office. 21 F

FOR Sale, one Bonelli Improved Sliding Machine, as new.—D 484, this office.

FOR Sale, owing to removal, Blankets, Quilts, Table Cloths and Covers, Gas Cooker, Billiard Table and cues; also Gramophone, Records, Blanco and Gloves. Call evenings, 6 till 8 o'c., 7 Sorrento terrace, Dalkey. 21

FOR Sale, large Navy Pram., good condition, cheap.—54 South Richmond street. 22 F

FOR Sale, Office Furniture, Tables, Fenders, Sundries.—45 Molesworth street. 22 A

HEARING Aids from Rubber Balloons to Electric Receivers.—26 Dame street. 8 16

HELY'S have Indoor Games in great variety; Table Tennis, Draughts, Chess, Dominoes, Card Games.—Dame street. 8 16

MANGLING and Washing Machines—Large stock, new and secondhand; Barry Engineering Co. of Ireland, Ltd. 21-22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. T

MINCER (almost new), Pantry Scales, Omega Spirit Flasks, Cutlery; seen by appointment.—D 671, this office.

OWN view at Hill's Auction Rooms to-day, Blouse and Dress Materials, Drapery Winders, Fittings. T

PRIVATE Christmas Cards—Write at once for samples. Orders printed in our own works.—Hely's, Ltd., Dame street. 8 16

PLAYING Cards, splendid quality; 9/3 dozen packs, postage 8d.—Hely's, Dame street. 8 16

PRAM, new, two months in use, cost 11 gns., accept 7 gns., or nearest offer.—D 669, this office.

RAILWAY Lost Property—200 Umbrellas from 1/6 each; 50 Fur Coats from 10/6; Overcoats from 5/-; Attache Cases from 1/-; Woollen Blankets from 2/6.—W. Cullen, Agent, over Sackville Picture House; also 8a, Grafton street. 20 T

STABLE and Cart Lamps, stormproof, large assortment always on hand.—The Dairy Engineering Co. of Ireland, Ltd., 21/22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 21 F

STEER'S Hydrometers, reliable, well made instruments, very popular prices; Repairs undertaken.—James Fox and Co., Showrooms William street, Dublin. 23 B

SACK Trucks—Good, strong, well made Trucks, at low prices.—James Fox and Co., Showrooms, William street, Dublin. 23 B

XMAS Cards and Calendars, Wholesale and Retail; 6 Assorted Cards and 1 Fancy Calendar, 1/-; 6 Fancy Cards, Novelties, 1/-; Special, 2/-, 3/-, 5/-, 5/6, post free.—Miller, Exchequer street. 21 F

1,000 Khaki Khaki Cloth, 10/- each, carriage paid, 11 only left; very good warm Coat and Skirt Khaki Overcoats, 10/-.—Welton's, Fratton, Portsmouth. 21 B

2,000 Government Oilskins—Jackets 5/-, Trousers 4/-; Sou'wester Hats, 1/-; quantities quantities; M.T. Frocked Waterproof Motor Drivers' Coats 15/-; carriage paid.—Welton's, Fratton, Portsmouth. 21 B

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

GENERAL; small house, family two; £24; County Dublin. Address "Z 1645, General," this office. 23 F

GENERAL Wanted for house in Terenure; three in family; must be good plain cook and well recommended. Apply at 57 Lower Leeson street. 23 F

GENERAL Servant Wanted, short experience, or by train; small family; £18-£20.—9 Busby Park road.

GENERAL Wanted, near Ballsbridge; good plain cook; small family.—D 650, this office. 22 E

GENERAL Wanted, Protestant; good wages kept. Write "Hacking," Greenmount, Manchester. Send references or call Rhos-y-Gor, Monkstown, Co. Dublin.

SUPERIOR young Protestant Nurse, garden, boy; comfortable home, family two; country girl preferred; must have good references.—D 677, this office. 23

WANTED, young country Girl, Protestant, as General Servant, untrained; comfortable home.—D586, this office. 20 E

WANTED, for Monkstown, General Servant; good plain cook, small washing; fond of children; wages kept; must be good; £24.—D 647, this office. 22 A

WANTED, a strong young General, for North road; good wages to suitable girl.—D 577, this office. 22 A

WANTED, superior General; good cook, no washing; wages £35; send copies discharges.—D 590, this office. 22 E

WANTED, Howth, young girl, Protestant; as General, private house, no family.—D 655, this office. 23

WANTED, for England, experienced General, with good character; good plain cook; wages kept; two in family and boy at school. Address "Z 1620, General," this office. 22 F

WANTED, for Allenbury road, superior General or Cook General (young); small family; second maid kept; good wages.—D 651, this office.

WANTED, well trained General for country house, age 30 to 35; help given; good plain cook. Address "Z 1650, General," this office.

WANTED, young General; well recommended. Apply between 6 and 8, 45 Leinster road, Rathmines. 22 F

WANTED, London, December 1st, experienced General; wages £40; family two.—Orome, 14 St. Kilda road, Bedford Park, London, W.4.

YOUNG General Wanted; good plain cook, small washing.—Beechfield House, Clontarf. 21

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

A—WANTED immediately, a young H. Pmaid for Kingstown; 2 in family; £20.—Keegan's, Upper Glasthule, Kingstown.

CAN Lady recommend very good Houses and Parlourmaid; must be thoroughly trained; £22 preferred. Address "Z 1554, Maid," this office.

EXPERIENCED Parlourmaid and Housemaid required for country house in Shropshire. Apply Lady Leighton, Loton Park, Shrewsbury.

HOUSE Parlourmaid Wanted, well trained girl, clean, quiet, tidy; good wage. Apply by letter, copy reference, Mrs. Moran, Belmount, Strand road, Clontarf.

HOUSE Parlourmaid Wanted, middle age, quiet place, Co. Kilkenny; wages £22; family two.—Box 710, Evan's Advertising Service, Dublin. 22 A

THOROUGHLY experienced young House Parlourmaid Wanted, Co. Dublin; three in family (adults); country; lamps; wages £22-£30. Address "Z 1582, House Parlourmaid," this office.

WANTED, young House Assistant; temporary; house parlourmaid kept; age, wages, copies.—Mrs. Bagwell, Rosskerry, Carlow

WANTED immediately, Second Housemaid; three in family; must have experience and be well recommended; send copies.—Mrs. Madden, Hilton Park, Clones.

NURSES WANTED.

AGENT for NURSES, MAIDS, and ATTENDANTS. Miss Bellingham Todd, 5 Grafton st., Dublin, Interviews daily. Tel.—No. 6358. T

EXPERIENCED Protestant Nurse Wanted; country, near Dublin; children 2 and 6 years, infant later; must be needlewoman, wash flannels; good wages to suitable person.—Address "Z 1643, Nurse," this office. 23 F

EXPERIENCED Nurse required, at Grafton, three children. Apply, copies references, wages expected, D 564, this office.

NURSE Wanted, December 7th, cheery baby girl, Protestant; good wages; country, near Dublin. Address "Z 1644, Maid," this office. 23 F

WANTED, Protestant Nurse Lady (Protestant) as Nurse or Mother's Help; two children, aged 6 and 3½, infant later; state salary and age, Miss Johnstone-Clarke, Derrit, Dundalk, etc. 20 F

WANTED, young Protestant Nurse for baby 6 weeks old; comfortable home; good salary; Northern town. Address "Z 1635 Nurse" this office. 23 F

WANTED, at once, trained Children's Nurse, to take entire charge of infant two months and second child two years; must be a kind and capable person, between 25 and 30 years old; excellent nurserymaid kept; good home and good wages to suitable person. Address "Z 1646, Nurse," this office.

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., WANTED.

KITCHENMAID required December 9th; good reference essential; wages £26. Lady Fry, 77 Merrion square, Dublin. 23 F

WANTED, Dublin Club, Kitchenmaid, with experience; good wages required. Address "Z 1653, Kitchenmaid," this office.

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

CHARWOMAN—Lady can strongly recommend respectable Woman as Caretaker or Charwoman. Apply 16 Aldesbury road.

SEWING Maid or Useful Maid desires situation; do housework.—D 451, this office. 21 F

SUPERIOR Girl, 28, desires post as Working Housekeeper; highest references; city, suburbs.—D 544, this office. 23 F

WANTED by respectable Woman, Employment; Daily Help or Work, Scrubbing or Cleaning.—D 653, this office. 23

YOUNG Girl well recommended, daily work; part; 2 in family.—78A, Irish Times Branch Office, Regent st., Bridge 20 F

SERVANTS' REGISTRY, 31 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN HOUSE; 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Servants. 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Ladies. Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. T

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS DISENGAGED.

COOK Housekeeper or Cook General; excellent papers; highly recommended.—D 638, this office.

COOK and House Parlourmaids, sisters, R.C.; experienced, reliable; town or country.—D 445, this office. 23 F

COOKS (first class), permanent, temporary; also Cook Housekeepers; excellent refs.—Blackwood's, 1.C. Mount st.

EXPERIENCED Dairymaid disengaged, seeks situation; well recommended.—Wheatley's, Servants' Registry Office, Portarlington.

EXCELLENT Cook General; highly recommended 3 years; today 11-4, 24 Main street, Blackrock.

GOOD Cook, with kitchenmaid or help kept; satisfactory papers; suburbs.—D 287, this office.

GOOD Plain Cook; L.G.; £35, £36; well recommended; city, suburbs. Apply, letter only, A., 17 Harold's Cross Cottages.

LADY Mowbray wishes to recommend Dairymaid and Groom, who are leaving owing to her breaking up house for the winter; free first week in December. Address Corbalton, Para.

SUPERIOR Cook General; country preferred; highly recommended. Address "Z 1594, Cook," this office. 21 F

YOUNG Cook General; temporary or permanent; suburbs; highly recommended.—D 641, this office.

GENERALS DISENGAGED.

A FEW Generals; good cooks; job, otherwise; highest references from Clerimont place.

EXPERIENCED General disengaged; no washing; city or suburbs.—D 642, this office.

EXPERIENCED General disengaged; excellent references; town or country.—D 652, this office.

GOOD General wishes situation in small adult family (early in December); can be well recommended.—D 678, this office.

YOUNG country girl seeks situation as General; highly recommended.—D 667, this office.

YOUNG General, plain cooking; small family; Rathmines district; recommended.—D 548, this office.

YOUNG General, small family; city or country; good papers.—D 638, this office.

YOUNG General disengaged; city, suburbs; good papers; country girl.—D 643, this office.

YOUNG Kitchenmaid or General; Merrion or Blackrock preferred; good paper.—D 546, this office. 22 A

MACHINERY.

ARCHER, for Repairs to Steam and Gas Engines, Tractions Engines. Boilers and Machinery of every description promptly attended to. Estimates free. Sole Agent for Cochran Vessel Boilers.—City of Dublin Engineering Works and Iron Mills, New Wapping st., Dublin. 'Phone 1902 Telegrams, Superfine.

FOR Sale, secondhand electric light type Gas Engine and Suction Plant, 30 h.p.; bargain to immediate purchaser.—D 577, this office.

FOR Sale, Gas Engine, Suction Type Gas Producer Engine, 6 n.h.p. Compound, No. 26734, weight 10 tons; no patches, guaranteed perfect condition; ready for work; also 10 in Trailer, drop sides, for above, new; price £25 each; easy payments arranged.—Jones, Hosepads, Llandilo, Wales.

FOR Sale, Gas Engine, good condition; going cheap. Apply Campbell, R.R. Hospital, Blackrock. 21 F

FOR Sale, one 7½ h.p. Shaw Motor, Dublin current, 950 revs.; also one 5 h.p. Squirrel Cage Motor, 950 revs.; both Dublin Pure Ice and Cold Storage Co., Mill street, Dublin.

FOR Sale (owner having sold estate), 10 h.p. Portable Gas Engine (Kangaroo), as new and only a few months in use, with special fan for burning waste timber, sawdust or inferior fuel; full equipment of all necessary fittings and accessories. Also for Sale, Black Diamond Fruit Bunch. For particulars apply G. W. Taylor, Weston.

OIL Engines, Grinding Mills, Root Cutters; Repairs to all classes Machinery.—The Dairy Engineering Co. of Ireland, Ltd., 21-23 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. T

TELEPHONES—Unbreakable Hand Combination Sets, complete, £5 10/- each. Also at £3 5/-, each price 15/-, brand new.—Electrical Works, Charlotte quay, Dublin.

WALL Drill for Sale, new condition.—Jones Quarry, 15 Upper Rathmines road, Dublin.

1 h.p. Electric Motor for Sale, Belfast, complete with starter; 220 volts, 1,440 revs.—Apply Mr. Clare, Parnell, Dublin. 21 F

TIMBER.

QUANTITY of Great Sycamore Trees for Sale.—Christopher, Kincloyas Castle, Kilcolgan, Co. Galway. 23 E

SPECIFIC ARTICLES.

ANTIQUE Silver Cups, Candlesticks, Salvers, Sugar Bowls, etc., also Diamond Ornaments, Rings, Diamond and Gold, highest prices given.—West and Son, Grafton House, Grafton street.

DENTAL Chair for Sale, Antique Silver, Miniatures, etc., Purchased for cash.—Edmond Johnson, Ltd., 94 Grafton street. T

FRAZER Hicks WANTED. Highest Prices Given. Will send to examine in city. IRISH FIRM.—Phone, 6551. T

WANTED, 20 Slabs of clean Novels, Magazines.—Brooks, 77 Langrr street. 20 E

WANTED, a Hammerth Axles.—Archdale, Clondalkin. 23 B

WANTED, Child's Pedal Motor Car and Tricycle, in good order.—D 695, this office.

GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

ALL Owners of Gardens to ensure best results should buy Drummond's Vegetable and Flower Seeds; specialities 1924 Prize Peas, now at 2/3 lb., each Drummond and Sons, 97 and 98 Dawson street. T

A LARGE Assortment of Ornamental Bulb Bowls, Vases, Jars, also Material for Bulb Culture.—Drummond's, Dawson street. 24 3

ALSO from Trees, Shrubs, Roses, Forest Trees, Fruit Trees, Blackthorn Plants, Bushels, etc.—Drummond's, Dawson street. 24 3

ALL Fruit Growers should Spray their Trees with Cooper's VL Fluid. Procurable from Drummond's, Dawson street. 24 5

AUTUMN Fruit Trees, Roses, Flowering Shrubs, on sale to-day (Thursday), 11 South Anne st. 23 B Arthur Jones.

MILLINERY.

. . . POPULARITY OF THE . . .
. . . BLACK HAT. . . .

THERE is always something new to see and talk about where millinery is concerned.

Just as one has made up one's mind that the last word has been written on the subject, a glance at the totally new and bewilderingly pretty toques and hats displayed behind the plate-glass windows of the city shops plays havoc with all pre-conceived ideas as to there being no further development possible this side of the new year.

A striking feature is the immense popularity of the small black hat. Possibly owing to the huge fur collars which reign supreme on the wraps this winter the large hat is reserved for "thé dansantes," concerts, and receptions. For ordinary wear the cult of the small black hat will obtain.

Style for All.

This style of hat is found wearable by all kinds of women, young and old. Roughly speaking, there are two kinds only—in one the brim turns up, in the other it turns down, and is more properly that known in Paris as the *cloche*.

There are variations in these styles, such as the ever-popular tricorne, the highwayman's hat; often accompanied by a coat possessing triple capes, such as those seen in the pictures of Dick Turpin, the Napoleonic, the matador, the *biretta*, and a turban-like toque with a Cossack look.

Some of the tricorne shapes are relieved with applications of silver embroidery, placed all over the brim when made of velvet or black panne, but for the most part those shown have merely an ear of the material used, or a stiffly pleated cockade of ribbed ribbon. More latitude is used in the trimming of the Napoleonic hat. Small wings are used with the points of the wings following those of the brim.

These two wings give a smart effect to a hat that otherwise might be found trying from its severity of outline. Soft black hats made of duvetyn turn up all round, the rounded brim showing but little of the crown: at one side two quilled rosettes are placed, and, *voilà*! the effect is complete.

Trimmings.

With but few exceptions, all trimmings are placed at the side, and but little trimming is permitted. An ear of the velvet or other material used; the soft breast feathers of a bird, a quill, or simply an ornamental hatpin is all that is required for these little hats. Occasionally, the brim of hats are bound with gold or silver braid, adding a picturesque touch to an otherwise simple head-dress.

The Russian toque is made in a variety of materials, softly folded black satin, panne, or fur, and this style is one that stands being slightly tilted over one eye, at the same time being well pulled down on the head, in that resembling all hats of the moment.

A hat that should prove becoming to the married woman was a small, close-fitting shape of felt. The front and sides composed of plissé ribbon, while the brim at the back was petal-shaped and made of felt. It is difficult for the quickest imagination to realise the true appearance of a hat without seeing it. No description replaces personal observation. Those who really like to have and wear the newest and at the same time the most becoming head-gear should rely on their own personal taste and inspection.

Everyone's taste can be satisfied, if not in one establishment, then in another.

***

FOR THE COOK.

FISH IN BATTER.

Take some fillets of any fish, such as sole or plaice, and lay them in the following mixture for half an hour:—Two tablespoonfuls of salad oil, the juice of a lemon, a dessertspoonful of finely-minced fennel, seasoned with pepper and salt. Turn the pieces over frequently until soaked. Take them out and wipe dry. Make a batter of one and a quarter ounces of flour, the yolk of an egg, a pinch of salt, and a tablespoonful of salad oil. Add just enough water to make it a nice consistency. Whip half the white of the egg and stir in. Dip each piece of fish into the batter, and fry in boiling lard. Serve with fried parsley and slices of cut lemon.

All Departments are fully stocked for

CHRISTMAS AT CLERY'S

A delightful collection of Gifts for all ages and tastes awaits you

Silver and Electroplate
Bags, Purses, Leather Goods
Gloves and Handkerchiefs
Art Needlework, Laces, Scarves
Toys, Games, Sports Goods

Our New Departments

Pharmacy — Perfumery and Toilet Accessories of every kind in useful, dainty, and ornamental form

Sweets — All kinds of Choice Sweets, Chocolates, Preserved Fruits, Confectionery, Toys, Stockings, etc.

Tobacco — All well-known brands of Tobacco and Cigarettes, including

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of Cigars in prime condition.
HESTRA 3-5.30 DAILY
erys where the greatest
y of gifts awaits your
ce
o., Ltd.,
St., Dublin
Telegrams:
CLERY'S, DUBLIN."

FROM THE LEGAL DIARY.

LAW NOTICES—Friday, November 24, 1922.

HIGH COURT OF APPEAL FOR IRELAND.—Monday next, at 11 o'clock. For Judgment—Egan, Minister Dáil Eireann & Co., Ltd. v. estate of T. H. H. Masey. Appeals for Hearing—Jackson v. Ford; Belfast and the London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Co.

KING'S COURT OF APPEAL IN SOUTHERN IRELAND, 12 o'clock. For Hearing, Interlocutory Appeal—Allen v. Kohler, K.B.D. Final Appeals—Russell's Compensation Act—M'Donnell v. Fitzgerald, Mr. Cg. Court Judge of Tipperary. New Trial Motion—Courtney v. Courtney.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE IN SOUTHERN IRELAND.—Chancery Division. Lord Chief Justice of England, at Dublin Castle. In Lunacy. Before the Examiner, 11.30 o'clock—Vch. &c., Crom-well, G. G. Green.

ROLLS' COURT—Wednesday, 29th November. Before Mr. Justice Buttimer, M'Guirk v. Buttimer, Dep. Reils Chamberlain, 11 o'clock—W. H. Halliday, L. Meldon v. Meldon, sign cert.; K. Eakins, decd.; Eakins v. Eakins; Northern Banking Co. v. Greene; Janet Hamond, Ltd. v. M'Call, decd.; M'Dell v. Bell; J. Walsh, owd., Ryan v. M'Grath; W. J. Lowes, decd., Dublin Corporation. In Lunacy. Before Mr. Justice Powell's Court.—Before the Lord Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Pim, in the Lecture Room (at the Courts of Bankruptcy List. Motion—Re v. Larkin. Adjourned Summons—Queen's Jubilee Trust and Land Purchase Act. Voluntary Liquidation—Kilkenny Woollen Mills. This Day. Before Chief Clerk—Sheridan v. Wilson, sign cert.; Cullen v. Cullen, sign cert.; Tysdall; Sheath v. Smith; Cabell v. Campbell. Before Dr. Webb, at 11 o'clock—Mary M'Carthy, deceased. Lunch pension. CONSOLIDATED TAXING OFFICE.—At 24 Upper Merrion street. Master Kilfoyle, Jr., o'clock—Bellew v. Bellew; Martin Co., Ltd. v. Bellew and R. Cudmich; Packing Case (Dublin) v. the Irish Tourist Association, and Co. No. 2. T. P. O'Connell and E. Cunningham No. 2 Rural District Council to Cairns, Maguire and Herbert; Dromore West Rural Council v. Hanley and Hanley, J. Hosier, Master. At 11 o'clock—Rathmines U.D.C. to Shannon, W. Gaynard, Ltd. v. Gravesend, Ltd.; Gravesend, Ltd. v. Gravesend, Ltd.; A. Gravesend, Ltd. v. Gravesend, Ltd.; A. Gravesend, Ltd. v. Gravesend, Ltd.; A.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
LAST THREE PERFORMANCES OF THE ROYAL CARL ROSA OPERA CO.
TO-NIGHT at 7.45— LA TRAVIATA.
Gladys Vecona, Dorothy Jones, Olive Gilbert, Cynlias Gibbs, William J. Aspden. Conductor—John Cope.
Saturday Matinee—CARMEN.
Saturday Evening—THE BOHEMIAN GIRL.

GAIETY THEATRE.
MONDAY NEXT, FOR SIX NIGHTS,
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2.30.
The William J. Wilson, Morgan Co. present
THE LATEST AND MOST SUCCESSFUL MUSICAL PLAY,
"THE GIPSY PRINCESS,"
A SPARKLING FOUNTAIN OF MELODY.
With the Entire London Production direct from the Strand and Prince of Wales' Theatres.
CAST INCLUDES
R. Barrett-Lennard. Harry Cole.
Evelyn Drewe. James Davis.
FULL CHORUS. AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA
USUAL PRICES. NOW BOOKING.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
6.45.....TWICE NIGHTLY.....8.45.
COME AND SEE THE BEST IRISH FILM YET PRODUCED!
"A riot of laughter from start to finish."
"WICKLOW GOLD."
SUPPORTED BY VARIETIES.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AND FOLLOWING NIGHTS at 8.15.
MATINEE SATURDAY 2.30.
"THE ELOQUENT DEMPSY."
By William Boyle.
"THE YOUNG MAN FROM RATHMINES."
By M. M. Brennan.
Booking at Theatre. Phone 3268.
And at Clery's, Lower O'Connell street.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
6.45. .....TWICE NIGHTLY. ..... 8.45.
ROCICAULT'S EVER-GREEN IRISH DRAMA,
"THE SHAUGHRAUN."
ALL-STAR COMPANY OF DUBLIN FAVOURITES.
Seats Booked at Theatre, 2/4. Telephone—3016.

PRINCESS, RATHMINES.
ANOTHER SUPERB PICTURE.
"THE LOVES OF LETTY,"
Starring
PAULINE FREDERICK.
SUNDAYS, 4 to 6.30 and 8.30 to 10.30.
MONDAY,
"THE DREAM," Emile Gola's Great Story.

METROPOLE CINEMA.
CONTINUOUS ..... 3-10.30.
TOM MOORE in
"BEATING THE GAME."
A delightful Comedy Drama;
Full Comedy, Topical, and Fashions Programme.
MONDAY NEXT:—"HAIL, THE WOMAN," Thomas H. Ince's Colossal Drama of Womanhood.

RESTAURANT.
OPEN 12-30 TO 9.30.
Orchestral Music—1 to 2.30, 4.30 to 6.30, 7.30 to 9.

BALLROOM.
DANCING WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, 8 to 11. Evening Dress.
Under the direction of T. LEGGETT BYRNE, Esq.
Tickets at Metropole.

EXHIBITION—DUBLIN
SKETCHING CLUB
LAST WEEK,
MILLS' HALL, MERRION ROW.

RATHMINES HALL, BELGRAVE SQUARE.
MISSIONARY SALE OF WORK
TO-DAY (FRIDAY), 3 to 10 p.m.
Admission, 6d. Children, 3d.

BLACKROCK METHODIST CHURCH.
ANNUAL SALE OF WORK
In aid of Foreign Missions,
THIS DAY (FRIDAY) AT 3.30 P.M.

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
ELEANOR MARY CRAMPTON, late of 70A Upper Leeson street, Dublin, Widow, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic., Cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors of or otherwise having any claims or demands against the estate of the above-named Eleanor Mary Crampton, Deceased, who died on the 22nd day of August, 1922, are required on or before the 31st day of January, 1923, to furnish (in writing) particulars of such claims and demands to the undersigned Solicitors for Henry Ward Bailey, of Grandhome House, Woodside, Aberdeen, Scotland, Esquire, and Richard Annesley Walker, of 86 Merrion square, Dublin, Solicitor, the Executors having the Will of said Deceased, to whom Administration of the said estate of the said Deceased was granted forth of the Principal Registry, King's Bench Division (Probate), of the High Court of Justice in Southern Ireland on the 20th day of November, 1922.
And Notice is hereby further given that after the said 31st day of January, 1923, the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been given as above required.
Dated this 22nd day of November, 1922.
S. and R. C. WALKER and SON, Solicitors for said Executors, 86 Merrion square, Dublin.

RE
SARAH ANNE KINGHAN, late of Ardkirk, in the County of Monaghan, Widow, Farmer, Deceased.
Take Notice that, on the expiration of eight days from the date hereof, we will apply to the proper Officer of His Majesty's Court of Justice in Southern Ireland, King's Bench Division (Probate and Matrimonial) for Probate of the Will of the above-named deceased, who died on the 7th day of April, 1921, unless a caveat thereto has been duly entered thereto within the aforesaid eight days.
Dated this 24th day of November, 1922.
JOHN GILLESPIE, Solicitor for the Executors, 12 Molesworth street, Dublin.
To all persons concerned.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
ARTHUR McMAHON, late of Corbally, in the Queen's County, Farmer, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming to be Creditors of, or otherwise having any claims or demands against, the Estate of the above-named Deceased, who died on the 1st day of March, 1922, are required, on or before the 31st day of December, 1922, to furnish (in writing) particulars of such claims and demands to the undersigned Solicitor for James Lacey, of Ballybritan, King's County, and Charles Blackmore, of Killenaule, County Tipperary, farmers, Executors of Deceased's Will, to whom Probate was granted forth of the Kilkenny District Registry, King's Bench Division (Probate), of the High Court of Justice in Southern Ireland, on the 20th day of November, 1922.
And Notice is hereby further given that after the said 31st day of December, 1922, the Deceased's Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of said deceased according to the rights of parties interested, having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been given as above required.
Dated this 23rd day of November, 1922.
HORACE E. SMITH, Solicitor for said Executors, 59 Fleet street, Dublin, and Maryborough.

SERMONS

METHODIST CHURCH, STEPHEN'S GREEN.
PRAISE SERVICE,
SUNDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 26th, 1922.
At 7 o'clock.
Special Music will include:—
Selections from "Messiah."
Solo ..... "Comfort ye." "Every Valley."
Chorus ..... "And the glory of the Lord."
Soloist: Mr. John Gill.
"The Lord is my Shepherd".....Schubert.
"Glorious is Thy Name".....Mozart.
Male Voice Quartette.
"The people stood beholding."
"Jesus died for us and rose again".....Parmer.
Several old Methodist Tunes will be sung.
Preacher
REV. R. C. PHILLIPS.

ST. PATRICK'S HOSPITAL, DUBLIN.
In addition to the Main Hospital in James's street, the Governors have Branch Establishments at St. Edmundsbury, Lucan, which is a Demesne of 200 acres, and provided with every facility for the Curative Treatment of Mental Cases.
The Mansion at St. Edmundsbury has been adapted for the Treatment of Ladies, and a Villa specially built to accommodate a limited number of Gentlemen.
Urgent Cases can be admitted to the Hospital on application to the Medical Superintendent.
For further particulars, Forms, etc., apply to THE REGISTRAR, St. Patrick Hospital, James's street, Dublin.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following is the order of advertisements in to-day IRISH TIMES:—

First Page.		Fourth Page.	
Births, Marriages, and Deaths.		Public Notices.	
Shipping.		Sermons.	
Hotels		Tenth Page.	
Contracts.		Auctions.	
Government Notices.		Houses and Lands.	
Horses.		Poultry, Eggs, Dairy, etc.	
Lost and Found.		Furniture and Household.	
Situations Vacant and Wanted.		Music, Pianos, etc.	
Medical.		Dress for Sale & Wanted.	
Second Page.		Horses, etc.	
Cycles and Motor Cars.		Dogs for Sale & Wanted.	
Specific Articles for Sale and Wanted.		Tuitions.	
Garden, etc.		Schools.	
Fourth Page.		Stabling to Let and Wanted.	
Amusements.		Business Premises.	
Legal Notices.		Houses to Let and Wanted.	
Situations.		Apartments.	
		Country and Seaside.	
		Miscellaneous.	

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9.0.
A NEW POT-POURRI BURLESQUE, ENTITLED
"WILD OATS,"
ALL STAR CAST INCLUDES
TOMMY MOSTOL GABY REVETTE — T. ELDER, HEARN — RAY TOM ZACK WARDEN
AND FULL LONDON COMPANY.
WINTER GARDENS CAFE.
LADIES' ORCHESTRA, 1 to 2.30 and 4 to 6 p.m.

INTERNATIONAL CELEBRITY SUBSCRIPTION CONCERTS.
THEATRE ROYAL, DUBLIN,
TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) at 3.
KREISLER RECITAL.
TICKETS (Including Tax), 5/9 to 17/-.
At the Doors (if available), 3/6.
ALL Seats MUST be Paid for at Time of Booking.
J. H. HAMILTON, THEATRE ROYAL, DUBLIN.
Telephone 2383.

TIVOLI (6.45 and 9 Tel. 4125) THEATRE
3 ..... NITOS 3
The Famous Comedy Acrobats;
J. Shiel Anderson, Doris and Ernie Miller, Katie Warwick, W. F. Wentley, Gladys Stone,
THE REMA DUO.

KINGSTOWN PAVILION
3.30 to 10.15 ..... LAST TWO DAYS
KATHERINE McDONALD,
In a Powerful First National Super Attraction,
"MY LADY'S LATCHKEY."
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In her great Characterisation,
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SPECIAL NOTICE.
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4 o'c ..... 6 o'c.
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TICKETS (Including TEA, Etc.)—2/6.
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A story of Persia, with the appeal of an "Arabian Nights" Tale.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CITY OF DUBLIN Y.M.C.A.
THE
SPECIAL CAMPAIGN SERVICES
ARE (D.V.) BEING CONTINUED THIS WEEK.
ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY (FRIDAY):
11.30 a.m.—Intercessory Service (Special requests for Prayer welcomed).
4.30 p.m.—Address by Mr. Harold St. John.
5th of Special Series on "THE DEVIL'S DENIALS" (Intensely interesting and vitally important messages for the moment).
"THE BOOK AND ITS STUDY."
8.0 p.m.—United Campaign Service. Singing from 7.30 p.m. led by a UNITED CHRISTIAN CHOIR (of 100 voices).
Hundreds of people are thanking God for the Campaign last week. Come along this week and bring your friends to share the blessing. Arrive early to secure a good seat.
EVERYBODY WELCOME

A LECTURE ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE
Under the auspices of Second Church of Christ, Scientist, Dublin, will be delivered by
JOHN W. DOORLY, C.S.B.
(OF LONDON, ENGLAND),
MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF LECTURESHIP OF THE MOTHER CHURCH,
The FIRST CHURCH of CHRIST, SCIENTIST, IN BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS, U.S.A.
IN THE TOWN HALL, RATHMINES,
ON MONDAY, 27TH NOV., AT 8 P.M. DOORS OPEN AT 7.30
The Public is cordially invited, and no tickets are required.

CHURCH MISSIONARY SOCIETY CRISIS.
FORMATION OF NEW SOCIETY ON ORIGINAL C.M.S. LINES.
The Fellowship of Evangelical Churchmen, at a recent meeting, called into existence the Bible Churchmen's Missionary Society. It was unanimously agreed that as missionaries had resigned from the C.M.S. and others were contemplating that course, and that "funds usually given to the C.M.S. were being diverted into other channels—it was unwise to postpone further the definite formation of a Church of England Society on the lines upon which the C.M.S. laboured for 100 years. But it was at the same time clearly understood that should the C.M.S. in the near future return to the 'old paths' and require its agents to accept the trustworthiness of the historical records of the Bible, the authority of its teachings, and the truth of all Christ's utterances, then the Bible Churchmen's Missionary Society should cease to exist, and its funds handed over to the Treasurer of the C.M.S." For further information please apply to Rev. D. H. C. Bartlett, M.A., St. Luke's Vicarage, Hampstead, N.W. 3.

REGISTRATION OF CLUBS (IRELAND) ACT, 1904.
Take notice that I intend to make application for a Renewal of the Certificate of Registration of the
ROYAL IRISH YACHT CLUB, KINGSTOWN,
Under the above Act.
F. M. SELLENS, Secretary.
November 23rd, 1922.

EDUCATION.

LOWTHER COLLEGE FOR GIRLS,
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ANGLESEY.
LADY strongly recommends Girls' Boarding School in large country house. Ideal situation and climate, near the sea. Limited number only taken. All home comforts. Languages, Music, Painting, Games, Swimming. Boats met at Holyhead. For particulars apply Mrs. LAURENCE WILLIAMS, Parcian, Tyn-y-Gongl, Anglesey.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

General Inference—The anti-cyclone remains over the Southern part of the British Isles, and quiet conditions, with a moderate temperature, are probable in that area for another 24 hours. There are, however, indications favouring the development of depressions off our Western coasts, and there is, therefore, a probability of less settled conditions before long.
Ireland N.W.—Wind N.W., backing S.W.; fresh or strong; variable sky; some sleet or rain; visibility mainly good; colder temperature.
Ireland N.E., S.E., S.W.—Wind S.W., light or moderate; cloudy; probable some showers; visibility mainly good; moderate temperature.
S.W. Seaboard; Mouth of Channel to S.W. Ireland—Light, variable wind; sea smooth; fair; visibility good.
Irish Sea and St. George's Channel, and N.W. Seaboard; N. Ireland to Hebrides—Wind Westerly, fresh; sea moderate; cloudy; some showers; visibility good.
Dines and Hempenstall, Barometers and Forecasters, 12 Suffolk street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

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IS
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The Irish Times.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1922.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS:
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Belfast 1787.
London Central 4350.
BELFAST OFFICE: 108 Royal Avenue.
LONDON OFFICE: 59 Fleet Street.
POSTAL SUBSCRIPTION: 19/6 per quarter.

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HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR.

To-day....Morning 2.48 | Evening 3.16
To-morrow.. „ .. 3.45 | „ 4.15

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

To-day....Rises .. 8. 6 | Sets 4.18
To-morrow.. „ .. 8. 7 | „ 4.17
LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 5.18 P.M.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Gaiety Theatre—Carl Rosa Opera Co.—"La Traviata," 7.45 p.m.
Theatre Royal—Varieties, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—"The Shaughraun," 6.45 and 8.45.
Abbey Theatre—"The Eloquent Dempsy" and "The Young Man from Rathmines," 8.15 p.m.
Empire Theatre—"Wicklow Gold," 6.45 and 8.45.
Tivoli Theatre—Varieties, 6.45 and 9.
Metropole Cinema—Continuous, 3 to 10.30.
La Scala Theatre—Pictures, 3 to 10.30.
Princess, Rathmines—Pictures, continuous.
Grand Central—Pictures, continuous.
Kingstown Pavilion—Pictures, continuous.
Dublin Sketching Club—Mills' Hall, Merrion row.
Sale of Work—Rathmines Hall, Belgrave square, 3 to 10 p.m.
Blackrock Methodist Church—Annual Sale of Work, 3.30 p.m.
People's Peace League, Mansion House, 8 p.m.
Diocesan and Commercial School—Prize Distribution, 5.30 p.m.
Coombe Hospital, 12 o'clock.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

Yesterday the Master of the Rolls in Dublin refused to grant a writ of *habeas corpus* in the case of Mr. Erskine Childers. He also held that he had no jurisdiction in the case of eight unnamed prisoners who were said to have been tried by military courts.—(P. 5.)

The King's Bench Division yesterday refused an application for a writ of *habeas corpus* in the cases of Mrs. Catherine Johnstone and her daughter, of Lough Veigh House, Letterkenny, County Donegal, who are in military custody.—(P. 7.)

The Queenstown Electric Light and Power Station was raided by armed men on Wednesday night, and much damage was done to the power plant.—(P. 6.)

At a meeting in Dublin yesterday representatives of the cattle trade in Ireland, England and Scotland protested against the restrictions which have been imposed on the movement of Irish cattle in Great Britain.—(P. 6.)

There was much indiscriminate rifle, machine-gun, and revolver fire in Dublin city from half-past nine o'clock till midnight last night, but there were no casualties. Barracks and posts were attacked from roofs.—(P. 5.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Prime Minister has refused another request to receive a deputation of the unemployed, who marched from the English provinces to London.—(P. 5.)

ABROAD

What is described as a tranquil air prevailed at Lausanne yesterday, when a Commission examined the various proposals made for the division of Thrace. Ismet Pasha was more reasonable in his attitude towards other nations' proposals, and it is likely that Thrace will be divided between Greece and Turkey, and that a demilitarised zone will mark the boundaries.—(P. 5.)

SPORTING.

The Dublin University Rugby team defeated Cambridge University yesterday at Cambridge by a goal and 3 tries (14 points) to a goal (5 points).—(P. 8.)

At Manchester yesterday The Villager won the Delamere Handicap.—(P. 8.)

COMMERCIAL

London Stock Markets were stagnant. The tone was steady.—(P. 9.)

Dublin Stock Market was rather dull, with mixed price changes.—(P. 9.)

The King's Speech.

The King's Speech at the opening of Parliament yesterday was very short. His Majesty told his faithful Lords and Commons that they had been called together in order to ratify the Irish Constitution before December 6th. Mr. Bonar Law spoke in happy terms of the task which lay before the House of Commons, and gave ample proof of his sincere desire to put the coping stone on the work of Irish settlement with the least possible delay. The Government proposes to adjourn Parliament immediately after the passage of the Irish Constitution, and Mr. Bonar Law expressed the hope yesterday that the House of Commons would rise on December 6th. The King's Speech, however, refers to several matters which are likely to be the subject of lively debate, and there is, at least, a chance that the session may be prolonged beyond the date which has been fixed provisionally for its termination. The debate on the Address was begun yesterday, and the Labour members seem to be determined to make as much capital as possible out of the present economic crisis. No doubt, they will do everything in their power to drag out the debate on unemployment. This is the most pressing problem of the moment in Great Britain. For the majority of Englishmen the Irish Constitution has ceased to be of more than academic interest, but the fact that large numbers of workless men are virtually hammering on the doors of the House of Commons is a matter which cannot be ignored.

The new Opposition certainly means business. Mr. Ramsay Macdonald lost no time yesterday in launching his opening attack on the Government, and he obviously intends to concentrate his efforts for the present on the immediate question of the unemployed. He was supported by Mr. George Lansbury, who appealed for official action, and laid much stress on the dangers of delay. Mr. Newbold, the Motherwell Communist, in contrast to Mr. Lansbury, was very fierce. It is the business of a Communist to be fierce, and Mr. Newbold was received by the House of Commons with the same courtesy which it has shown to firebrands of every generation; but few people can have expected even a Communist's maiden speech to fulminate revolution in the placid precincts of St. Stephen's. The speech, however, will have one good effect. It will awaken the people to a sense of the danger which is constituted by the mere presence of a great army of unemployed in the country while agitators of Mr. Newbold's type are at large. At heart, of course, the British working man is a staunch supporter of law and order; but hunger is a hard taskmaster, and the rigours of the winter months will put his stability to a severe test. We hope that the Government will take early steps to counteract the propaganda of the Scottish Labour men. Much can be done to alleviate the sufferings of those people who really are in dire want, and some measure of relief is inevitable.

The King's Speech referred to the Near East. Here, again, the situation is anything but satisfactory. The Turks, as General Harington warned them on Wednesday, are trying the patience of the Allies almost to the limit of endurance. The real struggle has not started yet at Lausanne; but Ismet Pasha will try every trick known to Turkish guile to drive a wedge between Britain and France. Fortunately, the Marquis Curzon seems to have been able to gain the support of M. Poincaré for Britain's point of view in regard to Constantinople and Western Thrace. The prospects of Allied unity are brighter than they have been for many a long day; but Britain cannot afford to take any risks. The Near Eastern problem presents British diplomacy with one of the most delicate problems that have arisen since Fashoda, and Lord Curzon will need the whole-hearted support of Parliament in the performance of his task. For that reason, possibly, the Government may decide to prolong the Parliamentary session; but everything, of course, will depend on the progress of events at Lausanne and in Constantinople. The Turks' demand for a plebiscite in Western Thrace has raised an issue which affects all the Balkan States. Bulgaria was promised access to the sea by the Treaty of Neuilly, and, unless the Allies are prepared to throw that treaty on the scrap heap with the Treaty of Sèvres, they must fulfil their pledge. There is no doubt that when the Irish Constitution is out of the way the new British Parliament will have its hands full.

Irish Cattle.

We said in a recent article that the time had come when Irish farmers and cattle-traders must take united action in defence of their threatened industry. A good beginning was made yesterday at the meeting in the Dublin Mansion House. The protest which the meeting formulated against the present restrictions on the movements of Irish cattle in Great Britain represented the views of farmers and traders from Antrim and Cork as well as from Dublin and the Midlands; and it was supported by delegates from England and Scotland. The restrictions, including a period of six days' quarantine on British soil, have been in existence for eighteen months. They are unnecessary because Ireland has been wholly free from foot-and-mouth disease during the last two years. They are injurious because they hamper the sale and depress the quality and value of this country's most important export. The situation—bad enough already—has been made suddenly worse by the raising of the embargo on Canadian cattle. The British Government has decided that these animals, collected from a vast territory and then carried some thousands of miles over sea, may be admitted to Great Britain on absolutely equal terms with beasts from the familiar and neighbouring plains of Meath. On this point the new British Minister of Agriculture seems to be not less unyielding than his predecessor. He insists that the rules for Canadian cattle cannot be varied, and he still refuses to relax the unfair and vexatious restrictions on Irish imports. We agree, however, with Mr. Hogan, our own Minister of Agriculture, that Sir Robert Sanders's position is "far from impregnable." The British Government may be disposed to ignore Ireland's case for relief; but it cannot ignore the Imperial Parliament, and it is to the Imperial Parliament that the Irish farmers and traders ought to go without delay. We think that they ought now to accept the Canadian invasion as inevitable and ought to concentrate all their energies on the removal of the Irish restrictions. Two powerful arguments were made yesterday against these restrictions—one, that Ireland is Great Britain's only secure source of cattle in time of war; the other, that the depreciation of weight caused by the long quarantine increases the price of Irish beef to the British consumer by a penny per pound. The former argument ought to be urged strongly upon the Conservative majority in the House of Commons, which is nothing if not Imperialist. The latter argument cannot fail to make a deep impression on the Labour Party—the second largest party in the House—which puts a reduced cost of living in the forefront of its programme. Moreover, the National Farmers' Union of Great Britain announced yesterday that 142 members of the new Parliament had undertaken to join a committee of the House of Commons for the defence of agricultural interests. For all these reasons we believe that the Irish farmers and cattle-traders would get not only a patient, but a sympathetic, hearing at Westminster for their case against the restrictions. We advise them to organise, with all speed, a thorough campaign of publicity and propaganda.

Sound and Colour.

For many a long day it has been the custom of some persons, "anxious for to shine in the high æsthetic line," to describe sound in terms of colour and *vice versa*. Certain tones in music, for example, would be described as "brown" or "warm red." The practice, however, was never regarded, even by the æsthetes themselves, as anything more than a pretty conceit. Then science and æstheticism joined hands, determined to establish a "workable theory of the relations between sound and colour"—not a bare association of ideas, but a positive sense of relationship. So far has the matter gone that on Wednesday night at the Etlinger Theatre, Paddington, a practical demonstration was given of what is known as the Tudor-Hart theory of sound and colour relationship. The demonstration took the form of an orchestral rendering of certain well-known operatic scenes, furnished with coloured backgrounds and changing lights, the total harmony of which was supposed to exude an emotional stimulus corresponding precisely to that of the music. The theory seems to be that the spectrum is a light scale, corresponding—emotionally and, therefore, physically—with the tonic scale in music. The critics who listened to and beheld the Paddington demonstration confessed that the connection was not immediately apparent. It is obvious, however, that, to appreciate the relationship between colour and sound, some rudimentary principles must be learned by rote, as a child, before it can enjoy any artistic stimulus, must learn its alphabet. How far the Tudor-Hart theory will appeal to a public whose only sense-word of universal application is "jazz" remains to be seen.

Attacks on Sport.

The world never has lacked satirists and moralists. The extent to which sport has been denounced in all the forums of human "uplift" is equalled only by the completeness with which the protestants are ignored. In telling the Chester Diocesan Conference that there was something "extraordinarily wild and wrong" with the prevailing "idolatry of sport," the Bishop of Chester added another distinguished voice to a goodly chorus, but it is unlikely that his cry will be more effective than those that have gone before. The good Bishop was not very precise in demonstrating the manner in which sport was degrading the nation's life. He confined himself to the somewhat obscure statement that "in many departments of recreation, in the background of it all, there is a real meanness which touches the heart of the nation." This is a hard saying. If there is one thing to which sport is an open and inveterate enemy, it is meanness. If there are sports—croquet, for example—which permit the successful competitor to unchain the worst passions of a vindictive nature, they inculcate correspondingly in the breast of the vanquished the virtues of stoical fortitude, heroic resignation and indomitable patience. What the Bishop really ought to deplore is the fact that there is too little sport—that, where a couple of dozen play, tens of thousands must be content to watch.

IRISH FURNITURE
ON VIEW IN LONDON.
It appears not to have been generally recognised that during the 18th century furniture of a very high standard of execution was produced in Ireland, following the main lines of the English styles of the period, but with characteristic differences.
A group of examples of this class has now been arranged for exhibition in the Loan Court of the Victoria and Albert Museum.
Those lent by Mrs. Bruce are of inlaid satinwood, hardwood, etc., and consist of a pair of commodes, with finely executed decoration in the Adam style, with a pair of tall pedestals and corner cupboards of similar character.
Mrs. Bruce also contributes a pair of small tables and a wine carrier, which correspond more with the style of Sheraton.
In addition, Captain W. L. Naper has lent a settee and four chairs of walnut, resembling in general design (though differing in detail) English work of the time of Queen Anne.

Is the wretched system of paying members of Parliament to be continued?—Mr. D. H. Coghill.

A NEW IRISH COMPOSER.

WINNER OF CARNEGIE PRIZE.

(COMMUNICATED.)

Miss Ina Boyle has already earned a reputation as a composer of music of the highest class in England, where her works have been performed by first-class orchestras in London and other places. As yet, however, nothing of hers has been heard in Dublin; indeed, the only performance in Ireland of Miss Boyle's music up to the present has been by the Bray Choral Society, whose conductor, Mr. Weaving, gave a fine rendering of her "Soldiers at Peace," a cantata with orchestral accompaniment. It is, therefore, interesting to note that Dr. Hewson, organist of St. Patrick's Cathedral, has undertaken an anthem of Miss Boyle's, entitled, "The Transfiguration," which will be sung at St. Patrick's at the 11.15 a.m. Service on Sunday next.

Miss Boyle is the daughter of the Rev. W. F. and Mrs. Boyle, of Bushy Park, Ennis kerry, and a remarkable feature in her career is that her study has been conducted wholly in Ireland. At a very early age she conceived the idea of competing for the prizes offered by the Carnegie United Kingdom Trust. In this competition, where Miss Boyle had to compete side by side with such composers as Dr. Villiers Stanford, and others almost equally well known, she at once attracted the attention of the adjudicators, and if she was not immediately successful in carrying off one of the prizes, her works were officially noted as full of promise, and were registered "for future reference." Encouraged by a recognition of this kind, Miss Boyle continued her studies and her composition, with the result that one of these much desired prizes fell to her lot two years ago, and her work was published by the Carnegie Trust, and has found ready acceptance for performance in England.

There is something which stirs the imagination in the thought that this lady, who has only left her 'teens a short time behind, has worked so steadily and so undauntedly, without any immediate prospect of hearing a performance of her own music. Until she won the Carnegie prize Miss Boyle had heard nothing of her own performed. This has now been altered by her success. The example which has been set by the Bray Choral Society, and now by St. Patrick's Cathedral, may lead to a general recognition in Ireland of the talents which Miss Boyle undoubtedly possesses.

THE KING'S SPEECH.

MY LORDS AND MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS—

A Constitution for the Irish Free State having been passed by the House of the Parliament established under the Irish Free State (Agreement) Act of last session, sitting as a Constituent Assembly, and it being required by the terms of that Act that the Constitution should come into force by the 6th day of December next, I have summoned you to meet in order that the legislation necessary to give effect to that Constitution and to make the provisions consequential on the establishment of the Irish Free State may be at once submitted for your approval.

MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS—

Estimates for the public service will be laid before you.

MY LORDS AND MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS—

The state of trade and employment continues to cause me deep concern. The ameliorative measures prepared by my late Government are being examined afresh, and you will be asked to make provision for their continuance and extension, and to guarantee a loan in accordance with the League of Nations' scheme for the restoration of Austria.

Negotiations for the settlement of difficulties in the Near East are proceeding, and it is my hope that at the Conference at Lausanne the efforts of my Minister, acting in wholehearted co-operation with the representatives of our Allies, may result in the re-establishment of peace and the restoration of security to the inhabitants of the regions which have recently been the scene of so much suffering. And I pray that the blessing of Almighty God may rest upon your deliberations.

COURT AND PERSONAL.

The Prince of Wales was the guest of the Hon. Mrs. Rupert Beckett at the dance which she gave for her daughters at her residence in Grosvenor street, London. Those present included the Earl and Countess of Pembroke and Montgomery and their daughter, Lady Patricia Herbert, the Earl and Countess of Cromer, and the hostess's nephew and his wife, Lord and Lady Grimthorpe.

Princess Alice, Countess of Athlone, left London on Tuesday and, travelling via The Hook of Holland, has arrived at The Hague on a visit to her aunt, the Dowager Queen of Holland, sister of the late Duchess of Albany.

The Marquis and Marchioness of Anglesey, who have been staying with the Duke and Duchess of Rutland at Belvoir Castle, will return to London to-day. The Marquis and Marchioness of Huntly have arrived in London for the opening of Parliament. The Earl and Countess of Cork, who recently gave up their home in Mandeville place, are now settled in their new home, 56 Pont street. The Countess of Kimberley, who has been staying in the New Forest, has returned to her London house.

* * * *

Lord Bellew has gone to London from Kilkenny for the opening of Parliament. Field-Marshal Lord Grenfell has given up his place at Bournemouth, and has taken Foresters, Windlesham, which will be his permanent address. The Marquis and Marchioness of Headfort arrived in London on Monday from the country. Their son, the Earl of Bective, is making good progress towards recovery from his recent operation.

* * * *

Lord Bingham, elder son and heir of the Earl of Lucan, is twenty-four to-day. Educated at Eton and the Royal Military College, he was gazetted to the Coldstream Guards, and served in the European War from 1916 to 1918, and received the M.C. His father, who has been re-appointed one of His Majesty's Lords-in-Waiting in the new Administration, served with distinction through the war, as did his uncles, Major-General the Hon. Sir Cecil Bingham, Major-General the Hon. Sir Francis Bingham, and Captain the Hon. Lionel Bingham, R.F.A.

* * * *

The engagement is announced of Major Alec Wise, Ministry of the Interior, Cairo, late of the Connaught Rangers, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wise, of Belleville Park, Cappoquin, and Miss Hope Wrightson, daughter of the late Sir Thomas Wrightson, Bart., and Lady Wrightson, of Masham Hall, Darlington.

* * * *

Mrs. FitzGerald Clegg was unavoidably absent from the funeral of her father, Major the Honble. Southwell FitzGerald, through ill-health.

Switzers are making a special early display of Christmas Gifts and Toys this week.—Grafton street.

Silk Radium Spanish Flouncing, in Peach, Rust, Nattier, Tabac, Ivory, Lemon, Champagne, Copper, 5s. 11d. yard.—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., 69, 70, 71 George's street.

Madame Doyle, Wicklow street—Special Reductions to effect disposal of surplus Stock, Gowns, and Millinery.

Economy Week. Models at tempting prices. Slyne's, Ltd., 71 Grafton street.

ARRIVALS AT KINGSTOWN BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMER.—Mrs. Sparrow, Master Denis Sparrow, Herbert Wainer, Miss M. G. Donovan, J. P. Lawlor, Miss Henrietta Smyth.
DEPARTURES FROM KINGSTOWN BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMER.—H. R. Beatty, Miss Marion Smith, Rev. Dr. Dodson Gedgens, L. Sullivan, Harold J. Wiley, H. W. Ede, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Allen.

Remarkable value in Silk Goods this week at McBirney's.
"Veronica" offering French Model Hats this week at 10s. 11d.—31 Upper Baggot st.

Mourning Orders executed on the shortest notice. Prices strictly moderate.—Davis and Co. (late Ogilvy's), 145 Grafton street.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

The Prince of Wales has arranged to visit the Royal Military Academy on Saturday. He will inspect the cadets at noon, and

ONDON LETTER.

ING OF PARLIAMENT.

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
THURSDAY NIGHT.

tate opening of Parliament is a which never seems to pall on the f London. To-day the King and were greeted with enthusiastic all the way, and nothing hap- strike a jarring note. The King headed in the great gold coach, e Queen, wearing an all-round crown on her soft, white hair, eautiful cloak of ermine round her s, looked remarkably well. The f Wales, still looking boyish but nified, also had a great shout of as he preceded the King and a procession of his own.

athering in the House of Lords larger than ever to-day, and quite hour before the ceremonial the s well filled. The Peeresses pre- brave spectacle, and wore many s and pearls, but a goodly number were in furs until the Royal pre- began to enter the Chamber. The dors' box, to the right of the was packed with diplomats, with decorations, and mostly wear- uniforms. Presently the Duke of rived, and was escorted to a seat nd of the Duke's bench, where he difficulty in finding room to be The electric lights were lowered the Prince of Wales entered, walk- hout a cane. Passing the Throne a low bow and proceeded to his air of State.

OYAL ENTRY.

a few minutes' silence, and if almost without warning, the Royal on began to wend its way into the There seemed to be many people g the King and Queen, but they ppeared into their proper places; e was no indication of crowding he Throne. Then came the King, the Queen by the hand, both look- st regal in their State robes of rimson velvet and gold lace.

d not take long for the King to d the attendance of the Commons, ter a short wait, the trampling of nounced their arrival, headed by aker and the Prime Minister. Then g read his short speech in a loud, ice. With a bow to the House he to the Queen, gave her his hand, ceeded to leave. In a few brief the House emptied, and the new ent had begun its work.

questions chiefly interested the of Commons to-day—what would be of the dispute between the Labour and the "Wee Frees" as to the accommodation on the Front ion Bench, and how Mr. Ramsay ald would comport himself as of the Opposition. The answer to t question was quickly supplied, me time before three o'clock Mr. Captain Wedgwood Benn, Mr. G. rne, Mr. C. Roberts, and Sir John arrived and squeezed themselves e four seats nearest the gangway, areful, however, not to encroach e space opposite the famous box. was soon afterwards occupied by amsay Macdonald, next to whom s deposed predecessor, Mr. Clynes, Wedgwood, Mr. Hodge, and other members. On the front bench the gangway sat Mr. Lloyd George her ex-Ministers, while Mr. Austen erlain, Sir Robert Horne, and Sir rthington-Evans sat on the third below the gangway on the Minis- side. Presently Mr. Asquith came sat down next to the Labour leader, berts making way for him.

AHIR HEALY.

the sessional orders had been run n, the Speaker read a letter from nister of Home Affairs for Northern stating that Mr. Cahir Healy, one newly-elected members for Ber- and Tyrone, was detained in the Labour cries of "Let him out," h Mr. Pringle and Mr. Jack Jones o raise the question of privilege, Speaker said that this was not the riate time, and proceeded to read g's Speech.

compliments always paid to the and seconder of the Address are nes rather perfunctory; but both Brass- and Captain Margesson eserved those showered upon them

The former indeed, developed a ng vein of humour, and at once House in a good temper by re- g that he felt like a new boy on t day at school, but was sure that er boys—and girls (with a bow to ker)—would help him out.

e was no lack of assurance about amsay Macdonald. No one would upposed from his manner that he ly just re-entered the House after ears' exclusion. Almost at once he to attack the Government. First ted it with the disappearance of its t opinions, and amid cries from his colleagues of "rub it in," recalled more or less discreditable episodes s Parliamentary past.

REMIER'S SPEECH.

Prime Minister, rising at a quarter- , began by congratulating the eaker on his new position, and subtle touch this) praised Mr. for the "sporting spirit" he had. He dismissed Mr. Macdonald's cences with the remark that there little of Rip Van Winkle" about The important thing to-day was e British people were prepared to e present Irish policy every chance ess, and would regard its failure rror. He hoped that the necessary ills—which are to be taken as the siness next week—would be com- in time for the House to adjourn after December 6th.

UNISM IN THE FLESH.

eorge Lansbury spoke of the dread- l conditions prevailing among the classes, and when he sat down whold, the Communist member therwell, managed to catch the 's eye. There was no false about Mr. Newbold, and he ite unimpressed by his new dings. In a loud voice, accom- y vigorous gestures, he laid down to the Government and made no what he would do to it if it failed fy the demands of the working "If we do not get satisfaction," red, "we shall have to deal with Cromwell dealt with your pre- . There are plenty of precedents country for revolution." He was displeased with the stately es attending the opening of Par- and was referring to it as a ol show," involving a great waste , when he was pulled up by loud "Order."

Deputy-Speaker (Mr. Hope) in- the hon. member that he was out of order, whereupon Mr. agreed to withdraw the offending d proceeded to taunt the Govern- h reference to its programme of dy—a programme, he asserted, by its real masters, the great . Newbold did not believe uillity; neither did the next Mr. Scrymgeour the Prohibi- rictor of Dundee, whose one to the liquor question was when d the Government of drawing a its finances from the "pit of But Mr. Scrymgeour did not ny of the characteristics of a Unemployment formed the chief his maiden speech, and he im- he House by his earnestness and rstion of his remarks.

IRELAND'S FUTURE.

"THE TREATY A TERRIFIC EXPERIMENT."

MR. BONAR LAW'S HOPES.

"TO HAVE A FAIR TRIAL IN SPIRIT AND IN LETTER."

Following the reading of the King's Speech yesterday, there were some important references to the Irish question generally, and to the Irish Free State Constitution (which Parliament has been specially summoned to pass) in particular, in both the Lords and the Commons.

The case of Mr. Erskine Childers was brought up by Lieutenant-Commander Kenworthy, who desired the Imperial Government to use its influence to prevent a death sentence from being inflicted.

Next Monday the two Irish Bills will be introduced by the Government—the Irish Free State Constitution Bill and Irish Free State (Consequential Provisions) Bill, and these will be proceeded with on following days until disposed of.

The debate on the motion for the Address will be resumed, it is expected, next Thursday, when the Labour Party's amendment on Unemployment will be discussed, the division being taken on Friday afternoon. The Independent Liberals' amendment will probably be taken on the following Monday. To-day motions will be submitted by Mr. Bonar Law the effect of which will be to give the whole of the time of the House during the present session to the Government.

The Scottish Labour M.P.'s have decided to put down an amendment to the Address regretting that no mention was made of proposals for conferring Home Rule on Scotland.

SPEECHES IN BOTH HOUSES.

AN APPEAL FOR MR. CHILDERS MADE IN THE COMMONS.

The outstanding references to Ireland in yesterday's speeches are given below:—

LORDS.

LORD ERSKINE said that it was the earnest prayer and hope of all who had the welfare of the country at heart that before long Ireland would have a Government strong enough to suppress outrage and murder and protect the loyalists who had suffered so grievously in the past few years, and bring prosperity to that long-distracted country.

What had surprised him was the callous indifference of many people to Irish affairs.

LORD GREY assumed that the passage of the Irish Bill would be rendered as smooth as possible by every party in the House. He saw no hope in any further British interference. The future of Ireland lay in her own hands and in the two charters of liberty—the Peace Treaty and the rights given to Ulster.

MARQUIS OF SALISBURY said that with regard to Ireland they would do their utmost to make the new state of things successful. There were features in the situation which were satisfactory. There would be two bills—one to establish the Constitution and one to enact certain provisions which were necessary to adapt the Act of 1920 to the new state of things.

VISCOUNT BIRKENHEAD congratulated the Government on having, during the short time they had been in office, come to the conclusion, which Lord Salisbury had announced, that Mr. Cosgrave and his colleagues were men worthy of the trust and confidence of Parliament.

COMMONS.

MR. RAMSAY MACDONALD remarked that a magic transformation had taken place in the opinion of Mr. Bonar Law, whose past life had been summed up in the Irish controversy. He had been very inconsistent, but he was not so inconsistent as to say that the party he now led was a Unionist Party. He remembered Mr. Bonar Law threatening the country to civil war. (Loud cries of "Rub it in.") For forty years everything had been postponed for this controversy; and now he said, "We have been wrong all the time." (Cries of "No.") Now the Government asked the House to pass an Act which only a year ago they would have called separatism.

A SPEECH IN 1914 RECALLED.

The moral he wished to enforce was that there was a conventional fear that Parliament had been in too great a hurry, but whoever reads the history of our last forty years could come to only one conclusion—that the substantial danger was not too much haste, but too little haste. The Labour Party would go all it could to facilitate the Irish business.

He had memories he would like the right hon. gentleman now in charge of foreign affairs in the House (Mr. R. McNeill) to explain his behaviour in the House. On June 30th, 1914, Mr Bonar Law, referring to the Irish situation—he was quoting from Hansard—said:—

> What is the position, as my noble friend has pointed out. There is in Ulster a great army, admittedly a powerful army, thoroughly organised, and now completely armed. That army has been openly and avowedly formed for the express purpose of resisting by arms submission to a Dublin Parliament, which has been, and is, I suppose, to a certain extent, the professed policy of His Majesty's Government, and it, therefore, has been openly and avowedly formed for the express purpose of resisting by force the Government of the day in this country.
>
> Sir William Byles—With your acquiescence?
>
> Mr. Bonar Law—With my acquiescence. (Labour cheers and cries of "Bolshies.")

Continuing, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald said that when a loyal follower of the right hon. gentleman accused him after that of being in favour of some form of revolution, he felt it was one of the most deplorable examples of Satan reproving sin. (Hear, hear).

MR. BONAR LAW said:—Mr. Ramsay MacDonald has dwelt upon Ireland, and at the end of his speech he depicted me as an enfant terrible. The hon. member was always a good Parliamentarian, but there was a little about his speech which is so often found in the speeches of those who have been absent from the House for the time—a little of the Rip Van Winkle. (Laughter.) The hon gentleman held me up as a horrible example. In our country, temperance lecturers used to produce a gentleman who was not temperate as an awful example to their audiences. I am quite prepared that he should use me as the awful example to himself.

TIMES AND PEOPLE CHANGE.

I come to the question of Ireland in its broader aspects. The hon. member talked about our inconsistency. Times change and people change with them. I am quite sure we shall find party after party claiming that they alone ought to get all the credit if peace does come. The hon. gentleman has begun it to-night. He will not be allowed a monopoly.

There is no good speculating about what might have happened under other conditions. It is quite possible if the country had followed Mr. Gladstone in 1886 this terrible misfortune would have been cured a generation ago. (Hear, hear.) It is quite possible also that if Mr. Gladstone had never raised it, and it had never become a bone of contention between parties in this country, Ireland, like Scotland, might have been willing to accept for good or evil her position as a full partner. (Hear, hear.)

This session has been called for the express purpose of passing a bill to confirm the Irish Treaty. Whatever our views and responsibilities in regard to that Treaty may be, there is one thing that is not in doubt, as the elections have most conclusively shown, and that is that the British people are determined to give the Treaty a fair trial in spirit and in letter.

How is that to be done? I am quite sure that even those who were most bitterly opposed to it a year ago look forward with something like horror to its failure.

MR. LAW'S HOPES.

In the debate a year ago I pointed out that there was no cause for rejoicing in the fact that this Treaty had been signed. That it was a terrific experiment, and that no country with the demoralisation of all kinds that had existed in Ireland could get back easily to normal and stable conditions.

We find that that is so. But I said then—and it is the ground on which I supported the Treaty—that if the Irish Government which undertakes to carry out the Treaty is in earnest, takes its risks bravely, it has a possibility of an advantage which for seven hundred years we have never had—of having Irish public opinion behind it.

That is the thing on which I fix all my hopes now. I believe that the Provisional Government is doing that, and, though I am rather unwilling—and it is doubtful if it is wise to say anything expressing even sympathy with that Government, because they have got to settle it for themselves, and any word of sympathy from us may do harm—I may say that when the head of the Provisional Government, with two of his colleagues, came over at the time I undertook my present office, he said to me:—

> "I can give the British people this assurance—that, whatever happens to us, the Irish people is determined upon securing peace, and peace can only be secured by loyally carrying out the Treaty on both sides." (Cheers.)

I am sure that, so far as Great Britain is concerned, we shall do nothing to give any excuse for going back on the Treaty, and we not only say that we wish success, but—in the interests both of Ireland and of this country—from our hearts we wish it success.

IRISHMEN AND ENGLISHMEN NEVER ENEMIES.

We do so for this reason above all others. In my mind, Ireland has been the enemy of this country in spirit for I do not know how long, but Irishmen and Englishmen have never been enemies. (Cheers.)

We have had experience of that in this House, where, if anything, Irish members were better liked than the others. I certainly can never forget the last speech made by Captain Willie Redmond. (Hear, hear.) It gave me the feeling that there is really nothing radical to prevent the two countries, whose interests are the same, from living together as friends. (Cheers.)

As regards the business of the House, our intention is to continue the debate on the Address to-morrow, and on Monday we should begin with the first of two Irish Bills, and go on with them until they are concluded.

I cannot fix a date for the conclusion, but I almost hope it will be by Wednesday, when we may go on with the debate on the Address, and the amount of time required for it will be fairly considered by me to meet the wishes of the House.

As to the end of the session, we have at present very little business beyond the Irish Bills, but I have never seen a session where some little things did not turn up that are inevitable. I hope, with the goodwill of the House, we may rise not long after December 6.

MR. ASQUITH said that Mr. Bonar Law had brought back from his retirement what was much needed—a new watchword for the Unionist Party. (Laughter.)

Unionism is dead as a party, and something has got to take its place.

Mr. Asquith said that, with regard to Ireland, as one who for the last forty years had done what he could to find in self-government the real and only possible solution to a secular quarrel between the two countries, he had no ground for recriminations. Whatever happened, Ireland was now solely responsible for the conduct of her own affairs, and he had the strongest hope and confidence that the genius and national sense of the Irish people would carry them through their present and future troubles.

PLEA FOR MR. CHILDERS.

LIEUTENANT-COMMANDER KENWORTHY referred to the case of Mr. Erskine Childers, which he said was a painful matter to him. Some years ago he had his friendship. After serving in the Navy Childers joined the party of Sinn Fein in Ireland, and had recently been one of the leaders of the Republican rebellion in that country. He was now on trial for his life. He did not wish to say anything about the rights or wrongs of the tragical events occurring in Ireland, but Childers had been tried in secret, and was apparently going to be shot.

Lieutenant-Commander Kenworthy said that he would like to know whether, before the Irish Treaty was passed, the British Government had any jurisdiction over the case of Childers, and whether they could use their influence in the direction of clemency. It would be a wise policy on the part of the British Government to be generous, and try to save this man. Whatever might be said about him, he had been inspired by ideals as high as those of any member of that House.

Mr. Erskine Childers was an idealist, who had committed no crime of a sordid character, though he had committed grave acts of violence in pursuit of a policy which he considered best for his adopted country.

MR. TOM SHAW said that the Irish Treaty was obtained by the alternative of a British invasion of Ireland, and was not the free expression of the view of the Irish people.

MR. WEDGWOOD BENN expressed the hope that the Irish Government would extend mercy to the man under sentence of death, especially in regard to Mr. Erskine Childers.

THE ROYAL ACADEMY.

FIRST LADY MEMBER ELECTED.

At a general assembly of Academicians and Associates, held yesterday evening in London, Sir Bertram Mackennal, sculptor, was elected Royal Academician, and Mr. George W. Lambert, painter, and Mrs. Annie L. Swynnerton, painter, were elected Associates of the Royal Academy. Special interest attaches to the elections, in view of the fact that Mrs. Swynnerton is the first lady to be actually elected to the Royal Academy. There were two original women members on the formation of the Academy, in 1769, one being Angelica Kauffmann, who was proposed by Joshua Reynolds.

Sir Bertram Mackennal, the new R.A., and Mr. Lambert, the other Associate, are both Australians, and the first Colonists to be elected.

WIPING OUT THE DEFICIT.

FASCISTI'S FREE GIFT.

5,000,000,000 LIRE FOR ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
ROME, Thursday.

A colossal subscription, to donate five thousand million lire (£200,000,000 nominally) to the Italian Government, to cover the deficit in this year's Budget is to be collected by the Fascisti throughout Italy.

As well as money, it is proposed to collect jewellery and valuables of all kinds, especially gold.

The idea came simultaneously from many leaders throughout the country, so that it is impossible to decide who is the originator. The province of Piacenza has already begun collecting.

Premier Mussolini and Minister of the Treasury Tangorra have made appointments to meet the leaders of the movement in a few days, and are expected to give official approval.

The leaders maintain that while Italy is poor as a nation, its inhabitants are much richer than before the war.

They say that a million Italians are ready to give large amounts "for love of country, and as an expression of their faith in the present members of the Government."

TOO DRY FOR IRISH!

PROHIBITION KEEPS BRITONS OUT OF AMERICA.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
WASHINGTON, Thursday.

Another bloc is forming in the United States Senate—a "wet" bloc.

Congressmen are being polled in an endeavour to find out how each stands regarding prohibition, and if they will support an amendment to the Volstead Act to include the sale of light wines and beer.

The new programme calls for an effort to raise the limit of alcohol from one per cent. to two and seven-tenths per cent.

Supporters of the new movement point out that few Englishmen, Scotsmen, or Irishmen are migrating to the United States to-day.

"In place of these hardy Anglos, we are receiving Greeks, Italians, and members of other nations in as large numbers as the law allows.

"Practically no Englishmen, Irishmen, or Scotsmen have entered the United States since the passage of the Volstead Act, nor will enter it so long as this law is in effect. What we are drawing to-day are the dregs of European society—the *hoi-polloi* of the world."

KNEW THE WAY OUT.

IRISH PRISON-BREAKER IN FRANCE.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
PARIS, Thursday.

An Irishman named Joseph Duggan, who was serving a two years' sentence in Orleans Prison, has escaped in daring fashion.

He made a hole in the wall of his cell with the aid of an iron hook, jumped 22 feet into the courtyard, and then, breaking into a cellar, obtained tools with which he pierced the outer wall of the prison and got away.

Reuter adds that the outer wall faced a railway line, and it is believed that Duggan escaped in a passing train.

A description of Duggan, who is a small, fair man, has been telegraphed throughout France. He speaks no French.

A KING'S ESCAPE.

ATTEMPT TO WRECK A ROYAL TRAIN.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]
PARIS, Thursday.

A telegram from Bucharest reports an attempt to wreck a train in which the King of Rumania was returning from a hunting expedition.

The line was tampered with, but the train derailed in consequence was one which preceded the Royal special, and the latter accordingly escaped.

CLEMENCEAU'S CRITICS.

FRANCE IS ASKING TOO MUCH, IN U.S. VIEW.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
WASHINGTON, Thursday.

M. Clemenceau's speech in New York, blaming the United States for leaving the side of France, is meeting with severe criticism, including that of several Senators who formerly were in favour of the ratification of the Versailles Treaty.

Resentment is expressed at the French ex-Premier's request that America should accept new responsibilities in an attempt to restore Europe from its maladies, and his prediction of a new war with Germany, Russia, and Turkey is strongly condemned.

Senators Borah and Hitchcock are particularly outspoken.

The latter, in the Senate to-day, went so far as to question whether France really wants peace. She was, he said, demanding the impossible from Germany.

It is reported that M. Clemencean has been invited by Mr. Wilson to visit him in Washington.

LUCKY MARIE.

FRENCH SERVANT GIRL WINS £16,130.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
PARIS, Thursday.

Marie Didier, a domestic servant at Chavanges, near Troyes, has won a prize of a million francs (£16,130 on the present exchange) in a lottery, and arrived in Paris to-day to draw the money. She has held winning numbers in two previous lotteries.

DEATHS IN REFUGEE CAMPS.

180 BABIES IN ONE DAY.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
ATHENS, Thursday.

The death rate amongst children has reached an appalling figure in the refugee camps at Piræus. According to the figures published by the Near East Relief Organisation, 180 babies under one year of age died yesterday.

Dr. Mabel Elliott, Director of the American Woman's Hospitals Unit, declares that child mortality during the past fortnight is higher than recorded in any previous great refugee movement.

NO COVERED BUSES IN LONDON.

The police have decided against covered two-decker buses in London. The question has been discussed lately, and the L.G.O.C. stated they could produce such a vehicle if the public wanted it, and the authorities would license it.

The Secretary of the National Workmen's Council has recently written to the Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police asking if the old regulation which forbids any canopy or other superstructure on motor stage carriages would be removed.

In reply, the Commissioner says that it is regretted that the licensing authority is not prepared to accept the responsibility of licensing buses with covers over the top decks.

TRANQUILLITY AT LAUSANNE.

TURKS MORE REASONABLE.

PLAN FOR DIVISION OF THRACE.

DEMILITARISED ZONE TO MARK FRONTIER.

The first Commission of the Lausanne Conference, appointed to investigate territorial and military questions, and report to the next plenary session of the Conference, sat for three hours yesterday morning.

In the evening the following official *communiqué* regarding the proceedings was issued:—

"At this morning's sitting of the First Commission Ismet Pasha replied in detail to declarations and proposals made at the preceding sitting by various delegations.

"M. Venizelos replied to certain observations by Ismet Pasha, and the Commission decided to appoint a sub-commission to examine the various proposals with a view to establishing a demilitarised zone along the East Thracian frontier.

"The Sub-Commission will also examine the future *régime* of the railway and port of Dedeagatch with a view to securing for Bulgaria an economic outlet in the Ægean."

Reuter's Correspondent in Lausanne is informed that Ismet Pasha's statement dealt at length with the reasons why Turkey was pressing for the 1913 frontier (of Western Thrace). The proposal for the creation of a sub-commission was heartily welcomed. Each Power is to have two delegates on it.

The whole discussion is regarded as having been of a very satisfactory nature, and there was not even a ruffle over its calm surface.

M. Vorovski, who has arrived in Lausanne, reports officially that he will represent the Russian Government, and that he expects to take part in the discussion. He will be received by the Secretary-General of the Conference this (Thursday) afternoon, and expects to attend all Commission meetings bearing on Russia. M. Tchitcherin is expected here on Sunday.

M. Vorowski saw Ismet Pasha last night, and they exchanged promises of mutual support in accordance with the Treaty. In the meantime, the Russian delegation, which will eventually number about twenty persons, has opened a Press Bureau at the Savoy Hotel.

ALL PARTIES PLEASED.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS ZONE TO DIVIDE THRACE.

BY OUR DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENT.
LAUSANNE, Thursday.

Much to everyone's surprise this morning's discussions here were conducted in an atmosphere of tranquility that would have satisfied the utmost aspirations of the new British Prime Minister.

The Turks who last night were threatening a general indictment of what they called a packed tribunal from which their only friends, the Russians, are excluded, contented themselves after all with producing a series of military and ethnological arguments for a frontier line to the west of the Maritza, M. Venizelos responding with an array of reasons for preferring the 1915 line to the east of the river.

Finally, a Sub-Committee was appointed to work out a scheme for a demilitarised zone along the Eastern Thrace frontier and a special *régime* for the port of Dedeagatch and the railway connecting it with Bulgaria.

The Turkish proposal for a plebiscite of Western Thrace was not mentioned this morning, and it is assumed that Ismet Pasha has wisely dropped he has or has not is really immaterial, for every Power at the Conference has declared itself against any such expedient.

The general lines of the Thracian settlement are, therefore, clear. Eastern Thrace will be Turkish and Western Thrace Greek. Along the borders of the two will be a zone demilitarised, but not politically neutralised, of a depth still to be decided, with a trunk railway and the port of Dedeagatch placed under international control, probably the League of Nations.

Bulgaria will, therefore, get her economic access to the Aegean, but it is doubtful if anything less than full sovereignty over Dedeagatch will content her. Without that, she is unlikely to spend money in developing the port, particularly since there is considerable reason to believe that Greece proposes a little later to offer her superior facilities at Kavalla.

LORD CURZON'S DIPLOMACY.

There is now a sufficient basis for fairly assured judgments on certain features of the Conference. Lord Curzon has, undoubtedly, handled the situtaion extremely well. He has had surprisingly cordial interchanges with Signor Mussolini—I get this from the Italian side—and this morning I heard warm testimony from a distinguished French source as to his combined firmness and courtesy as chairman.

The very fact that he has to oppose the Turks resolutely on many points makes him the more anxious to smooth their path in non-essentials. Partly owing to his efforts, partly to other causes, the anxieties regarding possible Allied cleavages seem largely dispelled, for the moment at any rate.

Britain, France, and Italy are completely in line, and I hear that Signor Mussolini, in the course of his last visit to Ismet Pasha, gave him salutary advice on the wisdom of moderation. Difference of opinion will, doubtless, arise, and, probably enough, the Foreign Secretary will make mistakes, but so far we owe him a good deal.

TURKEY'S UNSELFISH CONCERN.

Ismet Pasha himself has been expanding a little to the journalists this afternoon, his most interesting observations being to the effect that Turkey still pressed for a Western Thrace plebiscite, since, although she did not covet the country herself, her heart bled at the thought of the inhabitants being placed under a rule possibly unwelcome to them; that the National pact claims regarding Mosul still stood, and that Turkey was entirely in favour of Bulgarian access to the Aegean.

The interview was marked by one blazing indiscretion on the part of another Kemalist delegate, who declared that Egypt was still a vassal of Turkey. The Egyptian journalists present took notes violently.

BARON SONNINO DEAD.

STAUNCH FRIEND OF THE ALLIES.

Reuter's Agency announces that Baron Sonnino died in Rome yesterday.

Sidney Sonnino, the son of a Jewish father and an English mother, played an important part in Italian politics for many years. He was Minister for Foreign Affairs in Signor Orlando's Government.

When the war broke out he spoke strongly against the Central Powers, and in a great measure it was due to his efforts that Italy joined the Allies. He was Italy's representative at the Conference which arranged the Treaty of London—a Treaty which afterwards was denounced by President Wilson.

Signor Orlando and Baron Sonnino headed the Italian delegation to the Peace Conference at Versailles, and it was there that their political careers came to an end. When the future of Fiume was under discussion President Wilson thought fit to issue an appeal to the Italian people, and as a protest against his action Signor Orlando and Baron Sonnino withdrew from the Conference.

The dissolution of the Italian Government followed, and Signor Giolitti was returned to power.

During the last few years Baron Sonnino was a keen critic of the foreign policies of Italy's rapidly changing Governments, and made frequent appeals for closer co-operation with France and Britain.

VETERINARY SURGEON'S DEATH.

Mr. T. D. Lambert, F.R.C.V.S., Store street, Dublin, died last night after a short illness.

DUBLIN'S NIGHT ALARMS.

INEFFECTIVE ATTACKS ON BARRACKS.

HEAVY FIRING BUT NO CASUALTIES.

At 9.35 last night what appeared to be a concerted attack was made on positions occupied by national troops in various parts of Dublin. Rifle, revolver, and machine gun fire continued spasmodically until midnight, but the casualties, so far as can be ascertained, are *nil*.

The difficulty of locating shots in a city was never more strikingly illustrated. The echoes reverberating through the streets caused the general public to think that the firing was in the same street with them, and there were frequent stampedes to cover in different thoroughfares.

In the centre of the city the heaviest firing was in the vicinity of the quays on the west side of O'Connell Bridge, but it seemed as if it was actually in Sackville street itself. It is said that there were some "snipers" on roof-tops in this street, but their objective was in the streets off Sackville street. A few shots which were fired in the vicinity of Dame street and College Green cleared that area for about a minute. Then the crowds recovered themselves and passed up and down "as if there was no such thing as a war on," as a newsboy put it.

Shortly after ten o'clock there was a very heavy burst of firing on the quays, several machine guns being used. This lasted, with varying intensity, until eleven o'clock, and caused considerable excitement among persons leaving the various places of entertainment.

In some cases the affrighted audiences rushed back into the theatre and waited for a lull in the firing. A large number of people from the Theatre Royal were compelled to wait at the top of Leinster Market, D'Olier street, for over half an hour. When the audience emerged from the opera "Aida" at the Gaiety, it found a brisk fusillade going on, apparently in St. Stephen's Green, and most of the people took cover hurriedly, yet, in the middle of all the excitement, the trams were passed up and down the streets as if all that was happening was a display of fireworks. Even when Sackville street was denuded of pedestrians it was bright and animated with the imperturbable trams.

TRAMCARS MAROONED.

Some shots cut the overhead wires on the Sandymount line and a number of trams were delayed on their last journey of the day. In D'Olier street and Great Brunswick street the cars stood with lights out and were being continually boarded by would-be passengers, who alighted disgustedly after waiting for twenty minutes or so. In the middle of a revival of the firing, the tramway repair lorry dashed through the danger zones and mended the damage, with the result that the derelict trams got going again at twenty-five minutes after midnight, but long before that the passengers had deserted them.

NEWSPAPER OFFICE ATTACKED.

The offices of the *Irish Independent*, in Middle Abbey street, came in for special attention. From the tower of Messrs. Bewley and Draper's premises, in Mary street, and from the roofs of houses in Jervis street, machine-gun and revolver fire was opened on the building at the Liffey street end of Abbey street. The attackers were evidently well acquainted with the "lay of the land," as they concentrated on the guard room occupied by national troops at the rear of the building.

The sandbags on the window sills of that room and the sandbags on the roof are riddled, and the walls of many rooms at that side of the building are pockmarked with bullets. The guard returned the fire.

The new *Independent* building, at the Sackville street end of Middle Abbey street, was attacked—from it is said by the soldiers on guard there—the tower of Messrs. Arnott's premises, in Henry street. In this case also a machine gun was used, and virtually all the windows at the rear of the new building, which is not yet completed, were shattered. The guard returned the fire, and the exchange of shots, as in the case of the other building, lasted for a considerable time. During the attack on these offices Middle Abbey street was impassable.

In addition to the attacks mentioned, bullets were continually whistling down the street from the direction of Sackville street, and it was said that snipers were ensconced on the roofs of premises commanding the thoroughfare.

Shortly after ten o'clock patrols of national troops arrived on the scene and patrolled Sackville street and the surrounding streets. Pedestrians were stopped and searched, but it is not known if any arrests were effected.

SHOTS AT ORIEL HOUSE.

At 10.30 a fierce attack was made upon Oriel House from Lincoln place, Merrion row, and from the roofs of buildings at the back of Oriel House. Machine guns, revolvers, and rifles were used in the attack, and similar weapons were used in replying. The exchange of shots lasted for one and a quarter hours. There were no casualties among the garrison in Oriel House, but considerable damage was done to the windows.

Beggars' Bush Barracks was sniped continually in the early part of the night, but there were no casualties. Wellington Barracks and Portobello were left alone.

The national Army post at King's Inns was attacked, but without result.

HOW IT BEGAN.

The outbreak seems to have started in an attack on the Vickers street post at 9.35 p.m. Shots were fired and two bombs were thrown, but exploded without causing any damage. The guard returned the fire and drove away the attackers.

A corporal and two privates who were going from the Four Courts Hotel post to the assistance of Vickers street encountered a man in Bridge street, and called upon him to halt. The man replied by drawing a revolver and firing three shots at the soldiers, none of which took effect. The soldiers fired at the man, but he dodged down a dark lane leading into Winetavern street, and they had to cease firing on account of the number of women and children who were in that street, with the result that the man escaped.

An attack, which the garrison say was the fiercest in their experience, was launched against the Four Courts Hotel post a few minutes after the attack in Vickers street. Machine guns posted in Skippers Alley took part in the attack, while fire from automatic pistols came from the Bridge street direction. Fire was directed against the post from both sides of the river, and the attack lasted from 9.40 until midnight. The troops replied vigorously. They sustained no casualties, but the windows of the building suffered severely.

McGRIGOR'S BANK.

QUESTIONS TO BE ASKED.

It is expected that questions will be addressed to the War Office in the House of Commons on Monday in regard to the McGrigor bank failure. A representative of the War Office, Colonel Walter Guinness, or Mr. Jackson, will, it is anticipated, make a full statement.

STANDING ALOOF.

U.S. LABOUR NOT TO ATTEND HAGUE CONFERENCE.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
WASHINGTON, Thursday.

The Executive Council of the American Federation of Labour has decided not to participate in the International Labour Conference against war at The Hague on December 10.

The principal reason is that the Council considers that attendance at the Conference will bind all in advance to support an international strike in the event of any war, regardless of whether such war was purely defensive. This latter support the Federation is unwilling to agree to.

The Federation also objects to an advance agreement on the question of the nationalisation of wealth.

TO-DAY'S LONDON PAPERS.

IRISH CONSTITUTION.

WHAT IRELAND EXPECTS.

"THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY SAYS:—

Recent events have shown that it is all-important for the Irish Parliament to have complete legislative powers at the earliest possible moment. For that, if for no other reason, all parties are agreed that the policy of the Treaty must be upheld, and that if it is to operate for the salvation of Ireland, it must be given every chance. The condition of affairs in Ireland is still extremely grave, but there is no doubt that the Irish Government are in deadly earnest in their efforts to restore order. Their difficulties are, unfortunately, aggravated by the limited nature of their resources, and by the doubtful quality of the new forces at their command. In their efforts to deal with these difficulties the criticism may be advanced that they have made the mistake of trying to impose order from above instead of trying to organise support for their authority from below. The strong arm of the law derives its chief strength from the force of public opinion.

If the Irish Government is to be really powerful, its power must be founded on the confidence and respect and will of the Irish people. In that lies its one hope of ultimate success. But that, after all, is primarily an Irish affair. The part of the people and the Parliament of this country is to see to it that the policy of the Treaty is given a trial as soon as possible. It is agreed on all hands that no other policy is possible. The Constitution, says our Dublin Correspondent, is Ireland's last chance of peace. No sensible Irishmen suppose, he tells us, that the Imperial Parliament will leave the draft Constitution wholly unaltered. Some matters, such, for instance, as the right of appeal to the Privy Council, may, it is felt, have been overlooked; but what they do hope and expect is that the Imperial Parliament will deal with the Constitution as a perfectly honest attempt to make the Treaty the permanent basis of the future Government of Southern Ireland.

GERMAN BANDITS

HOLD UP TRAIN.

On Wednesday night an attack was made on a goods train outside Kalk, a suburb of Cologne, by armed bandits, telegraphs *The Times* Correspondent at Cologne. They had concealed themselves in a cottage overlooking a viaduct, and opened fire on the approach of the slowly-moving train. The engine came to a stand-still, but Kalk Station was informed by signals of the attack, and a special railway police detachment hurried to the scene.

In the ensuing free fight the advantage remained with the better armed bandits, who got away with a quantity of plunder, only part of which was recovered during the pursuit. One policeman was severely injured. No arrests have yet been made.

THE MISSES MACSWINEY.

MISS ANNIE REMOVED FROM MOUNTJOY.

Miss Mary MacSwiney, M.P., has now been 20 days on hunger strike in Mountjoy Prison. Miss Annie MacSwiney continued her hunger-strike yesterday as a protest against being refused admission to see her sister.

At 7.30 last evening Miss Anne MacSwiney, who has been outside Mountjoy Jail gate since Friday last, and is reported to have been fasting for that period as a protest against being refused permission to see her sister in prison, was ordered, it is said, away from the jail gates by the authorities.

She was taken by her friends to a private nursing home at 62 Eccles street, where she was seen by two doctors. She persisted in her refusal to take food, but consented to take a glass of water.

The Military Governor of the jail says he knows nothing of Miss MacSwiney's removal.

MISS MARY MACSWINEY'S CONDITION.

We have received a statement from Mountjoy Prison, in the course of which the writers—Misses L. Brennan, Cecilia Gallagher, and Brigid Ni Maolain—say:—

"We, Miss MacSwiney's only attendants, have carefully noted and compared our observations, and wish to record them with all possible accuracy, avoiding exaggeration. For the first fourteen or fifteen days her vitality seemed remarkable. She conversed, read, and wrote letters at intervals, and, though each day her voice and movements grew fainter, and the periods for which she could exert herself shorter, and the exhaustion which followed more distressing, her mind was alert, cheerful, and at peace. Since Saturday her agitation about her sister has produced a marked and rapid change, especially observable at night, when the suffering, so bravely concealed all day, is betrayed by pitiful moaning and exclamations uttered in sleep, and by restlessness in the long hours while she is awake. Her temperature is constantly subnormal; her pulse is very weak now, and has fallen in the last couple of days as low as 63. We can see that she is struggling against extreme weariness, and that anxiety for her sister is a consuming obsession."

MISS ANNIE MACSWINEY.

We have received a letter from Miss Annie MacSwiney, written "outside Mountjoy," in which she protests once more against her continued exclusion from her sister's side. She demands from the Provisional Government "as good treatment as we got at Brixton," and says that she wishes to settle family affairs with her sister before the latter becomes too weak to see her. She herself has been fasting since last Friday afternoon.

In regard to the sermon of the Roman Catholic Bishop of Cork, which appeared in yesterday's *Irish Times*, Miss MacSwiney writes:—"His statement that my sister was refused the Sacraments because she was hunger-striking is incorrect. On her arrest she was interviewed by two priests, who questioned her on her attitude to the Bishops' Pastoral. She insisted on the impossibility of the oath, and it was because she would not take an oath not meant to be kept that she was refused the Sacraments. My sister, however, received the Sacraments yesterday, and was given Extreme Unction."

CORK'S APPEAL.

At a meeting of the Cork County Council Finance Committee, a demand was made for the release of Miss Mary MacSwiney.

Mr. O'Cuill, who moved that they should strongly urge the Government immediately to release Miss MacSwiney, said that he did so as a

JUDGMENT IN CHILDERS CASE.

Continued from Page 5, Column 7.

heard at four o'clock last Monday. I mention this early incident in the case because it illustrates the right of every subject who has been incarcerated to apply for a writ of *habeas corpus*, and it bears further testimony to the zeal of counsel and solicitors engaged in the case.

Now I will approach this case on the assumption that the existence of a state of war is traversed, because I do not think that it has been admitted, although it was difficult to deny it. But the evidence in proof is overwhelming. An affidavit was filed on behalf of the Provisional Government showing the appalling condition to which the country had been brought—so appalling as to present a picture which might very well apply to the seat of the Great War. But if there was no affidavit at all, I would be bound to take judicial notice of the fact that for months this country has been enduring a state of war.

NOBLE BUILDINGS RUINED.

I am sitting here in this temporary makeshift of a court! Why? Because one of the noblest buildings in the country, which was erected for the accommodation of the King's Courts, and was the home of Justice for more than a hundred years, is now a mass of crumbling ruins, the work of revolutionaries, who proclaimed themselves soldiers of the Irish Republic. I know also that the Public Record Office, a building that might well have been spared even by the most extreme of irreconcilables, has been reduced to ashes, with its treasures, which can never be replaced. I know also that railways have been torn up, railway stations destroyed, the noblest mansions in the country burned down, roadways made impassable, bridges blown up, and life and property taken in almost every county in Southern Ireland. If this is not a state of war I should like to know what is.

Now this is the condition of affairs which confronts me when I come to deal with this case. And I have first to ask myself, is this state of things to be allowed to continue, and on whom devolves the duty of re-establishing peace and order, and saving the country from utter destruction. Plainly this duty falls on the Government, no matter what that Government may be—whether merely provisional or finally constituted. Whatever character it bears, the salvation of the country depends upon it. The Government is for the time being in a state of transition. We have what is called a Provisional Government pending the completion of the Constitution of the Irish Free State. But, although the Government is only provisional, it has been formally and legally set up, and its authority cannot be questioned. It derives its validity from the Treaty between Great Britain and Ireland and the Act of Parliament confirming it. The first Section of that Act declares that it should have the force of law as from the date of the passing of the Act—namely, 31st March, 1922. The Provisional Government is now *de jure*, as well as *de facto*, the ruling authority, and it is formed to administer the law, to preserve the peace, and to repress force by force; if necessary, all persons who seek by violence to overthrow it.

THE GOVERNMENT'S RIGHT.

These duties carry with them the right to organise an army for the protection of the people in any case of emergency. It is a right inherent in any Government. No Government can exist unless there is some physical force behind it. This gets rid of the technical point made by Mr. Comyn, and urged by Mr. Magnier, against the validity of the resolution passed by the Dail, which is the Irish House of Parliament. It was contended that it had no legal force and effect, because it was not a Statute. But, independently of any Statute, the Executive Government is bound to protect the subjects of the State from aggression. The present unhappy state of affairs has been brought about by the party which has raised an insurrection against the Provisional Government, as constituted by law. This party has raised an army, called the Irish Republican Army, and by means of it they are seeking to overthrow the existing Government, and to replace it by an Irish Republic. The result has been the reduction of the country to a state of chaos. For the purpose of suppressing this rebellion and restoring order, the Provisional Government has been obliged to employ an army. Force must be met by force, and violence by violence, and once the army is set in motion, once a state of war has been established, the rough and ready methods of warfare must be adopted, and must take the place of the precise and orderly methods of civil government.

The ordinary law is silenced by the sound of the bomb and the pistol shot. *Inter arma silent leges* is a maxim more than two thousand years old, and has come down to us from the Romans. *Salus populi suprema lex* must be the guiding principle when the civil law has failed. Force thus becomes the only remedy, and those to whom the task is committed must be the sole judges as to how it should be exercised. Erskine Childers, on whose behalf the writ of *habeas corpus* is asked, comes into court proclaiming himself to be a soldier of the Irish Republic. He maintains that this is the only lawful authority. He was captured by members of the Army of the Provisional Government with a revolver in his possession, and he is now in custody. He has been tried and convicted by a tribunal which is not a court of justice, but, apparently, no sentence has yet been pronounced. He escapes the authority of the tribunal and comes to this civil court for protection, and the answer of the Court must be that its jurisdiction is ousted by the state of war which he himself has helped to produce.

CIVIL COURTS AND WAR.

However doubtful the law may have been in the past, it is now clearly established that once a state of war arises the civil courts have no jurisdiction over the acts of the military during the continuance of hostilities. That matter has been so recently and so frequently discussed that I do not consider it necessary to do more than refer to Marais's, Tilonko's and Allan's case, the latter being a judgment of the Court of King's Bench in this country. Reliance was placed on my own decision in Egan's case, and that turned entirely on the effect of the Restoration of Order in Ireland Act, 1920, which, as I held, although I was alone in my opinion, controlled the action of the military authority. But that Act has no application to the circumstances of the present case. It applied only to the British Army as constituted and regulated by the Army Act. This can be easily seen by reference to Section 1, Sub-section 2, Clause B, of the Restoration of Order Act, which provides that a court-martial authorised by the Army Act shall include a member nominated by the Lord Lieutenant or by the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, or by the Lord Chief Justice of England. The Lord Chief Justice of England has no authority or jurisdiction in this country. That shows of itself that the Restoration of Order Act is not adaptable to this country. It could, no doubt, have been made adaptable by special legislation, but the Act as it now stands is clearly inapplicable to the state of affairs as they exist here.

I must hold, therefore, that the case of Egan v. Macready does not rule the present case, and, therefore, I am thrown back on the general law, which, as I said, has been placed beyond doubt by the decision of most eminent Judges in England. The further point has been made that so long as the civil courts are open their jurisdiction cannot be invaded by military tribunals, and it was urged that the courts were open in this country, notwithstanding that state of war, as is proved by the very fact that I am now sitting in open court and adjudicating in the present matter. Now, if the courts were open and freely functioning as in times of peace that would go largely to show that there was not really a state of war. But how is the Supreme Court functioning now? Only under difficulties which, were it not for the courage and devotion to duty of its officers, would have been almost insurmountable. Could the Court be said to be freely functioning when it requires the protection of a military guard, when the circuits of the Judges were interfered with, and when some County Court Judges dare not enter their districts. I would like to know what would be the display of military force that would be required if Erskine Childers or any other prominent member of the Irish Republican Army were brought to trial in Green street. The truth is that the Courts are just struggling for combined existence in the state of war; they are not functioning as in times of peace. I am, therefore, bound to refuse the application for a writ of *habeas corpus*.

EIGHT OTHER MEN.

Mr. Lynch then made his application on behalf of the eight men whose names had not been disclosed.

The Master of the Rolls said that he thought that, according to precedent, the writ of *habeas corpus* was directed to only one person. They could not include several persons in one writ.

Mr. Lynch said that the application would have to be made on behalf of one, and he would read the notice of motion in that form.

The Master of the Rolls—Does not it plainly appear that, if my judgment in Erskine Childers's case is right, I have absolutely no jurisdiction?

Mr. Lynch—The case is somewhat different, in this respect—these men are undoubtedly in the custody of the military authorities——

The Master of the Rolls—Whether they are or not, is not my jurisdiction ousted by the state of war?

Mr. Lynch submitted that he was entitled to ask the military authorities by what authority they held "A" and "B" or "C" and "D," and that it was repugnant to justice, and an abuse of the law on the part of any authority, military or otherwise, to deny to a person, whether he was a solicitor or a member of the public, the names of one or two or eight specific persons in their custody, and to refuse to state what they were charged with, where they were, and why they should not be produced to that Court for the Court to examine the legal reasons for their detention. He thought that it was without precedent that such a course of action was ever resorted to. There was no precedent for such action. Surely it was within the jurisdiction of that Court, no matter what the rights of the military might be in a state of war, to ask if they had the body of "A" or "B" or "C" or "D," and, if so, where they had him, and why they held him. That was the meaning of the application.

The Master of the Rolls—It would come to this—that, if there was a battle in the ordinary way and the Free State forces took, say, one thousand prisoners, you would be entitled to come to this Court and demand the names of these thousand prisoners.

SPECIFIC CASES.

Mr. Lynch said that he would not say that. He was dealing with specific cases.

The Master of the Rolls—A thousand people are just as specific as eight.

Mr. Lynch said that if there was a battle and the Free State forces took a thousand prisoners, he would not come to that Court and ask the names of the thousand prisoners, because he could appreciate that, according to his lordship's decision just now, the application would be futile; but if there was a state of war in any part of the country, and if anyone was taken and detained by the military, surely one was entitled to come to the Court and ask that the military should be asked to state why they detained that prisoner. These men had been detained, and he must complain of the fact that while this application was pending in that court, and before it was heard, that had occurred in this case had been made use of by the Government for the purpose of propaganda.

The Master of the Rolls—I do not know anything about that.

Mr. Lynch said that he complained of a publication by the Government, in that day's papers, in which the Government referred to the regulation under which they purported to try people in the military courts. There was a vital omission from that publication, and that was that the names of the tribunal were not disclosed. The suggestion in that publication was that people may be tried in a legal manner, but there was an omission of the regulation that withheld the names of the tribunal trying them. The suggestion was that they had a right to challenge people, and they had a right to get their names, but that regulation had been over-ruled, disregarded, and withdrawn, and that fact was omitted from the publication. He complained—he did not care by whom it was done—that when an application of that sort was before the Court the proceedings should be made use of for the purpose of propaganda. None of the advocates there would be capable of doing it. It was contrary to every idea of justice and liberty.

PRESUMED SURVIVORS.

Mr. Comyn, K.C., said that the application for a conditional order in that case of the eight men was first, in point of time, to the application on behalf of Mr. Erskine Childers, but Mr. Childers allowed them to use his name, because his name was known, in order that they might have an investigation of the circumstances under which eight survivors of the twelve men mentioned in the Dail debate had been detained. In the case of four of the twelve men the authorities published obituary notices, and that was the only evidence they had that these men were ever tried. In the case of the eight men they presumed that they were survivors, because there had been no publication by the Government of any notice of their death. Under these circumstances he submitted that they were entitled to know where these men were detained, or if they had been tried under the identical circumstances which applied in the case of Mr. Erskine Childers. The Executive may have tried these eight men by a properly constituted court-martial. The men might, for all he knew, be in the custody of His Majesty's Army in the Phœnix Park. They did not know their names; they did not know where they were.

If they were within the jurisdiction of the Court, and were available, they ought to be produced. When the names of these men were refused; when the place of their detention was refused; when the nature of the charge against them was refused, he was entitled to say that these were eight citizens who might be in the Park, in a region where there was peace, and consequently where his lordship's order could go, and ought to go. There was no precedent in Great Britain or Ireland, or in any country where liberty was known, for the refusal of the Government to give the names of men, when the information was sought in the interests of liberty. There was no precedent for the conduct of the Executive in this case, consequently he could not point to any legal decision which would guide his lordship as to what ought to be done in this case. He contended that the decision in Mr. Erskine Childers's case did not bind them in the present case. They could not say that the decision in Mr. Erskine Childers's case ruled this case until they knew the names of these men and who they were.

MR. CHILDERS'S ASSOCIATES.

Mr. Kennedy, K.C., said that these men, according to the affidavit to which Mr. Comyn referred, were persons who were charged with being in possession, without authority, of rifles, revolvers, and ammunition, and were taken in connection with these troubles, and were Mr. Childers's associates.

The Master of the Rolls said that his judgment in the case of Mr. Erskine Childers ruled all these cases. He held that he had no jurisdiction, owing to the state of war. That meant that he could not, for any purpose, or under any circumstances, control the military authorities. It was alleged that the military authorities were acting harshly, unjustly, and contrary to law. If he had jurisdiction he would investigate that matter, but, suffice it to say, that at present he had no jurisdiction. The jurisdiction of the Court was in suspense. That ended the matter.

Mr. Lynch formally asked his lordship for a stay of execution.

The Master of the Rolls—What do you mean by a stay of execution? A stay of execution of the order refusing the motion?

Mr. Lynch—For an order suspending the execution.

The Master of the Rolls—The order suspending execution is now spent.

Mr Lynch formally asked his lordship to rule on it.

The Master of the Rolls—I cannot do it. That again depends upon the view I have expressed that I have no jurisdiction. It is a very sad case, and I hope that this Court will not have any more of these cases. I hope that the state of affairs that has produced the case of Mr. Erskine Childers and others will soon disappear.

It is understood that notice of appeal in Mr. Childers's case was served yesterday.

Mr. Lynch, K.C.; Mr. Comyn, K.C., and Mr. Conor Maguire (instructed by Mr. Sean O h Uadhaigh) appeared for Mr. Childers.

Mr. Kennedy, K.C.; Mr. T. Sullivan, K.C., and Mr. John O'Byrne (instructed by Mr. Corrigan, State Solicitor) appeared for the respondents, the Free State Army Council.

THEFT OF BARBED WIRE.

At 5.30 o'clock last evening seven armed men entered the premises of Messrs. Thomas W. Ward, Ltd., iron, steel and machinery merchants, 5 and 6 City quay, Dublin, "held up" the staff, and took away fourteen coils of barbed wire, which they placed in a waiting motor lorry.

PORT AND DOCKS BOARD CLERKSHIPS.

OUR SUCCESSES, April, 1922.—Messrs. W. J. Murphy and A. T. Pelsherbridge, Sept., 1921—Messrs. P. J. Murphy (FIRST PLACE) and R. A. Morrison.—McGUIRE'S COLLEGE, Seckville st., Dublin.—(Advt.)

IRISH CATTLE TRADE.

BRITAIN'S HARASSING RESTRICTIONS.

A VIGOROUS PROTEST.

A meeting, to which representatives of all cattle trade associations were urgently invited, was held yesterday in the Mansion House, Dublin. The attendance was representative of the industry in this country and in Great Britain.

Alderman Byrne welcomed the delegates on behalf of the Lord Mayor.

Mr. George Lennon (Co. Meath), Chairman of the Irish Cattle Traders' and Stock Owners' Association, who presided, said that they were there to try to induce the British Government to do away with the harassing restrictions from which their trade had been suffering for the last eighteen months. The holding up of their cattle was most unreasonable, especially when they took into account the fact that they had had no foot-and-mouth disease in this country for nearly two years, and then the cases were only suspected cases.

They maintained that they should have every facility of access to England and Scotland with their fat and store cattle, as they had before the war.

He believed that if the English and Scottish people realised that these restrictions added one penny per pound to the price of beef they would assist in the removal of this quarantine period, which resulted in a reduction of half a hundredweight in every arrival. He hoped that every trader would express his views in a strong manner, and try to induce the British Government to allow their cattle the free access they had before the war. (Applause.)

MINISTER'S LETTER.

Mr. MacAvin, Secretary, read the following letter from Mr. Hogan, Minister of Agriculture, under date of 22nd inst.:—

"In view of the meeting of your Association in the Mansion House to-morrow to discuss the question of the six-days after-market regulation with regard to Irish cattle in Great Britain, I wish to let you know how that matter has been officially dealt with by the Ministry.

"You are already aware, I think, that we intervened at an early stage of the regulations, and succeeded in having the detention period reduced from thirteen days to six, and in having the limitation of markets removed. Further than that the British Ministry would not go at the time, and although I took the matter strongly up with Sir Arthur Boscawen in connection with admitting Canadian cattle, and although the Secretary and the Assistant Secretary, when in London in reference to that question, made strenuous personal exertions to secure a revision of the Ministry's decision, our efforts were attended with no success.

"When the present British Government came into power, however, I wrote the new Minister for Agriculture, Sir Robert Sanders, on the whole subject, strongly emphasising the necessity in the interests of his own country and this, of a long quarantine for Canadian imports, and pointing out that the six days' detention for Irish cattle was not only unjustifiable as a measure of precaution against disease, but constituted so serious a handicap in the competition with Canadian stores that the results of continuing it must inevitably prove harmful in a very pronounced degree to agriculture in both countries.

"I regret to say that the new Minister has, so far, shown himself no more amenable than his predecessor.

CANADIAN STORES.

"With regard to Canadian imports, he has been quite explicit in defending the attitude of Sir Arthur Boscawen. Sir Arthur Boscawen, he says, 'was bound to recognise that a decisive verdict had been given by Parliament in opposition to the views which the Ministry of Agriculture had consistently maintained on the subject, and consequently that further opposition to the principle would be fruitless.

"'In these circumstances, Sir Arthur came to the conclusion that while he would endeavour to secure such safeguards as would prevent the risk of the introduction of disease and the contamination or impurity of the blood of home-bred stock, he was not entitled to press for such restrictions as would render impossible the importation of Canadian cattle into Great Britain, or as would constitute a measure of economic protection for the breeding industry. To adopt such a course would have been to defeat the intentions of Parliament, and would have been inconsistent with the reputation of the British Government for fair dealings in its relations with the Dominion of Canada.

"'The agreement which has been reached with the representatives of Canada contains, in Sir Arthur Boscawen's opinion, adequate safeguards against the risk of the introduction of diseases, and for preserving the purity of the blood of home-bred stock, and he is satisfied that the terms of the agreement represent the best bargain that could have been made with the Dominion Government consistent with the intentions of Parliament.'

"Although expressing his own concurrence and his intention of proceeding with a view to the introduction of the necessary bill into Parliament, he observes that the agreement with the Canadian representatives cannot now be varied, and is bound to be embodied in that bill.

"'The six days' detention for Irish cattle is, however, an entirely different matter, and I have been careful to stress the point that there can be no reason why a change of policy as regards Canada should affect the relations between Great Britain and Ireland in a matter of such vital consequence to this country.

JUSTICE AND EXPEDIENCY.

"It is but right and fair that the experiment of receiving cattle from the overseas Dominions should be carried out under conditions erring, if at all, on the side of stringency, but every consideration of justice and expediency demands that Ireland, which is the natural and least precarious source of British supplies, and a depression of whose agricultural industry must react harmfully on British agriculture, should be considered in the future, as she has been in the past, as occupying in regard to the cattle trade an entirely different position from that of any of the overseas Dominions.

"The six days' detention is, however, defended as a measure for preventing, not the introduction, but the spread of disease, and as necessary, not only in the case of Irish cattle, but in the case of Canadian cattle also, and there for the moment the matter rests.

"But in the meantime I have given the subject very careful thought, and am satisfied that the position taken up by the British Ministry of Agriculture is far from impregnable. I am, however, awaiting the result of your meeting before taking further action."

Mr. W. Field proposed:—

"That this meeting of the cattle trade of Ireland strongly protests against the exceptional disadvantage now enforced upon our live stock by the imposition of harassing restrictions penalising Irish cattle movements, having regard to the fact that Ireland holds the cleanest bill of animal health in Europe, being for a long period free from any outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease; and it, therefore, calls upon the Ministry of Agriculture, Whitehall, for an immediate discontinuance of the existing unreasonable regulations, which involve injury and loss to the producer and consumer."

Mr. Hutchinson, Fishburn, seconded the motion.

SCOTTISH VIEW.

Mr. Sheridan, of Glasgow, said that the policy of the British Government had been a policy of shilly-shally from start to finish. The six-day detention was unsatisfactory, as it was unworkable, and, if it continued, many members of the cattle trade would have to give up their occupation, as they had been losing thousands of pounds.

Mr. J. Leonard (Dublin) said that he had no faith in an appeal to Whitehall, because the latter did not care two pence about them, but they should look to the people of England and Scotland.

Mr. C. Crowley, Chairman, Cork Cattle Trade Association, assured the meeting of the support of the Cork trade in this effort to obtain fair play.

Mr. Green, of Belfast, assured those present that they would be only too willing to co-operate in Ulster in the fight for the removal of these restrictions.

Mr. David Barry, Chairman of the Dublin Port and Docks Board, said that there was one aspect of the case to which, he thought, very considerable importance should be attached. All through the Cissna War Great Britain would have been in a very awkward predicament if Ireland had not been full of cattle. (Hear, hear.)

They should concentrate upon that view, because without Ireland's cattle Great Britain would have lost the war.

Mr. Joseph O'Connor and Mr. P. McKenna, Co. Westmeath, also supported the resolution, which was passed unanimously.

A representative committee was appointed to further the objects of the meeting.

The attendance included—Messrs. Michael Caddy, David Barry, general manager, British and Irish Steampacket Co., Ltd. (Chairman, Dublin Port and Docks Board); Cornelius Crowley, Irish Cattle Trade Association, Cork; Hugh Cassidy, Chairman, Cattle Exporters' Association; John Lennon, ex-Chairman, Irish Cattle Traders' and Stock-owners' Association; L. C. Cuff, Chairman, Salesmasters' Association; John Cassidy, Glasgow; John Sheridan, do.; Joseph Dwyer, do.; Arthur Mullen, Belfast; W. Greene, Meirs; Hutchison Fishburne, Ballynahinch; J. H. Creswell, Belfast; W. E. Creswell, do.; Harry Hudson, do.; John Woods, Glasgow; John P. Cuff, Sligo; James Robb, Secretary, Scottish Branch Irish Cattle Traders' Association; Hamilton Cowser, Comber; Michael Cassidy, Ballyshannon; Joseph O'Connor, Naas; W. Coles, Dublin; Patrick M'Dermott, representing Derry Association; Mr. Tinker, Derry; Douglas L.O.M.; Patrick Carlin, James M'Kinstry, Patrick Cullen, James Hanlis, Ballaghgan; Patrick M'Kenna, Westmeath; Thomas L. Smyth, Donabate; Patrick Woods, Carrickmacross; Matthew Byrne, Leixlip; Vincent Smith, Drogheda; P. King-Tyres, Westport; Herbert Warren, Leonard Salesmaster; W. Flanagan, Patrick Molloy, Frank Warner, Secretary, Sales-masters' Association; John Bonner, Rathkeale; Lewis Walsh, Secretary, Dairy and Cowkeepers' Association; Thomas Lynch, Ardee; James Quinn, Belfast; Thomas Reilly, Leigh, Lancashire; Patrick M'Quaid, Charles O'Connor, Patrick Woods, Rathoath; Joseph Walsh, Maryborough; Patrick Garvey, and Frank M'Goorty.

BIBLE READINGS.

WORK OF DUBLIN SOCIETY.

The annual meeting of the International Bible Reading Association, Dublin District, was held in the Lecture Hall, Presbyterian Church, Adelaide road, Dublin, last night. The Rev. J. M. Alley presided.

The annual report said that 1922 had been a year of quiet endeavour on the part of the Committee to spread the benefits of the Association throughout Southern Ireland. Last year there were 78 branches, with 3,089 members. This year the numbers are—95 branches, with 3,839 members, an increase of 17 branches and 750 members.

The Rev. A. D. Henwood, Superintendent of the British and Foreign Bible Society, congratulated them on the progress achieved during the year. He always felt, he said, that where there was real keenness and prayer there was bound to be progress.

QUEENSTOWN RAID.

ELECTRIC PLANT SMASHED.

LAND MINE VICTIM DIES.

Armed men on Wednesday night or Thursday morning raided the Queenstown Electric Light and Power Station, breaking much of the machinery and doing such damage that the town may be deprived of light and power for a fortnight.

Private Conaty, who was wounded in the head during the ambush and mine explosion on the Louth border on Tuesday, died yesterday in the County Infirmary, Dundalk.

COUNTY CORK.

WANTON DAMAGE.

ELECTRIC POWER WORKS DESTROYED.

The Queenstown Electric Lighting and Power Station was broken into some time about midnight on Wednesday or in the early hours of Thursday, and the whole plant has been completely put out of action.

It is the usual practice to lock-up the works at 11 o'clock each night, the current being supplied from storage batteries.

Entering the station yesterday morning the chief engineer found that the main gate had been forced, and this arousing his suspicions, he inspected the engine room and found each of the four engines that work the generators very seriously damaged. The force pumps had been completely removed, the vital parts injured, and nearly all the copper oil tubes in the several engines completely severed. There was evidence, too, that two hammers had been used on the commutators, parts of which had been smashed in, and damaged beyond repair. Yesterday morning there was only a two hours' supply in the storage batteries, and it was utilised by a bread manufacturer to complete the bread that was in process of manufacture.

It is estimated that at least ten days will be required to put the plant in order again, and for that period most of the townspeople will be compelled to use lamps or candles.

The principal thoroughfares of the town, the business houses, with few exceptions, and many of the private residences use electricity as an illuminant, and the inconvenience caused by such senseless destruction will be very keenly felt. In addition, various industries—bread-making, engineering, repair shops, etc.—use electric current as power, and of necessity these will be forced to close down until electric power is restored.

The officers of the national forces visited the works this morning and are inquiring into the matter.

WEST CORK ARREST.

It was learned in Cork yesterday that troops from General Ennis's headquarters, Bandon, on Wednesday night searched a number of houses in the Upton district. Whilst so engaged they observed a spy and trap approaching in the direction in which the troops were operating. On the appearance of the troops the occupants of the vehicle—three in number—took to flight, making their way across the fields.

The troops refrained from firing, but at once effected an encircling movement across country. Despite the most strenuous efforts, however, the military party failed to get in touch with the fugitives. Still continuing their search, the troops were returning to the main road, and in a field discovered, concealed under a fence, Mr. Thomas Hales, who was in the act of destroying documents in his possession when arrested. He was taken to the Bandon headquarters and thence to Cork, where he remains imprisoned. Considerable importance is attached to the arrest of this West Cork leader and to the documents which have been found in his possession. He is a brother of Mr. Sean Hales, M.P., who is serving with the National forces.

Mr. Stephen Riordan, T.C., and Mr. Jeremiah Kelleher, T.C., have been arrested by the National forces in Cork.

COUNTY DONEGAL.

ROAD BRIDGE BLOWN UP.

A bridge on the Altidoo road, about three miles from Donegal, was blown up yesterday morning by armed men. The destruction causes great inconvenience to people coming to the town, and vehicular traffic is entirely prevented.

COUNTY LOUTH.

ANOTHER ROAD MINE VICTIM.

Yesterday morning Private Laurence Conaty, the driver of the Free State Crossley, which was mined and subsequently ambushed on the road between Carrickmacross and Dundalk on Tuesday afternoon, died in the County Infirmary at Dundalk. Following the explosion of the mine the Crossley was flung into a ditch, and Conaty was shot in the forehead. The other soldiers wounded on the same occasion are progressing favourably.

Throughout Wednesday night there was constant firing in Dundalk, and the national posts—particularly those at the County Jail (where all the prisoners taken in recent raids are kept) and the Big Bridge—were subjected to a heavy bombardment from rifles and revolver fire. In the western end of the town there was shooting for several hours, and many of the houses in Vincent avenue, Dublin street, and Demesne terrace bear testimony to the heavy nature of the attacks. No casualties are reported.

THE BOUNDARIES QUESTION.

CONFERENCE SETS UP COMMISSION.

APPOINTMENTS TO THE SENATE.

(BY OUR POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.)

The Conference, which has been sitting in Dublin for the past few days in connection with the boundaries question, has concluded its deliberations. It was representative of all sections of Nationalist opinion in Northern Ireland. Its Chairman was Mr. Sean Milroy, M.P., and other representatives were:—Professor McNeill, Minister of Education; Mr. Harbison, M.P. (Tyrone and Fermanagh); Mr. Kevin O'Sneil, Barrister-at-Law; Mr. George Murnaghan, solicitor, Omagh; Rev. Philip O'Doherty, Y.G., P.P., Omagh; Mr. J. D. Nugent, M.P., Armagh; Ven. Archdeacon Tierney, P.P., Enniskillen; Mr. Denis McCullogh, Alderman Harkin, Belfast; Mr. George Leeke, M.P., Derry; Mr. P. O'Neill, M.P., Down, and Alderman McCarron, Derry.

It was agreed to appoint a Committee of two representatives for every borough, urban, and district council in Northern Ireland; also twelve Parliamentary representatives of the Northern area, and twelve parish priests. A common policy was also agreed on in regard to the forthcoming Local Government elections. In reference to the boundary question, it was decided to assist the Provisional Government in the presentation of evidence, and a solicitor was appointed in each county to collect evidence on historical, economical, geographical, and religious grounds.

With the object of supporting the efforts made by the Conference of the North-Eastern Nationalist representatives, a bureau, under the egis of the Provisional Government, has been opened at 16 Kildare street, Dublin, where particulars regading the twenty-six county area are being formulated.

NOMINATIONS FOR THE SENATE.

The nominations for the elected members of the Senate are still being received, but the official list of nominations will not be announced until the close of the nominating period, which is stipulated by order of the Dail to be the first day on which the Free State Constitution comes into operation. Some names have already been mentioned, but they cannot be taken as authentic until the official list is published. Difficulty arises over the nominated and elected members. While the President is free to nominate thirty Senators, he has undertaken, in accordance with certain engagements entered into by the late President Griffith, to have regard to the claims of the Southern Unionists, and he has accordingly invited Chambers of Commerce, the learned professions, trades councils, and other bodies to submit names for his consideration.

It is not likely that he will publish his list before the election of Senators by the Dail, as it is possible that the names of those whom he may desire to nominate may be on the panel of the Dail. Nothing official regarding the nominations or the elections can, therefore, be published until the day after the coming into operation of the Free State Constitution—presumably the 7th December.

The advertisement published yesterday by the Provisional Government regarding the preparation of claims for compensation in respect of damage to, or destruction of, property inflicted since 11th July, 1921, draws attention to the fact that the pre-Truce claims, which are being dealt with by the Shaw Reparations Commission, are being disposed of very slowly. Announcements have already been published giving the amounts of awards so far made, but in comparison with the number of claims the number of awards is very small. There is a general feeling that the adjudications of the Commission should be expedited.

The question of housing grants is receiving the attention of the Government, and there is ground for hoping that the grant—somewhat on the lines of the Addison grant in England for private builders—will be given. In this connection the following letter has been addressed to Alderman Byrne, M.P., by the Ministry of Local Government:—

"With reference to your recent inquiry as to grants under the Housing (Additional Powers) Act, the whole position as regards State aid for housing is being considered as a preliminary to the preparation of the estimates for the financial year closing 1st April next. All existing powers as regards grants under the Housing (Additional Powers) Act have lapsed."

OPERA IN DUBLIN.

CARL ROSA'S "AIDA."

"House full" notices outside the Gaiety Theatre well before the opening hour of "Aida" last night showed how anxious is a Dublin audience to support less-hackneyed operas than those included in the average repertoire brought to Dublin. Verdi wrote "Aida" rather more than fifty years ago, and the Carl Rosa Company makes it as "alive" as when it was first played. The admirable reading and vocal interpretation of the score last night were eminently satisfactory, and the performance, as a whole, was one of the best that has been given by the company during this season. The scenery and dresses were excellent.

Miss Ethel Austen was an outstanding success among many successes. Her representation of the slave, Aida, was delightfully fresh, while she did full justice to the music. Miss Constance Willis gave a dramatic version of Amneris. It was a part that suited her talents to a degree, and in voice and manner she left little to be desired.

The Radames of Mr. Gwynne Davis was a finished performance. Mr. Joseph Griffin's High Priest was noteworthy. Mr. Aspden, as Amonasro, the King of Ethiopia, and Mr. Henry Hardy, as the King, maintained the high standard set by all the principals of the company.

The chorus and orchestra aided the spirited performance, and the conductor, Mr. Cuthbert Hawley, was called before the curtain at the close to receive, on behalf of his able musicians, quite an ovation.

To-night:—"La Traviata."

COMPENSATION CLAIMS.

Among the further claims for malicious injury and loss of property received by the Irish Provisional Government are the following:—

Edward Murphy, 17 Margaret street, Cork	£2,000
Allihies Copper Mines, Ltd., Bantry, Co. Cork	1,450
Anglo-American Oil Company	1,071
R. J. M. Sweeny, Claremorris	574
Mrs. Kate Healion, Belmullet, Co. Mayo	519
Kathleen Cartin, 11 St. Finnbar street, Cork	500
John Byrne, Drumcondra	500
P. Burke, The Hotel, Poulaphouca	500
Alesbury Brothers, Ltd.	350
D. F. McCarthy, 37 Anglesea road, Ballsbridge	300
M Carroll, Newmarket, Co. Cork	250
Percy Orpen Taylor, Knockanemore House, Co. Cork	200
Mrs. E. McHenry, Farmers' Home, Strabane	200
Mrs. Morris Abraham, 5 Cope street, Dublin	194
Queenstown Gas Company	180
A. J. Fennell, Dysart House, Youghal, Co. Cork	176
Mrs. Gough, Lough quay, Limerick	150

REPARATIONS DISCUSSIONS.

The Reparations Commission will hold an official session in Paris this afternoon. The question of deliveries of timber by Germany is included on the agenda. The Commission considers that the question of deliveries in kind cannot be dealt with separately, and that its solution can only be contemplated by a general settlement of the reparations question which ought to be considered at the Brussels Conference.

SKERRY'S SCHOOL.

10 Harcourt street, Dublin, provides Specialised Tuition in Shorthand, Typewriting, and Bookkeeping, etc. The most up-to-date Commercial School in Ireland. Shorthand Speed Classes to suit all rates. Proficient Students assisted to situations. 1,236 Certificates in Shorthand, Typewriting, and Bookkeeping obtained by Students of the School since January, 1919.—(Advt.)

PREMIER'S FIRM STAND.

WHY HE WILL NOT SEE UNEMPLOYED.

MEN DECIDE TO STAY IN LONDON.

Many of the unemployed watched the King's progress to the House of Lords yesterday, to open Parliament, but they were not organised, and at no spot did they make any attempt to assert themselves.

The men's leaders met in the afternoon, to decide on their future course of action. The men had met previously, but great secrecy was observed.

"You may take it as certain," said an official of the National Unemployed Committee to a reporter, "that the 2,000 men who came from the provinces will remain in London until their representatives have seen the Prime Minister. That is why they came to London, and they are not going to be deflected from their object."

Correspondence which was published yesterday evening, shows that following the interview with the Minister of Labour on Wednesday, Mr. P. Hayes, secretary of the National Unemployed Workers' Committee, wrote to the Prime Minister asking him to reconsider the position with a view to making arrangements for an interview. This, he said, the deputation, in view of the importance of the occasion had fully expected, and there was the additional point that the departmental Ministers had admitted they were powerless to make promises beyond reference of the points to the proper quarter, or to deal with some of the questions to be raised.

PREMIER'S REPLY.

On behalf of the Prime Minister the following reply was sent from 10 Downing street:—

"I am directed to acknowledge receipt of your letter of 22nd inst. The grounds on which you now base your request to see the Prime Minister are, that the Minister whom your deputation saw yesterday 'had no power to make any promises,' and that there were questions with which the Ministers present were not competent to deal.

"Had the Prime Minister received your deputation yesterday, he would, similarly, have been unable to pledge the Government without consulting his Cabinet. He wishes me to point out that orderly and prompt administration would become impossible if, on every occasion when a group of persons wishes to raise departmental questions, the responsible Ministers are ignored.

"Mr. Bonar Law, therefore, does not see his way to depart from his decision not to receive your deputation.

In a further letter under yesterday's date to the Prime Minister, Mr. Hayes suggests that his statement about orderly administration becoming impossible when departmental Ministers are ignored, is a very ill-advised one in view of the fact that one of the Ministers concerned is not present without a seat, and that any agreement possibly reached with him would have thereby been rendered null and void.

Mr. Hayes also suggests that the manner in which the unemployment problem has been dealt with up to now is not in the best interests of orderly administration, and that it is a most point to now whether those interests are being served.

"Nothing is," he adds, "to be gained by standing by a statement simply because it has been made, when reason points to the fact that the Prime Minister has no real grounds for refusing to see the deputation."

In conclusion, he repeats his request that Mr. Bonar Law shall receive the deputation as quickly as possible.

Mr. Hannington, organiser of the movement, announced last evening that a demonstration of protest against the Prime Minister's refusal would be held in Trafalgar square next Sunday.

WALK TO AVOID DEATH.

GIRLS DRUGGED WITH OPIUM.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

CARDIFF, Thursday.

The three girls who were found lying unconscious with a dead Chinaman in a Chinese laundry in Lower Cathedral road on Tuesday have now been identified as Florence Paul (aged 25), Gwendoline Paul (aged 23), and Rosetta Paul (aged 21). They are sisters.

Remarkable efforts have been made at the City Lodge Hospital to save the lives of these three girls. In order to counteract the deadly effects of the opium, it was necessary for the doctors to prevent the girls from going to sleep.

Although the girls were dazed, and hardly able to drag their limbs, they were kept walking and moving continuously. They were not even allowed to stand for a minute. Once a slumber came upon them the doctors knew that they would never wake again. To sleep meant death.

Ever since Tuesday all through the day and night relays of nurses have walked up and down the wards and the promenade holding the girls by the arm and shaking them to fight off the sleep.

The sisters, under the influence of the drug, stumbled along, still unable to think and to all intents and purposes unconscious. There was a possibility of their falling asleep as they walked along, and to avoid this they have been supplied with wet towels and pinched.

Their eyelids have been pulled open when they closed, and they have been shaken into wakefulness.

It was not until late last night that signs of returning consciousness were observed. They fell asleep the moment they were left to themselves, and a doctor told me at the hospital to-day that they would in all probability recover.

I understand that the three girls belong to a family of eight. For some time they lived in Ethel street, Cardiff, but recently they have travelled in other towns in England.

The Chinaman, who was a native of Canton, He had been in England 13 years, and managed a laundry in Lower Cathedral road. A number of Chinamen here deny that he was addicted to opium smoking, but it is stated that when the police entered the premises they were almost overcome by a sickly odour which resembled that of carnations.

CUNO'S PROGRAMME.

REPARATIONS: THE MARK: AND INCREASED PRODUCTION.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

BERLIN, Thursday.

Industrial influence predominates in the new Cabinet designed to steer the ship of State around the shoals of reparations and economic disaster, not only through official representation, but in the men who, without party affiliations, have industrial sympathies.

Herr Cuno to-morrow presents his list of appointments to the Reichstag, and will ask for a vote of confidence.

In his speech Herr

.S. MARKETS.

STOCKS CLOSED HEAVY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

NEW YORK, Thursday.

ks opened irregular, and weakened to lack of support, due to Congressional inty. There was selling of investment ds, which yielded 2 to 5 points, this partly attributed to compulsory liquida- Industrials and Specialities fell 1 to $ and National Lead Pref. declined 3 on the failure of the directors to de- special dividend, although the regular d on the Common stock has been in- In the late dealings the market ly rallied under covering and the easier rates, and closed heavy.

CLOSING PRICES.

Stocks.	Closing Bid Prices Wed	Thur	Business Done. H.	L.
anded	102⅛	102⅝	—	—
S New 4½ Loan	103	103	—	—
kich Pcp., Santa Fe	100	99⅝	—	—
Do Preference	91⅛	91⅝	—	—
Do 4½ Con. Bonds	101	101	—	—
Baltimore and Ohio	41⅝	41⅝	—	—
anadian Pacific	140⅝	140⅝	—	—
hesapeake Ohio Com.	66⅞	65⅞	—	—
ine Mil & St Paul	25⅛	24	—	—
hicago and N.-West.	83⅝	81⅞	—	—
Do Pref	121	120	—	—
ne ins Preferred	16⅛	16⅛	—	—
Do 4½ Gen Lien Bds	46	45⅛	—	—
reat Northern Pref.	84⅝	84	—	—
Illinois Central	107⅛	106⅞	—	—
Lehigh Valley	62⅜	62⅜	—	—
Louisville & Nashville	125	125½	—	—
Mo'ri Kan. & Texas	17*	16*	—	—
Do 2nd Mt 4½ Gd B	Nom.	Nom.	—	—
Missouri Pacific New	16	16	—	—
Nat. of Mexico 1st Pf.	8⅝	8⅛	—	—
Do 2nd Pref	2⅝	2⅝	—	—
N.Y. Cn., & Hudson R.	91⅞	90⅝	—	—
Norfolk & West Com.	115⅝	114⅞	—	—
Northern Pacific Com.	77	76	—	—
Ontario and Western	20⅝	20⅜	—	—
Pennsylvania Shares	46⅛	46⅝	—	—
Reading Shares	73⅝	73⅞	—	—
Do 1st Preferred	49⅛	49⅝	—	—
Do 4½ Mort Bonds	83⅜	83⅛	—	—
Southern Railway	22	21⅝	—	—
Southern Pacific	89	88⅝	—	—
Texas and Pacific	18⅛	18	—	—
Union Pacific	140⅝	139⅜	—	—
Do Pref	76⅝	75	—	—
Do 4½ Bonds	92	92	—	—
Wabash Common	8⅜	8⅛	—	—
Do Preferred A	25	24⅝	—	—
Am. Smelt. Refin. Com.	58⅝	58⅜	—	—
Anaconda Copper	48⅝	46⅝	—	—
Brit. Amer Tobacco	19⅝	19⅞	—	—
N.Y. Dns Gas	123⅝	124⅛	—	—
General Electric	175	172⅝	—	—
U.S. Steel Common	104⅜	103	—	—
Do 1st Preferred	121⅝	121	—	—
Do 2nd 5% Bonds	102	101⅝	—	—
Silver (Foreign Mined)	64⅛	64⅛	—	—
Do (U.S. Mined) Ref.	99⅛	99⅛	—	—
Inter M.M. Com Certs.	11⅝	11⅜	—	—
Do Pref'd Certs	45⅝	45	—	—
Royal Dutch Cy	51⅝	51⅝	—	—
Shell Transport	35⅝	35⅝	—	—
Mexican Petroleum	206	204	—	—
Pan American Pet.	81⅛	80⅝	—	—
General Motors	14⅞	14⅝	—	—
U.S. Rubber	48⅛	49⅝	—	—

Asked.	Rx div.	Rx bonus.	Rx rights.
	Wednesday.		Thursday
Money	5b. 5⅛a.		4b. 4⅛a.
n Ln. 60 days st.	4.47 12⅛		4.46 87½
n Ln Demand Bills	4.49 50		4.49 25
Transfers	4.49 75		4.49.50
Paris	7.77		7.11
Berlin	1/5		1/5
Mid., Upland	25.75		25.45
New Orleans, Mid	24.00		23.12
eed Oil, Spot			
Spot	9.87		9.87
eed Oil, yel Jan.	9.56		9.63
Refined, in cases	17.62		17.50
Standard White,	15.75		15.75
Philad., Stan. do	13.75		13.75
Pennsyl. Crude	3.00		3.00
of Turpentine	139		137
Savannah	Nominal.		—
Grade B	5.40		5.45
Grade F	5.25		5.25—5.27½
Prime Yellow	12.40		12.50
Midland Weste	12.00—12.10		12.15—12.22½
Extra	8½		8¼
New Onions	5.65		5.85
West. No 2 Mix	8¼		8¼
No 2 Hd. Wir	1.7		1.6
No 2 Red Winter	1.8		1.7
No 2 Mix Dm.	124		121½
Rio No. 7	10⅛		10⅜
Spring Clears.	5.75—6.25		5.75—6.25
No 2 Nor Fdry.	28.00—29.0		28.00—29.00
Straits	6.37⅛		36.12½
East St Louis	7.17½		7.02½
olytic Cop. spot	13¾—14.00		13¾—14
Dc. Futures, July	13¾—14.00		13¾—14
ht, Heavy Grain to			
kingdom, per bushl	3/0		3/0
ht, Heavy Grain to			
ntinent, per bushl	15		15
ht, Cost to Liver			
h density)	20		20
Stand (per 100lb)	35		35

PRODUCE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Thursday.

RTON opened steady at 8 to 13 points Dc. The closing was steady at 18 to 28 points Spot steady at 25 points rise. New Or'eans 12 points higher. Mids Gulen estimates the crop at 8,500,000 running bales. Receipts— ic 6,000, Gulf 25,000. Exports—Britain Dc, Continent 5,000. November, unquoted; mber, 26.35; January, 25.80; February, 25.40; , 25.45; April, 25.36; May, 25.32; June, July, 25.00; August, 24.40; September, October, 23.50.

RTON OIL firm; summer yellow spot unchd, January option 7 points higher.

TROLEUM steady.

NSAS CITY—Wheat easy, 1½c lower; No. 2 winter, 117½.

LOUIS—Wheat firm, 1c. up; No. 2 red r, 132½.

NNEAPOLIS—Wheat steady at ½c. advance; Northern spring, 123¾.

CHICAGO, Thursday.

EAT opened barely steady, ½c. down to unchanged, and had further, but less temporarily, the decline was resumed. The market closed at ½c. to 4c. decline. Spot easy. No. 2 hard r, 120½; No. 3 hard winter, nominal. December, 117½; May, 116½; July, 107¾.

RN opened barely steady and unchanged to lower, and went lower. The market closed steady, ½c. down to unchanged. No. 3 d, spot, 72½; December, 70½; May, 70½; July,

TS steady, ½c. lower to unchanged. December, 43½; May, 42¾; July, 39¾.

OVISIONS opened easy. Lard fell in sympathy wheat and on an increase in stocks of ribs; advanced on an improvement in the hog ket and shorts covering; but later a decline set in on lard and lack of buying orders. The market closed irregular, with lard 5 to 2½ s up and ribs 50 points cheaper. Lard— ary, 10.02½; March, 10.10½; May, 10.23¾, unquoted. Ribs—January, 9.45; May, 9.45. CON steady and unchanged. The receipts of at 15 principal Western centres, including ago, since November 1, total 2,358,000, against 1,000 for the same season last year.

GS steady and unchanged to 5 points up.

	Short Rib Sides.	HOGS. Light.	Heavy.
	Dry-salted Loose.		
y	7.50 12.00	7.60 7.75	7.60 7.90
day..	10.75 12.00	7.60 7.75	7.60 7.85

BLIN CHURCH CHOIRS.

ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL FESTIVAL.

e value of choir singing as an aid to egational worship was admirably exem- d by the various parish church choirs combined in rendering the special music ed for the Festival Service for Dublin chial choirs, which was held in St. ck's Cathedral last evening. The in- taken in the festival was proved by the attendance of the public.

combined choir, representing 400 s, were from the parishes of St. Stephen, n Strand, Drumcondra, Female Orphan e, Church of Ireland Training College, arnabas, St. Matthias, St. Kevin, St. rine, St. Victor, Zion, Harold's Cross, neux, Donnybrook, Stillorgan, Kil- n, Booterstown, Mariners', Kingstown, Chapelizod.

processional hymn, "Sweet is the day cred rest," was sung as the clergy and ced choirs walked to their places in the

The opening part of the Service was cted by the Rev. J. L. P. Atkinson, Dean's Vicar, the Confession, the s Prayer, and Apostles' Creed being in unison throughout. The proper was the 103rd, in which the combined were remarkably harmonious. The *ificat* and *Nunc Dimittis* were sung to e-Whitfield in E with great effect, and, the Apostles' Creed, which was led by ev. E. H. P. Campbell, M.A. (Succen- the anthem, "If ye love Me" (Stewart), beautifully rendered. The second n, "And the Glory of the Lord" iel), was also treated with a fine con- n of the spirit of the composition.

hymn during the collection was "God in a mysterious way," and the re- al hymn "To the God of our crea-

festival reflected high credit on Dr. e Hewson, who presided at the organ distinction. It was evident that the had taken great care during rehearsals, consequently achieved a very happy re-

FIRE AT PAPER MILLS.

10.45 o'clock last night the Rathmines Brigade received a call to Sir John e Paper Mills, Taylor's lane, Willbrook, rnham, and on arrival discovered that had broken out in the paper store and preading rapidly. They managed to the spread of the flames after a severe le, and succeeded in saving the paper- g machinery Damage to the extent of £5,000 was caused, but it is fully d by insurance.

outbreak was first noticed by a maid s in Sir John's residence, Newbrook Rathfarnham, who said that she saw t light in the mill. Lady Irwin and hn went to investigate, and discovered he building was ablaze.

SUNDAY'S FATAL SHOOTING IN SACKVILLE STREET.

RESUMED INQUEST.

CONFLICTING STORIES.

JURY AND PUBLIC MEETINGS.

Conflicting accounts concerning last Sunday's fatal shooting in Upper Sackville street, Dublin, were given yesterday at the adjourned inquest on Miss Lily Bennett, of Aughrim street.

The jury found that Lily Bennett died from a bullet wound inflicted by some person unknown, and recommended that public warning should be given when force was to be used to break up meetings.

Dr. Louis Byrne, City Coroner, conducted the inquiry.

Mr. McElligott, K.C., who appeared for the Lord Mayor and Corporation of Dublin, said that the matter to be investigated was of the utmost importance to every citizen of Dublin. It was his duty not to represent the interests of any political party. He was there on behalf of the Corporation to do all that in him lay to see that the truth was elicited, and to give all the assistance in his power, so that they should be able to reach a reasonable and fair conclusion as to how that deplorable affair occurred and who was to blame.

Mr. John O'Byrne (instructed by the Chief State Solicitor) appeared for the military authorities; Mr. James Comyn, Barrister-at-Law, for the Women Prisoners' Defence League; and Mr. P. Seales, solicitor, for the next-of-kin.

POLICE EVIDENCE.

THE MILITARY CARS.

A Metropolitan police sergeant, examined by Mr. O'Byrne, said that he was on duty in Sackville street on the occasion of the shooting. He estimated the number present at the meeting at between 1,200 and 1,500. Various people, including the Government, were denounced by the speakers, and references were made to the executions. It was said at the meeting that the executions would have the effect of increasing the number of revolvers in the country by tenfold. One of the speakers (a person named) advised all her listeners to get revolvers, even if they had to "pinch" them.

Questioned as to the movements of two military cars, witness said that he saw a tender moving from the Parnell Monument towards the meeting place. The car came and stopped at the outskirts of the crowd. The officer got out and moved towards where the speakers were. At that stage the crowd became very excited. Witness moved back out of the crowd and could not see what happened inside. Almost immediately afterwards he heard shots. The first shot, to the best of his belief, was a revolver shot, but it was not the only one he heard. Witness could not say where the revolver shots came from, as he did not see anybody fire. All the soldiers witness could see were sitting in the tender; he did not see them fire. When witness heard the revolver shots he moved back towards the St. John Ambulance station and saw an armoured car. He also heard a machine-gun and what he took to be rifle shots: these were discharged before he heard the machine-gun. Following the outburst of machine-gun fire there was considerable excitement, and the crowd dispersed. Witness said that two girls were wounded.

Replying to Mr. Comyn, witness said that he had seen several similar meetings organised by Mrs. MacBride, Mrs. Despard, and others, whom he pointed out in the court. They had been conducted quietly. Witness plainly saw the gentleman who jumped from the tender. He did not see the soldiers on the tender fire at all.

A military witness, in examination by Mr. O'Byrne, said that on Sunday last he was instructed to go on duty in Sackville street. He was informed by the Barrack Adjutant that there was a meeting in Sackville street, at 25.45: April, 25.36; May, 25.32; June, July, 25.00; August, 24.40; September, October, 23.50.

RTON OIL firm; summer yellow spot unchd, January option 7 points higher.

TROLEUM steady.

NSAS CITY—Wheat easy, 1½c lower; No. 2 winter, 117½.

LOUIS—Wheat firm, 1c. up; No. 2 red r, 132½.

NNEAPOLIS—Wheat steady at ½c. advance; Northern spring, 123¾.

CHICAGO, Thursday.

EAT opened barely steady, ½c. down to unchanged, and had further, but less temporarily, the decline was resumed. The market closed at ½c. to ¾c. decline. Spot easy. No. 2 hard r, 120½; No. 3 hard winter, nominal. December, 117½; May, 116½; July, 107¾.

RN opened barely steady and unchanged to lower, and went lower. The market closed steady, ½c. down to unchanged. No. 3 d, spot, 72½; December, 70½; May, 70½; July,

TS steady, ½c. lower to unchanged. December, 43½; May, 42¾; July, 39¾.

OVISIONS opened easy. Lard fell in sympathy wheat and on an increase in stocks of ribs; advanced on an improvement in the hog ket and shorts covering; but later a decline set in on lard and lack of buying orders. The market closed irregular, with lard 5 to 2½ s up and ribs 50 points cheaper. Lard— ary, 10.02½; March, 10.10½; May, 10.23¾, unquoted. Ribs—January, 9.45; May, 9.45. CON steady and unchanged. The receipts of at 15 principal Western centres, including ago, since November 1, total 2,358,000, against 1,000 for the same season last year.

GS steady and unchanged to 5 points up.

	Short Rib Sides.	HOGS. Light.	Heavy.
	Dry-salted Loose.		
y	7.50 12.00	7.60 7.75	7.60 7.90
day..	10.75 12.00	7.60 7.75	7.60 7.85

Witness corroborated the evidence regarding incidents deposed to by the previous witness.

Answering questions by Mr. MacElligott, witness said that the women in the crowd were very active in resisting the troops.

By Mr. Comyn—The shot accidentally fired by the officer in the crowd struck a man's hat. The girl whom he had pointed out in court had seized the barrel of witness's rifle and tried to wrest it from him. Other girls, not present at the inquest, had assisted her. The girl mentioned was giving out literature, and witness's officer merely struck up her hand with his revolver. The officer did not strike the girl in the face, nor had he been called a coward by a man in the crowd.

Corroborative evidence was given by the next witness, a sergeant, who had accompanied the previous witness to rescue their officer from the crowd. To witness's knowledge, all the shots fired by the soldiers—himself included—had been fired into the air.

The driver of the military tender swore that the account of the affair given by the previous witnesses was correct.

To Mr. McElligott—The women were most aggressive.

Replying to Mr. Comyn, witness said that there had not been any attempt made to seize his own revolver. They would, said witness, have been "prevented with the business end of it" had they tried to seize it.

Mr. Comyn—Do you mean you would shoot?

Witness replied that there would be no need to, as they would have been afraid, not of him, but of their own skins.

SHOTS FROM THE RUINS.

A sergeant-major, examined by Mr. O'Byrne, said that he was one of the crew of the armoured car which was patrolling Sackville street on the occasion of the meeting. While the car was going up and down he heard about six revolver shots fired from the direction of the ruins behind the meeting place. He then heard rifle shots fired, most likely by the soldiers in the tender. They in the armoured car hurried towards the scene, thinking that the tender was being attacked. The gunner had to fire a few shots in the air to disperse the crowd. There had been no shots fired from the armoured car save those fired from the Vickers gun.

The crowd became very hostile. Stones were thrown at the troops, and "awful" language was used towards them.

Answering Mr. Comyn, witness said that he had been abused by a woman (named), whom he pointed out in court.

At the conclusion of this witness's evidence, Mr. Comyn drew attention to a remark alleged to have been made by one of the soldiers sitting at the back of the court.. The words used by the gentleman, said Mr. Comyn, were: "If we had you outside we would make you understand him in a few minutes." This was taken to be an allusion to the cross-examination of the last witness.

The Coroner—I did not hear it.

"I heard it," interjected Mrs. Maud Gonne MacBride, who was seated behind Mr. Comyn.

One of the soldiers remarked, "That is a dream."

Mr. Comyn said that he would now ask for the protection of the Court. "I am not afraid of these men," he added, "either inside or outside, but I think it right to ask the protection of the Court in view of the language used."

The Coroner observed that Mr. Comyn could depend upon the full protection of the Court. He thought that things would progress more satisfactorily if counsel carried on more quietly.

The gunner of the armoured car stated that he fired eight or twelve shots from the Vickers gun in the air, following the outburst of revolver and rifle fire.

Mr. Comyn did not cross-examine the witness.

GIRL LYING WOUNDED.

THE CROWD'S HOSTILITY.

A lieutenant, who had been seated in the back of the whippet car, said that he saw a girl lying wounded on the footpath on the Gresham Hotel side of Sackville street. Witness went to her assistance, but was pushed away by the crowd, who refused to let him near the girl.

Replying to Mr. Comyn, witness said that he did not know who the girl was.

This concluded the evidence for the military.

Mr. J. O. Callaghan, a member of the Dublin Corporation, called by Mr. MacElligott, stated that he was standing on the outskirts of the crowd when the military tender drove up. The crowd made way for the tender, from which an officer dismounted. The officer waved his revolver at the crowd and platform, and told the people to get away. The crowd resented the intrusion. He saw the officer, subsequently, on what he might call "the steps of the platform." Almost immediately afterwards he saw the soldiers in the tender stand up and fire down into the crowd from the side nearest the gathering. About four soldiers fired. The machine gun on the whippet was "rattling off" almost at the same time, the firing being in the direction of O'Connell Bridge.

He should say that the machine gun was not firing on the people, judging by its elevation. Shouts and screams rent the air when the shooting took place, and the crowd scattered. After about a minute he saw a stretcher being placed in the centre of the east side of the street to receive the body of a young woman, wearing a brown coloured skirt. Witness did not hear any revolver shots being fired, either before or after the soldiers fired from the tender. Witness did not see the officer of the tender attack any man or woman in the crowd, though he could have done so without witness's knowledge.

Replying to Mr. O'Byrne, witness said that the people showed their resentment of the officer's intrusion by shaking their fists. When the soldiers were firing their backs were towards witness, and their bodies intervened between the rifles and witness. Notwithstanding this, he could see the direction in which they were firing. The soldiers fired one volley of about four shots, and it was his testimony that, with the exception of the machine gun fire, the four shots mentioned were the only ones fired. He wished to make it quite clear that people were massed on both sides of the tender. He would certainly have expected that the four shots fired would have taken effect.

He did not hear any revolver shots. He did not say anything to any of the soldiers.

At the request of Mr. O'Byrne, one of the soldiers in the court stood up.

Mr. O'Byrne—Did you see him?

Witness—I can't say.

Did you tell him to pull down those two stripes and put up shamrocks? No. Whoever says that is telling a lie.

THE AMBULANCE STATION.

Mr. Thomas Cottle, a member of the St. John Ambulance Brigade, in examination by Mr. MacElligott, said that he heard no discharge of firearms until he heard the machine gun. There were six cases attended to at the ambulance hut following the firing, and of these cases three were gunshot wounds.

Replying to Mr. Comyn, witness said that Miss Bennett was taken into the hut by someone who did not belong to the Brigade. She was taken to hospital almost immediately afterwards.

James M'Ginley, another member of the St. John Ambulance Corps, deposed that from ten to twenty shots were fired from the Vickers gun. The first case brought to the ambulance hut was that of a young girl who was found lying on the footpath at the meeting place.

This was the only evidence called by counsel acting on behalf of the Corporation.

Addressing the jury, Mr. Comyn, before calling witnesses, said that his only duty was to protect the reputation of those ladies who had organised the meeting. He was appearing for the Women's Prisoners' Defence League, of which Mrs. Despard was president and Madame MacBride secretary. He thought that the jury could only come to one conclusion after hearing all the evidence, and that was that the shot which killed Miss Bennett was fired by a member of the Army; that no shots whatever were fired by any of the crowd, either from the ruins or the platform. He wanted the jury to conclude that no one had any right to proclaim an orderly meeting like the one held on Sunday. He would ask the jury to say that the Prisoners' Defence League had a particular right to hold these meetings.

MRS. DESPARD'S EVIDENCE.

Mrs. Despard, examined by Mr. Comyn, said that the meeting held on Sunday under the auspices of the League of which she was president was perfectly orderly until the intrusion of the military. She had not left the platform at any time during the presence of the soldiers. She was perfectly certain that no shots had been fired from the ruins behind her. The only shots fired were those by the military. The officer in charge, or any of the soldiers, had not approached witness or any of the speakers to ask them to stop the meeting.

Cross-examined by Mr. O'Byrne, witness said that there was great agitation amongst the crowd after the tender had driven into their midst.

Were the people hostile to the soldiers?

Witness—How could they possibly fail to be hostile?

Replying to further questions, witness said that she only heard one revolver shot, which was the shot fired by the officer in the crowd.

Madame MacBride stated that the meeting was perfectly quiet—"sad and solemn." The military tender had driven right into the crowd, and an officer who dismounted advanced towards the platform "brandishing a revolver." When he had approached to within about five yards of the platform he seemed suddenly to change his mind and went back towards the tender. He suddenly raised his revolver and fired in the direction of the old Tramways Office. He then said something—which she did not hear—and fired once again.

Some of the soldiers in the tender fired in the air and others into the crowd. Witness then saw a number of people lying on the ground. All the time one of the speakers was trying to continue her speech; all the speakers remained on the platform. She identified an officer present in the court as the man who had fired the revolver. She would swear positively that no shots had been fired except by the military.

Answering Mr. O'Byrne, witness said that she would agree with Mrs. Despard's statement that great hostility was shown towards the soldiers by the crowd. She did not see anyone interfere with the officer. She admitted that after the first shot she saw a girl catch the officer's arm and try to take his revolver. To the best of her belief none of the other shots heard could have been fired from any of the ruins in Sackville street.

VIOLENT LANGUAGE DENIED.

Miss Helen Moloney said that she presided at the meeting on Sunday. She denied that any violent or abusive language had been used to the soldiers.

Replying to Mr. O'Byrne, witness said that the only disturbance was a "murmur of voices" which was raised on the approach of the officer. She was surprised to see the latter turn back. She did not see any soldiers coming to his help, nor did she see anyone jump on to the footboard of the tender.

Miss Marie M'Guinness, of Glasgow, answering Mr. Comyn, said that she did not belong to any political party. She was present at the Sackville street meeting, and saw a tender driven in amongst the crowd. An officer got out, and waved his revolver. He then fired. That was the first shot she heard. Subsequently a soldier fired in the direction of the platform, but a little high up.

Cross-examined by Mr. O'Byrne, witness said that she was in sympathy with the objects of the meeting. She did not see anyone catch hold of the officer's arm after the first shot was fired. Certain things might have happened without her seeing them.

STRUCK IN THE FACE.

Miss Margaret Harpour, of 39 Upper Mercer street, in reply to Mr. Comyn, said that when the officer dismounted from the tender he struck her in the face because she was in his way. A man in the crowd then shouted—"You coward, to touch a girl." The officer in reply fired at the man, who was behind witness's back. Continuing, witness said that after a soldier had hit a chum of her's she tried to take his rifle from him.

Mr. O'Byrne did not cross-examine the witness.

Mr. S. Walshe, of Newcastle-West, in examination, stated that he saw the officer leave the lorry and move through the crowd. He saw him strike a girl in the face, and heard a man in the crowd call him a "blackguard." The officer fired at the man, apparently, as the man fell, and was picked up by people near him. Witness also saw the officer catch another girl by the coat and fire point blank at her. A girl, he saw, fell down.

Questioned by Mr. O'Byrne, witness said that there was a good deal of agitation among the crowd. He did not see any attempt being made to seize the officer's revolver. The crowd resented the intrusion of the military. Witness thought that the girl who fell was the girl whom the officer had caught by the coat and whom he had fired at.

This concluded the evidence.

Counsel now briefly addressed the Court. Mr. McElligott asking that the jury should add a rider to their verdict that, if meetings were to be suppressed, a reasonable notice should be given.

After about fifteen minutes' deliberation the jury found that Lily Bennett died from shock and hæmorrhage, following a bullet wound, inflicted by some person unknown. "To prevent a repetition of similar unfortunate occurrences," it was added, "public warning would be advisable."

The jury expressed sympathy with the relatives of Lily Bennett, counsel associating themselves with the jury's expression.

CALCUTTA SWEEP.

RESTRICTIONS ON THE SALE OF TICKETS.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, Thursday.

There is much interest in London in the report that the Calcutta Turf Club's famous Derby Sweep is likely to be declared illegal.

Mr. Arthur Fawcett, London agent of the club, stated yesterday that he knew nothing of any projected action by the Indian Government in regard to the sweep.

There will, however, be a meeting of the club in December, he said, to consider what restrictions shall be imposed in the future on the traffic that undoubtedly takes place in Great Britain and Ireland in the sale and transfer of tickets to persons other than club members.

There is certain to be some stringent action by the club to prevent the acquisition by speculators of large blocks of tickets for resale in this country at a profit.

The new Governor of Bengal has recently expressed himself very strongly on this aspect of the sweep, and the club is bound to take—and, indeed, has taken—official notice of a traffic which has become a scandal.

BEVAN'S CO-DIRECTOR.

LEARNED OF APPOINTMENT FROM PROSPECTUS.

The trial of Gerard Lee Bevan on charges of fraud and publishing false balance sheets in connection with the City Equitable Fire Insurance Company and associated companies was continued before Mr. Justice Avory at the Central Criminal Court, London, yesterday.

Sir Douglas Dawson said that he became director of the fire company in April, 1915. He did not know until last January that Mr. Mansell had drawn sums in excess of his remuneration.

Witness became a director of the Britain and London Companies at the request of Mr. Mansell. He first learned that he was on the Board of the Associated Company from the prospectus. No one asked him to go on.

Cross-examined, the witness said that the directors were men of ability.

Counsel—So that the Board did not consist of Mr. Bevan and nonentities?

Witness—Certainly not.

The case was further adjourned.

ARREST AT THE RINK.

SHOTS FIRED IN THE STREET.

Yesterday, in the Dublin Police Court, Thomas Moloney, 6 Emily place, was charged on remand with having been concerned in the robbery at the Rink Post Office, Dublin, on 3rd November.

Patrick Byrne, C.I.D., Oriel House, stated that on the 3rd of the present month he drove with others to the Post Office Rink in Parnell square. They arrested the defendant, and while taking him to Oriel House shots rang out from both sides of the road. After the first shot he saw the defendant drop a revolver on the road, and the witness picked it up.

Mr. E. H. Burne, who defended, said that the prisoner denied having any revolver.

Moloney was returned for trial to the City Commission.

I am convinced that Margot Asquith is the most vilified woman of our age.—Mr. Hannen Swaffer.

DONEGAL LADIES IN PRISON.

HABEAS CORPUS WRIT REFUSED.

A STATE OF WAR IN IRELAND.

The Lord Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Dodd, and Mr. Justice Samuels, sitting as a King's Bench Court, yesterday delivered judgment in the matter of the application for a writ of *habeas corpus*, which was heard on the previous day, in the case of Mrs. Catherine Johnstone and her daughter against Captain Deherty, of the national forces, the officer who, it was alleged, held them in custody. Mrs. Johnstone and her daughter were arrested at their home, Lough Veigh House, Letterkenny, on the 21st of October.

The Court unanimously refused the application, holding that a state of war exists in the County Donegal which justified the application of martial law, and that, once a state of war was established, the Court had no jurisdiction, *durante bello*, to inquire into or pass judgment upon the conduct of the military authorities in repressing the rebellion.

THE LORD CHIEF JUSTICE.

The Lord Chief Justice said that Mrs. Johnstone and her daughter were arrested by an officer of the Free State Army and conveyed to Buncrana, where they had since been detained in a barrack room. Mr. Serjeant Hanna had strenuously argued on their behalf that their detention was illegal, and that it was the manifest duty of the Court to order their release. The arguments on behalf of the ladies seemed to have been founded on a misapprehension of the constitutional position of the Irish Free State and of the powers and duties of the Provisional Government in relation to it. Under the Articles of Agreement for the Treaty, which was declared to have the force of law by the Irish Free State Agreement Act, 1922, the Irish Free State was declared to have the same constitutional *status* in the community of nations known as the British Empire as the Dominion of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, the Dominion of New Zealand, and the Union of South Africa, with a Parliament having powers to make laws for the peace, order, and good government of Ireland and an Executive responsible to that Parliament.

The Provisional Government was duly constituted on the 16th January, 1922, and on the 1st April, 1922, an Order in Council was made transferring to it the administration of certain services heretofore controlled by the British Government. The services so transferred had reference to finance, home affairs, economic affairs, labour, agriculture, education, Local Government, and the Post Office. It was not necessary in this Order to deal with the question of defence, because, until an agreement was made between the British and Irish Governments whereby the Irish Free State undertook her own coast defence, the defence by sea of Great Britain and Ireland was to be undertaken by His Majesty's Imperial Forces (Clause 6), and the Government of the Irish Free State was fully empowered to establish and maintain a military defence force within the limits prescribed by Clause 8. The Provisional Government, being thus constituted on the 27th May, 1922, published a proclamation declaring the calling of a Parliament in Ireland in accordance with the provisions of the Irish Free State (Agreement) Act, 1922, and that Parliament duly met for the first time on the 9th September, 1922.

A REBELLION.

In the meantime, a state of war or rebellion had arisen in Ireland, and it became the duty of the Government to take all necessary steps to suppress it. The British forces had left, or were in the act of leaving, the country, and, as stated by General O'Sullivan in his affidavit, the ordinary police forces were not able to deal with the disorders, and, outside the City of Dublin, the ordinary police force was only in process of formation, and has not yet been fully organised. In the circumstances, General O'Sullivan states that the Government has changed the National Army, raised under its authority, with the task of suppressing the disturbances, protecting the lives and property of the people, and generally restoring peace and order and normal conditions, and establishing the authority of the lawfully constituted Parliament and Government of the people.

In the present case the Government were especially careful to inform Parliament during its sittings and to obtain its sanction to the steps which it considered necessary. The Government having sanctioned the setting up by the Army authorities of military courts or committees for inquiring into charges against prisoners in respect of certain offences, including attacks upon the national forces, looting, arson, and having possession, without proper authority, of arms, ammunition, or explosives, and the infliction by such military courts or committees of the punishment of death, penal servitude, fine or imprisonment on any person found guilty by such courts or committees, Parliament, on the 27th of September, on the motion of the Minister of Defence, passed a resolution ratifying and approving of the sanction given by the Government and the doing by the Army authorities of all or any of the acts and matters referred to.

THE MILITARY COURTS.

On the 2nd of October, 1922, the Army Council issued regulations providing for the trial by military courts of civilians charged with the offences referred to in the resolution of the Dail of September 27, and on the following day the Government issued a proclamation declaring amnesty for all persons engaged in the rebellion who should deliver up possession of their arms before the 15th of October, and should, on or before that date, voluntarily cease to take any part in or aid or abet the insurrection. By a proclamation, signed on behalf of the Army Council by General Mulcahy, and dated the 10th October, 1922, it was announced that after the 15th October, 1922, the Army Council would exercise the powers which had been given to them by the Government, and sanctioned by the Dail, and that the regulations as to the trial of civilians by military courts would come into force on the same date.

This was the position of affairs on the 21st October, when Mrs. and Miss Johnstone were arrested. There was some delay in formulating the charges, but formal charges have now been preferred, in accordance with the regulation, against Mrs. Johnstone:—(1) Being, on the 17th day of October, 1922, in unlawful possession of public property, in that she had in her possession at Lough Veigh House, Gartan, part of a wireless set, which are believed to have been taken from Bunbeg Wireless Station, County Tirconaill; (2) Having, on the 22nd October, possession without proper authority of a further quantity of bombs, in that she had in her possession at her premises at St. Columb's Hotel nine large bombs commonly called Republican bombs, and one Mills' bomb No. 5; also a coil of wire such as is used for exploding mines; (3) Having, on the 22nd October, possession without proper authority of a further quantity of bombs, in that she had in her possession at her premises at St. Columb's Hotel four Mills' bombs, twenty detonators, and three rounds of .303 ammunition; (4) Being, on the 23rd October, in unlawful possession of property not her own, in that she had in her possession, on her premises at Lough Veigh House, one Overland motor car, which was not her property, Miss Johnstone is charged with the single offence of having, on the 21st October, possession without proper authority of an automatic pistol.

POWER OF TRIAL.

It was contended by Serjeant Hanna that there was no power to try these ladies by a military court. It must be remembered, however, that these military courts were established, as stated in the proclamation, of October 10th with a view "to the speedy termination of the present state of armed rebellion and insurrection, and the restoration of peace, order, and security," and it was not contended that they had any authority or justification under the ordinary law. The first question, therefore, to be determined was as to whether a state of armed insurrection or rebellion at present prevails in the County Donegal. General O'Sullivan has given numerous instances of the disorder existing in that County, and states that such disturbances and disorders have continued to exist, and do exist, at the present time.

The statements, the Lord Chief Justice continued, in General O'Sullivan's affidavit are not seriously contested, although it is stated by Mrs. Johnstone in her affidavit that the County Courts of the county have been, and are, carrying on their functions, and that a Court of the district magistrates has been held quite recently. It is, however, a remarkable fact that it has been found impossible to hold County Courts at Letterkenny or Buncrana, and that the business formerly done in those towns was transferred to Lifford by decree of the Provisional Government, dated 21st September, 1922. I have no doubt that we must hold that a state of war does exist in County Donegal, which justifies the application of martial law. It follows, therefore, on the authority of the King v. Allen, the King (Garde and others) v. Strickland, and the King (Ronayne and others) v. Strickland, that once a state of war is established we have no jurisdiction *durante bello* to inquire into, or pass judgment upon, the conduct of the military authorities in repressing the rebellion.

APPLICATION REFUSED.

In the present case, however, we may be permitted to say that in all the steps which have been taken by the military authorities, they seem to have acted in strict accordance with the powers which have been given to them by the Provisional Government, and sanctioned by Parliament.

The application for a writ of *habeas corpus* was accordingly refused.

Mr. Serjeant Hanna, who, with Mr. Lynch, K.C., and Mr. P. Smith (instructed by Mr. H. Dixon), appeared for Mrs. Johnstone and her daughter, intimated his intention of appealing on their behalf against the judgment; and he was given leave to serve notice of motion for this morning, with respect to the Overland motor car.

Mr. H. Kennedy, K.C. (Law Officer), and Mr. John O'Byrne (instructed by the Chief State Solicitor) appeared for the military authorities.

THE HIBERNIAN BIBLE SOCIETY.

AN APPEAL FOR SUPPORT.

In the Gregg Hall, Dawson street, Dublin, yesterday, a public meeting was held under the auspices of the Hibernian Bible Society.

The Rev. James M. Alley, who presided, said that nobody regretted more than he did the absence of Lord Kilmaine (President of the Society), but the Bible Society needed no words of commendation from any of them. They rejoiced in its work in this country, just at this critical stage in its history.

In spite of the many dreadful things that had happened, many of the barriers were now breaking down. They could get into circulation as many copies of the Holy Scriptures in a week now as would have taken ten or twelve months forty years ago. Because they loved the Scriptures, which set them free, they should help the work of the Bible Society and speed it in its work. (Applause.)

The Rev. A. Henwood said that he thought his first word should be a word of gladness that he was able to be there that afternoon to give them a word of sympathy from England in all the difficulties with which they were surrounded. He wished to thank them for their support of the Bible Society, and he rejoiced that the circulation of the Book of God in their own country was increasing. He would ask them with all sincerity if they had marked, learned, and inwardly digested that Book. If they, as Christian people

MANCHESTER.

THE VILLAGER'S SUCCESS.

RATH DUTH'S FINE BID FOR VICTORY.

The opening of the final meeting of the flat racing season attracted the customary big crowd to Castle Irwell, but, though the fog was not so dense as is frequently seen here at this time of the year, it seriously interfered with a satisfactory view of the racing. In fact, until the horses were close home the cokeum were not distinguishable. Sir Charles Nugent had been very sanguine in regard to Lady Sleipner's prospects in the Brackley Welter. The filly ran a good race, and just for a few strides appeared to have taken the measure of Blue Cloud, but the latter came again, to win cleverly. The winner's success followed upon a series of disappointing performances, for, though repeatedly finishing in the first three, this was the first race that Mr. Watkin Williams's colt had won during the season. It was a surprising reversal of the Derby form with Envoy.

The Durrington stable is invariably dangerous at this winter gathering. Two years ago Harry Powney saddled the since notorious Ugly Duckling to win a couple of races. Now he effected a coup in the De Trafford Plate with Fernley, whose previous efforts had been in decidedly better company. Bart Snowball was not a runner, and Fernley had thus little to do. Mr. W. Parrish exploited another of his Irish horses, Ballyrack, in the Thursday Two-Year-Old Plate, and expected him to win, but he failed utterly to repeat the Warwick success of his stable companion, Rhino, and the race proved a good thing, as the Derby running had suggested, for Sunny Rose, on whom Brennan is to be congratulated on riding a particularly vigorous race.

The great difference between the Derby and the Manchester tracks was made manifest in the Delamere Handicap, in which The Villager very effectually reversed the Derby positions with Flint Jack and Tishy. On this freer striding course Mr. Antony de Rothschild's good stayer was seen to considerably better advantage, and he was quite a clever winner from the top weight, Flint Jack, who was running on, but could not quite get on terms. Vaddy, the favourite, had every chance, but did not last it out as well as had been anticipated.

Rath Duth came from Ireland for the Woodlands Nursery with a good reputation, and, with Donoghue in charge, he carried the support of some of the cleverest men in the Ring, though the bulk of the support was for the top weight, Atrovaf. A Windsor performance, however, on account of the latter's defeat was excused on account of the heavy going, but now he failed completely to stay. Smirke, on the winner, Jason, fairly shone in a great finish against Carslake and Donoghue.

Widow Bird could, no doubt, have won the Rothschild Maiden Plate had she been so inclined, but she is most "jady," hence her defeat by Hill Country.

12.45—**BRACKLEY WELTER HANDICAP** of £25 each, with £300 added. 1 m.

Mr. W. Williams's ch. c. HILL COUNTRY, by Polymelian—Cream o' the Sky, 4, 8-5 ...H. Wragg 1
Mrs. Nugent's LADY SLEIPNER, 4, 8- ...B. Carslake 2
Mr. Mason's COLINDALE, 5, 7-6 ...G. Hulme 0
Lord Wyfold's Black Gauntlet, 5, 9-5 ...J. Patman 0
Mr. C. Lowry's Bachelor's Button, 4, 8-5 ...Lister 0
Mr. J. Rutherford's Statuary, 5, 9-4 ...T. Weston 0
Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen's Derwish, 4, 9-0 ...Childs 0
Mr. Hesford's Hopeful Bachelor, 4, 9-0 ...Childs 0
Mr. Cook's Forerunner, 4, 8-6 ...J. Jones 0
Mr. Goodman's Valentine Vox, 5, 8-8 ...Thwaites 0
Mr. Kenyon's Good Bank, 5, 8-0 ...J. Hogg 0
Mr. Cannon's Hugon, 4, 7-4 ...T. Pryor 0
Mr. J'Anson's Mayfly, 5, 7-4 ...Jos. Canby 0
Mr. McCann's Ulula, 5, 7-4 ...Parker 0
Mr. Scott's Hidden Gun, 5, 8-5 ...F. Fox 0
Mr. H. Brown's Envoy, 5, 8-0 ...J. Shatwell 0
Mr. D. Dickens's Benebidium, 5, 8-0 ...J. Stallard 0
(Winner trained by Hogg.)

Betting—3 to 1 agst. Lady Sleipner, 4 to 1 Envoy, 8 to 1 Black Gauntlet, 10 to 1 each Bachelor's Button and Hugon, 100 to 8 each Statuary, Derwish and Ulula, 100 to 6 each any other.

Hold Knight led from Valentine Vox, Blue Cloud, Lady Sleipner, and Hidden Gun, for three furlongs, when Hidden Gun went on to the front, but Blue Cloud became second, and, striking out straight, Blue Cloud became second, and, with half a length's challenge by Lady Sleipner, won by half a length; three lengths separated second and third. Envoy was fourth, Hidden Gun fifth, Ulula sixth, and Bendiction last.

1.20—**DE TRAFFORD (S.) PLATE** of £200. 1 m.

Mrs. Nagle's b. f. FERNLEY, by Tredennis—Sketchy Bits, 6, 9-0 ...A. Whalley 1
Mr. Dingley's CHOPSTICK, 6, 9-0 ...R. Carslake 2
Also ran—Royal Hussar (Cooper), Ningmo (Coneys), Smirker, Doldrums (J. Pajman), Stalling (Winner trained by Hy. Powney.)

The Alder (Jellies), Vesuvius (J. Bradley), Winner trained by Hy. Powney.

Betting—6 to 2 agst. FERNLEY, 100 to 30 Glenagle, 4 to 1 Chopstick, 6 to 1 Ardscull, 8 to 1 Vesuvius, 100 to 8 any other.

Won by two lengths; four lengths, Ardscull was fourth.

The winner was bought in for 700 guineas.

1.55—**THURSDAY T.Y.O. (S.) PLATE** of £200. 6f.

Mr. Collins's c. SUNNY ROSE, by Roseland—Sunny Florence, 8-3 ...J. Brennan 1
Mr. Hardy's LAKE SUPERIOR, 8-10 ...E. Gardner 3
Mr. Tyson's INDELIBLE, 8-3 ...Childs 2
Mrs. James's INDELIBLE, 8-3 ...Joanfax, 8-3 ...Childs 2
Also ran—Ballyrack (Smirke), Joanfax (Wragg), Brown), Harvey 2nd (J. Brown), Corinthian Nut (Ledson), Val de Grace (Jelliss), Bonnie Nut (Ledson), Bithynia goldine (S. Robertson). (Winner trained by H. Collins.)

Betting—3 to 2 agst. SUNNY ROSE, 3 to 1 each Ballyrack, Lake Superior, 10 to 1 each Indelible, Joanfax, and Val de Grace, 100 to 8 any other.

Won by four lengths; half a length Ballyrack was fourth.

The winner was bought in for 700 gns.

2.30—**DELAMERE HANDICAP** of £10 each, with £500 added. 2m. THE VILLAGER, 8-5 ...C. Elliott 1
Mr. A. de Rothschild's br. g. by Rosecdale—Cranford, 4, 7-12 ...G. Smith 2
Mr. Pierino's FLINT JACK, 5, 9-0 ...R. Jones 3
Mr. Hardy's VADDY, 4, 7-4 ...J. Brown 0
Mr. O'Sullivan's Aris, 7, 7-4 ...T. Weston 0
Lord Durham's Claudius, 5, 7-1 ...C. Smirke 0
Mr. Sykes's Cottingham, 5, 7-11 ...T. Morgan 0
Mr. Phillips's Perry Hill, 7, 7-10 ...A. Burns 0
Mr. J. de Rothschild's Tishy, 4, 7-8 ...Robbins 0
Mr. Kenyon's Press Heath, 5, 7-8 ...Robbins 0
Mr. A. Scott's Nant Coch, by John Watson.)

Betting—7 to 4 agst. Vaddy, 6 to 1 each Flint Jack, THE VILLAGER, and Chopstick, 10 to 1 each Perry Hill, 100 to 8 each Tishy, Nant Coch, and Press Heath, 100 to 6 any other.

Nant Coch led from Tishy, Claudius, Roy Bias, Press Heath, Flint Jack, and Vaddy. When Vaddy quickly challenged by three-quarters of a length, and won by two lengths; three-quarters of a length separated second and third. Tishy was fourth, Nant Coch fifth, Roy Bias next, and Press Heath last.

2.0—**WOODLANDS NURSERY** of £5 each, with £300 added. 5f.

Mrs. S. Joel's ch. g. JASON, by Sunder—Jessica, 6-9 ...C. Smirke 1
Mr. McCann's RATH DUTH, 8-3 ...S. Donoghue 2
Duke of Westminster's ATIROVAF, 8-10 ...B. Carslake 3
Mr. Schwerien's Comniler, 8-9 ...F. Fox 0
Mr. Williamson's Hillman, 8-1 ...C. Elliott 0
Mrs. Kenyon's Charlie's Gift, 7-9 ...P. Jones 0
Lord Glanely's Valparaiso, 7-7 ...H. Wragg 0
Mr. Ramsden's Put and Take, 7-6 ...R. Jones 0
Lord Stanley's Beatrix, 7-5 ...Pryor 0
Mr. Sykes's Cottingham, 7-4 ...T. Weston 0
Mr. A. Scott's Dream Girl, 7-3 ...Robbins 0
Mr. de Pledge's Scorpio, 7-3 ...Spear 0
Mr. C. Baron's Green Cloth, 7-3 ...A. Burns 0
(Winner trained by De Mestre.)

Betting—9 to 4 agst Atrovaf, 5 to 1 Rath Duth, 11 to 2 JASON, 6 to 1 Valparaiso, 8 to 1 Compiler, 10 to 1 Hillman, 100 to 8 any other.

Jason jumped off in front of Atrovaf and Rath Duth, with Compiler, Valparaiso, and Charlie's Gift most prominent of the others. A furlong from home, the three placed horses drew out together, a terrific finish ending in Jason winning by a neck; a head separated second and third, Compiler was fourth, Scorpio fifth Charlie's Gift sixth, Hillman next, and Cotsanghan last.

3.30—**ROTHSCHILD MAIDEN PLATE** of £200. 1 m.

Sir R. Jardine's ch. c. HILL COUNTRY, by Swynford—Collie, 4, 9-0 ...Griggs 1
Sir A. Bailey's WIDOW BIRD, 3, 8-4 ...H. Jellis 0
Mr. Haye's QUESTIONNAIRE, 5, 8-7 ...Lister 2
Also ran—Woolley Bridge (J. Brennan), Ogbourne (J. Lawson), Newtown Wonder (Shatwell), Iron Rand (Ledson) Big Four (Grapes), Sleeping Partner (E. Jones). (Winner trained by T. Waugh.)

Betting—3 to 1 agst. Woolley Bridge, 4 to 1 Widow Bird, 4 to 1 HILL COUNTRY, 5 to 1 Questionnaire, 6 to 1 any other.

Won by half a length; three lengths.

021 BE COOL (Mr. Nagle) ..... Hy. Powney 6 10
050 BEN STROME (Duke of Westminster) ..... Person 6 8
Bernard 6 7

000 DIATRIBE (Mr. Hoole) ..... R. Sherwood 6 7
030 KNAVE OF TRUMPS (Mr. Sadler) Gunter 6 7

2.30—LANCASHIRE NURSERY of £1,000. 6f.

325 POSTUMNA (Lady Nunburnholme) ..... Hugh Powney 8 6
Scott 8 6

302 MONTPORT (Mr. A. de Rothschild) ..... Cottrill 8 6
055 DORELA (Mr. Whitehouse) ..... Tarrant 8 5
000 WONDER (Mr. Howard) ..... Leader 7 7
143 MOONLIGHT (Mr. Walker) ..... H. Leader 7 7
000 RED CREST (Mr. R. Randell) ..... G. Sadler 7 7
010 ROSEMEAD (Sir H. Bromley) ..... Lines 7 4
000 SCHOOLGATE (Mr. Dixon) ..... Cole 7 4
120 LANCASTRIA (Lady Viner) ..... Lambton 7 3
320 TORLONIA (Ld. Derby) ..... Pickering 7 2
000 PUT AND TAKE (Mr. Ramsden) Leach, jun. 6 13
000 PHILIP (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen) Leach, sen. 6 13
000 DREAMY DONNA (Mr. H. Williams) ..... Leach, jun. 6 13
Bullen 6 12

140 TOPROOT (Mr. Keene) ..... De Mestre 6 12
054 PORTLIGHT (Mr. A. Scott) ..... Lines 6 8
000 GREEN WHEAT (Mr. Rowson) ..... Lines 6 8
(The above have arrived.)

101 ALI SHAH (7lb. ex.) (Mr. Reynolds) ..... Ireland 8 9
Ireland 8 9

201 AQUILON (Mr. Kenyon) ..... Ireland 8 8
14 BOATSWAIN (Mr. Cecil Moore) ..... Ireland 8 0
410 TRANQUIL (Ld. Derby) ..... Lambton 8 0
318 SHROVE (Sir J. Hutton) ..... Lambton 7 13
000 DANCE YOU (Ld. Wavertree) ..... Wood 7 12
010 GOLDEN HAIR (Mr. Bell) ..... M. Hartigan 7 10
010 KIMORON (Mr. Singer) ..... Scott 7 10
040 KEWSTOKE (Mr. Singer) ..... Marsh 7 10
060 CROSSJACK (Ld. Glanely) ..... Gilpin 7 10
302 KINSALE (Mr. Knowles) ..... De Mestre 7 7
010 HOLLIHOCK (Mr. A. Straker) ..... Peacock 7 7
300 HUX HONEY (Mai. Carey) ..... R. Bell 7 7
000 SCRUMPTION (Mr. Hulton) ..... D. Marsh 6 10
330 ADVANTAGE (Ld. Lascelles) ..... Bailey 6 10
404 IMPETUOUS (Mr. Kenyon) ..... D. Waugh 6 9
300 PYLARUS (Mr. Rose) ..... Rose 6 9
000 BROWN POM (Mr. White) ..... R. Day 6 9
000 PETER PAN (Mrs. Robinson) ..... R. Day 6 9
308 BUTTERSING (Mr. Fraser) ..... T. Cullen 6 8
040 GABRIELLE (Mr. Phillips) ..... T. Leader 6 7
000 ZOOLPHOKAR (Mr. Phillips) ..... Ward 6 6
000 LADY OF THE ROSE (Mr. White) ..... Drake 6 6
000 LEEDS ROCK (Mr. G. Smith) ..... Lines 6 6

3.0—ELLESMERE HANDICAP of £2 each, with £300 added. 6f.

131 BACHELOR'S POINT (Mr. A. Lowry) ..... Leach, jun. 4 9 6
Bullen 4 8 11

411 BARGATE (Mr. Dingler) ..... McCall 7 9 4
000 HOLYDEPSIA (Mr. S. Joel) ..... De Mestre 6 9 4
000 HIGHLANDMORE (Miss Cowley) ..... Bullen 6 8 11
450 HIGHLANDMORE (Duke of Westminster) ..... Person 3 8 6
003 MOUSE TRAP (Hon. C. Bruce) ..... Person 3 8 6
Bullen 3 8 6

310 LEMSTAR (Mr. Kenyon) ..... Bentley 4 8 8
044 HIS EXCELLENCY (Mr. Harvie) ..... Gilbert 4 8 4
000 CARRINGTON (Mr. Harvie) ..... Pope 4 8 3
211 BUFFOON (Mr. Weil) ..... Pope 4 8 3
035 SILVER EAGLE (Mr. Weil) ..... W. Nightingall 4 8 3
Bullen 4 8 3

000 MARTYR WORTHY (Mr. Stratton) ..... Stratton 3 8 3
321 ALMOND WINE (5lb ex.) (Mr. Knowles) ..... Bullen 3 8 0
Bullen 3 8 0

422 SAINTE HELENE (Mr. Williams) Hogg 3 8 0
40 BENEDICTINE (Mr. Dickson) ..... Coulthwaite 3 7 12
Cottrill 3 7 12

000 TENROH (Mr. A. Lowry) ..... Hy. Powney 3 7 11
020 DUNDEE (Mr. Connor) ..... Armstrong 3 7 11
000 DUNDEE DUET (Mr. Connor) ..... Armstrong 3 7 11
302 KNEE CAP (Mr. Ramsden) ..... Pickering 3 7 11
102 RED ROSE (Mr. Boardman) ..... Pickering 3 7 11
442 JEAN AINSLIE (Mr. Boardman) ..... G. McGuigan 3 7 7
Bullen 3 7 7

041 LOCH FYNE (Mr. Kenyon) ..... Childs 3 7 7
000 ROSE BRIDGE (Mr. G. Smith) ..... Dinks 3 7 0
(The above have arrived.)

211 NIGHT PATROL (Ld. Wolverton) ..... Lambton 4 10 6
110 PROCONSUL (Mrs. Whitburn) ..... Cottrill 4 10 6
000 CYBELA (Mr. O'Neill) ..... Hugh Powney 3 9 11
000 CISTERCIAN (Mr. Hicks) ..... MacColl 3 9 11
010 PROUD MARY (Mr. Hicks) ..... MacColl 3 8 8
024 WILLIAM TELL (Sir E. Hulton) ..... Macall 3 8 5
000 SWEET ROSE (Mr. Hicks) ..... Macall 3 8 5
025 DESERT ROSE (Mr. Hicks) ..... Macall 3 8 5
(Ld. Wolverton)

000 SUN CURE (Mr. Jiner) ..... Lambton 3 8
Leach, jun. 3 8
000 LITTLE BUD (Mr. Dingler) ..... Crawford 4 8 2
000 GASK (Mr. Gonsalez) ..... Gilpin 3 8 2
201 MERRILEE (Mr. Armstrong) ..... Armstrong 3 8 2
000 HONG KONG (Sir E. Nugent) ..... Ireland 3 8 2
000 GOLDEN FLEECE (Mr. Singer) ..... Scott 3 8 2
000 TWICKENHAM (Mr. C. Hall) ..... Binns 3 8 2
191 SPRINGHEAD (Mr. G. Robinson) ..... Lines 3 8 2
000 TARAD (Mr. G. Robinson) ..... Lines 3 8 2
000 BLENKINSOP (Mr. Mackie) ..... Mercer 3 8 2
134 MARLBOROUGH'S SKETCH (Mr. Mackie) ..... Ireland 4 7 12
cough ..... Hogg 4 7 12
001 SQUARSON (Mr. Peanant) ..... Hogg 4 7 7
000 BRONYCOMB (Mr. Tait) ..... Hogg 4 7 7
100 TRIO TRIAL (Mr. Gollan) ..... R. Day 4 7 7
000 BIBBIA (Mr. Tully) ..... Tinsley 6 7 7
000 NUMA (Mr. Tully) ..... Tinsley 6 7 7
003 TRIO TRIAL (Mr. Gollan) ..... R. Day 3 7 7
000 ULSTER DIVISION (Mr. D. Harrell) ..... Coulthwaite 3 7 4
000 BOEDERER (Mr. Thompson) F. Hodgson 3 7 0
000 JAVADORE (Mr. Thompson) ..... Burns 3 7 0
333 GLADIATOR (Mr. Kumar) ..... Goldsby 4 6 13
000 SOPHOS (Mr. B. Smith) ..... Anderson 4 6 13
004 DOMINATOR (Mr. Bancroft) ..... Eastertree 3 6 13
Smallwood 3 6 13

3.30—PENDLETON MAIDEN PLATE of £200. 1m. (APPRENTICES.)

(Ld. Derby) ..... Copeland 4 8 11
000 FAIR AMAZON (Lord Donoland) ..... Copeland 4 8 11
400 JABOULAY (Mr. Vaughan) ..... Private 4 7 11
400 NAUGHTY BABY (Mr. Vaughan) ..... Private 4 7 11
Bell 3 7 7
003 BIG FOUR (Mr. J. Bell) ..... Bell 3 7 7
000 BRIGHT PROSPECT (Mr. Hicks) ..... Day 3 7 7
003 SLEEPING PARTNER (Mr. Parr) ..... Day 3 7 7
Bullen 3 7 7

000 ENCORE (Mr. R. Day) ..... Jenkins 3 7 4
200 LLANYMYNECH (Sir R. Jardine) ..... Wauch 3 7 4
Bailey 3 7 4
000 M.Q. (Mr. Kenyon) ..... Woodland 3 7 4
202 BELFAST (Mr. Liddell) ..... Mason 3 nq.
013 OGBOURNE (Mr. Morrison) ..... Bullen 3 nq.
(The above have arrived.)

002 LADY GEORGIANA (Ld. Derby) ..... Lambton 4 8 11
Lambton 4 8 11
000 GORGONIUS (Mrs. James) ..... Lambton 4 8 11
000 ROMEO (Mr. Butterill) ..... Lambton 4 7 11
000 GREEN SLEEVES (Mr. Butterill) ..... Leader 4 7 11
000 AIR SPIRIT II. (Mr. Morrison) ..... Smith 4 7 7
Morris ..... Smith 4 7 7
000 BERYBOY II. (Mr. Morrison) ..... Coulthwaite 3 7 7
..... C. Leach 3 7 7
030 STAR OPAL (Mr. Leigh) ..... Hartley 3 7 4
400 FREDDY BOY (Mrs. Fairman) ..... D. Waugh 3 7 4
053 CHARLEY BOY (Mr. Gollathly) ..... Goldsby 3 7 4
004 PHANTOM CHARLIE (Sir E. Lloyd) ..... Peacock 3 7 4
Taylor 3 7 4
001 TOMATIN (Mr. Cassels) .....

LATEST SCRATCHINGS.

Sedgeley Handicap—Ellesmere Nursery—Sunny Rose.
Lancashire Nursery—Sunny Rose.
Westbourne Handicap—Lady Juror.
Handicap—The Colonel.
Handicap—Pelle Bergerac.
Handicap—Pelle Bergerac.
Handicap—Bellic.
Handicap—Bellic.
Handicap—Bellic

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES.

IRISH STOCK EXCHANGES.

DUBLIN.

FUNDS HARDER. GUINNESS CLOSED UNDER BEST. RAIL PRE-ORD. BETTER. DRAPERY PREF. WANTED. TEXTILES AND TOBACCOS SLIGHTLY EASIER.

There were very few points of more than passing interest on the Dublin Stock Exchange, and prices largely marked time. The Funds were pretty busy, with most changes in prices favourable to holders. Banks were steady to firm, except for Nationals, which eased a little. Guinness Ord. opened with a further show of strength, but later lost most of the initial improvement established. Power and Son Pref. improvement established. Power and Son Pref. again fetched par. Steam securities were firm all day. Marconi Ord. slipped back further, and Radios closed dull. Home Rail Ord. were drawn blank, but in Pro-Ords. issues rather more quiet support was offered, except for Dublin and Kingstown Leased Line Stock, which gave way. Dublin Tram Pref. relapsed to par. Dunlop Rubber Ord. were again in firm request for the London market, but Parent Tyres did not change hands. Drapery Pref. shares were in request and higher prices paid or bid. Textiles eased a little. Tobaccos were the turn easier and Oils a shade better. Lever Pref. issues closed firm.

In the Funds, War Loan 4½ p.c. rose ½ to 95, ditto 5 p.c. ⅛ to 99½, ditto by deed ⅛ to 99¾. Conversion 3½ p.c. ⅜ to 76¾, and Local Loans, not recently quoted, 1⅜ to 65⅝; but Irish Land 2½ p.c. fell ⅛ to 58⅛, while Consols repeated 57¼ and Victory Bonds 88. Irish Land 3 p.c., with interest from next gale, changed hands at 62.

The only change in Banks was a fall of ½ to 18½ in Nationals. Bank Stock at 231, Hibernians at 6½, Royals at 11¾, and Provincial Old at 22 show no change.

In Breweries, etc., Guinness Ord. opened a further ⅛ better at 44½, but later on 44¼ was quoted. John Power and Son Pref. repeated 50s.

In Steam, etc., British and Irish Pref. rose ½d. to 15s., while City of Dublin repeated 13s and the Pref. 10s. Grand Canal Pref. realised 18s.

Marconi Ord. fell 1s. to 45s. 44s. 9d., and Radio Preferred realised 13s. 7½d.

Home Railway Ord. failed to quote, but Dublin and Kingstown Leased Line fell 2½ to 105½, Midland Great Western 4 p.c. Pref. ⅛ to 46, and the Guaranteed repeated 54, while the 4 p.c. Debs. show no alteration at 62½, and the 4½ p.c. Debs. rose 1½ to 65¾. Great Southern and Western Debs. were also bid up 1¼ to 72½.

In Trams, Dublin United Pref. fell ½ to 10. Dunlop Rubber Ord. repeated 9s. 7½d.

Alliance and Dublin Consumers Gas rose ⅛ to 64⅛.

Drapery Pref. shares were wanted. Arnott Pref. rose 2s. 6d. to 75s. and Pim Bros Pref. 2s. 6d. to 85s. Todd Burns Pref. were again bid for at 73s., against 72s. 6d., the previous price.

As regards Manufacturing shares, British-American Tobacco fell 3d. to 86s. 3d. and Imperials 1½d. to 69s. 10½d. Bleachers fell 6d. to 42s. 9d., Calicos 1½d. to 22s. 7½d., Coats "B" Pref. 6d. to 23s. 6d., and Spinners 7½d. to 40s. 6d. Coats at 66s. 9d. and Cottons at 47s. 6d. show no change. Goulding Pref. fell 6d. to 80s. 6d. and Helys Pref. 6d. to 17s. 6d. Lever Bros. 7 p.c. Pref. at 20s. and the 8 p.c. Pref. at 19s. 9d. 19s. 10½d. closed firm.

Trading and Miscellaneous securities failed to quote until the later market, when Parkes Pref. realised 13s. and Pavilion Gardens 9s. 6d.

Other business done included Shells, which rallied 1s. to 83s. 83s. 6d., but Mexican Eagle Oil fell 1s. to 51s. 6d.

BUSINESS DONE AT ALL SESSIONS.

Transactions for cash marked "c."

Consols	57½	57¾	
War Loan..(94½)	95	95	
War Loan.(99⅛)	99½	99¾	
Deed .....(99¼)	99½	99¾	
Funding Loan..(87⅞)	87	87	
Victory Bonds..(89)	89	89	
Conver. Loan..(76)	76½	76¾	
3½ Trea. Bonds....			106
War Bonds, 1927..106⅛			
War Bonds, 1928..106⅛			
5% Land Act...(59)	58½	59	
5% do. next gale....62			
Local Loans...(63½)	63½	64	
Bank Ireland.(231)	231c	231	
Hibernian .....(64)	64	64½	
National .....(18½)	18½	18¾	
Provincial .....(22)	*23	23	
Royal .....(11¼)	11¾c	12	
Guinness .....(44¼)	44¼	44½	
Pref. .....(92½)	92½	93	
D. & L. Steam.(14/9)	15/-		
City Steam.....(13s)	13s	13s 6d	
Do. Pref. .....(101½)	103		
Canal Pref..(77/10)	78/-		
Marconi..(43/9)	45/-4/9		
Radio Pref..(13/9)	13/7½		
D.U.W. 4% Pf..(45½)	46		
Do. Rent. Ch.(54)	*54 4		

*Ex Div. ‡Odd lot; b sold.
(Last business done given in parentheses.)

IRISH BANKS RATE.

Discount	4 p.c. 13th July.
Deposit	1½ p.c. 15th June.

STOCK EXCHANGE SETTLEMENTS.

Mining contango day...	Nov. 27 | Dec. 11
General contango day...	Nov. 28 | Dec. 12
Ticket day	Nov. 29 | Dec. 15
Account day	Nov. 30 | Dec. 14

BELFAST.

Business was again dull on Belfast Exchange. War Loan fractionally better at 99⅛, (94½, 95). Provincial Bank were marked 22, London, Joint City and Midland Bank shade lower at 8. Coats Ord. lower at 66s. 4½d. Imperial Tobacco were done at 69s. 9½d. W. M. Cuthbert and Co., Ltd. Ord. repeated 23s. Dunlops changed hands at 9s. 9d. and 9s. 7½d. for special lot. Vickers Ord. closed at 13s. 6d.

PROVINCIAL EXCHANGES.

BIRMINGHAM.—Business slower, movements irregular. Singers advanced. Dunlops in request. Severs firm. Rolls Royce easy. S.T.D. still heavy. Austins, 2/3; Beligge, 5/-; Componente, 9/3; S.T.D., 8/6; Unidels, 30/6; Humbers, 22/10½; Napiers, 6/9; Rolls, 23/6; Rovers, 21/-; Singers, 25/9; Swifts, 13/3; Triumphs, 35/-; Vauxhalls, 7/3; Dunlops, 9/9; Parent Ord., 25/9; Harper Bean, 1/5; Guys, 5/3.

MANCHESTER.—Textiles display a firmer tone. Rise in Sewing Cottons. Bleachers, 42/6-45/-; do. Pref., 21/3-21/6; Calicos, 22/3-22/9; do. Pref., 16/6-16/9; Dyers, 44/6-45/-; do. Pref., 19/6-20/-; Cottons, 47/6-48/-; do. Pref., 19/3-19/9; Spinners, 40/6-41/-; do. Pref., 19/6-20/-; "Slubbers," 8/9-9/-; Coats, 66/-66/6; Ship Canal, 5⅞-6; do. Pref., 6¼; Velvets, 26/6-27/-.

FINANCIAL PARAGRAPHS.

The Caledonian Insurance Company, which was founded in 1805, incorporated by Royal Charter in 1861, and further empowered by later Acts of Parliament, is applying for a provisional order under the provisions of the Private Legislation Procedure (Scotland) Act for the purpose of consolidating its present constitution and extending its powers.

The London Correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian Commercial*, in this week's issue, writes:—"Three million yards of tweeds and serges, and also over six million yards of cotton linings, trimmings, and linen canvas, which are the bulk of the discharged soldiers' suitings sold by the Disposals Board about three years ago to an Italian purchaser, have just been thrown on the market. The effect has already been felt in the Yorkshire woollen, the Lancashire cotton, and the Belfast linen manufactures. The low prices asked are under new production costs. Until this ex-Government material, therefore, is cleared off the market, textile trade manufacturers must suffer a decline in orders, and labour must expect further short time."

The Middlesbrough Correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian Commercial*, in this week's issue reports that home business in pig iron is expanding, and that the outlook is regarded as more encouraging than for some time past.

Textile trade conditions fail to show any signs of betterment yet, and the failure of the industry to lift itself out of the rut of depression is causing undisguised anxiety in Lancashire. The master spinners' recommendation of a trade ballot to consider reducing hours to 24 per week gives some indication of the condition now prevailing, and many people consider even more drastic curtailment would be much better. The opinion of one of the most important mill owners in Lancashire is that the best action to take would be a complete stoppage for one month, and we might then see a profitable revival of trade.

After the quietness of the New Issue market, as a result of the general election, a revival appears to be imminent, and several new industrial prospectuses are expected to make their appearance in the course of the next few days.

The Boards of the Buenos Ayres Great Southern Railway Company and Buenos Ayres and Pacific Railway Company announce that they are engaged in negotiations with a view to the transfer of the lease of the Bahia Blanca and North-Western Railway from the Buenos Ayres and Pacific Railway to the Buenos Ayres Great Southern Railway. The terms which are being discussed will not affect the stockholders of the Bahia Blanca and North-Western Railway Company, except by the substitution of the Buenos Ayres Great Southern Railway Company for the Buenos Ayres and Pacific Railway Company as guarantors of the interest on existing rates. Both companies have telegraphed to their respective general managers in Argentina, summoning them to London to settle details with the Boards. When a definite agreement is arrived at, it will be at once notified to the stockholders, and all arrangements are, of course, entirely subject to the approval of the Argentine Governments.

DULL STOCKS.

BAHIA BLANCA TRANSFER.

(FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT AND THE "FINANCIAL NEWS" OF TO-DAY.)

A November dulness characterised most departments of the Stock markets yesterday, virtually every section being inactive. The gilt-edged market can best be described as steady to dull, although it looked at times as though it were inclined to harden, and eventually such securities as Victory Bonds of both denominations and Conversions and Local Loans ended up with slight gains to their credit. Colonials showed no variation over their previous day's form. Canadas were marked down a couple of points to 156½ on New York selling, which was prompted by the easier tone in this stock on the other side of the Atlantic. Great interest was aroused by the official announcement that the Bahia Blanca and North-Western Railway is being transferred from the Buenos Ayres and Pacific Company to the Buenos Ayres Great Southern. The line, which is 874 miles in length and has a total capitalisation (share and debenture) of £10,060,000, has always been rather of a burden to the Pacific, which works it as part of its own system under an interest guarantee agreement. The terms of the transfer were not known last night, but they are understood to be particularly favourable to the Pacific Company, while the Great Southern will be in a position to work the line to better advantage. On the announcement Pacifics rose 3 to 82. It was also generally rumoured during the course of the day that the Pacific will declare a good interim dividend in January. The market is now anxiously awaiting the outcome of the negotiations with the Chilian Government in regard to the Transcontinental traffic.

LONDON STOCKS QUIET, BUT STEADY.

NEAR EAST FEARS.

On the Stock Markets there was no material change in general conditions. In some of the principal sections stagnation ruled almost completely. There seems to be no real reason for this state of things, but there is a disposition in certain quarters to ascribe the apathy to fears concerning the Near East, due mainly to the truculence displayed by the Turks. British Funds, however, offered a stronger resistance yesterday, and one or two advances were recorded. Consols, at 57, rose ¼. The 5 per cent. War Loan, at 99⅛, gained ⅛, and the Conversion Loan also rose ⅛ to 76⅜.

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES were almost without change. French Loans and German Threes did not move. Argentine Fives, 1907, gained 1 at 85½. Brazil Funding of 1908, at 79½, rose ½.

HOME RAILS, though still rather uncertain, showed signs of an improvement. Districts rose ½ to 45, and Undergrounds 1 to 105. Great Northern Def., at 44, rose ½. North British Def., at 19½, gained ¼. Great Western, at 105½, and London and North-Western, at 101¼, both fell ¼. London and South-Western Def. also lost ¼ at 33. Midland Def. fell ½ to 66½.

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILWAYS were quiet as other departments. Argentines were again better. Pacifics rose 2 to 80, and Centrals ½ to 76. Leopoldina rose 1 to 38, and Mexicans ¼ to 13½. United of the Havana fell 1 to 70.

LOWER OIL SHARES.

V.O.C. HOLDINGS GOOD.

Like most other departments of the Stock Exchange, the Oil share market had a distinctly quiet appearance yesterday, attention being once more directed mainly to a few specialities, among which British Controlled and V.O.C. Holdings were prominent. The announcement of the sales contract between the British Controlled and the Royal Dutch Shell group, which, as we pointed out in our issue of yesterday, is a favourable one for the British Controlled, created a good impression, and the shares met with quite a good demand in the early business, to which the price recorded. The improvement, however, was not maintained to the close. Dealings in V.O.C. Holdings were again on a good scale, influential buying being reported, and, there being in circulation vague rumours of favourable developments, the shares changed hands at a high record for the current year. Only a moderate amount of attention was devoted to the leaders, and Paris dealings were of too light a character to have any influence upon the shares usually favoured by that centre. Prices moved within narrow limits throughout the day. Selling of Shells was again encountered, but it met with strong resistance, and the shares finished with a small gain. Mexican Eagles continued on the dull side, and lower prices ruled for Royal Dutch and Anglo-Persians. In regard to the last-named, some selling resulted from the announcement that application had been made for an official quotation in 8,100,000 Ordinary shares of the Anglo-Persian Oil Company. Why any alarm should have been occasioned by this announcement it is difficult to understand. Roumanians were quiet, pending an official announcement giving the terms of the Phœnix-Roumanian Consolidated merger. Closing prices:—

1⅛	Agwi Petroleum	⅛	⅛
4½	Anglo-American	4½	4⅝
12¾	Anglo-Ecuadorian	23/3	23/9 —6/3
1⅛	Anglo-Egyptian	⅞	1
23/9	Anglo-Persian 8 p.c.	23/10½	24/4½
24/9	Do. 9 p.c. 2nd Pref.	25/9	26/3 —0/1½
3/9	Do. Ord., issued 3½ p.c.	3/6	3/6
2½	Apex Trinidad	2½	2¾
⅛	Brit. Borneo Pet (10/-)..		
9/6	British Burman (£5/-)	9/3	
41/9	British Controlled	41/-	41/3
9/9	Do. Pref.	9/10½	1 —0/1½
3½	Burmah	3½	3¾
23/6	Do. 8 p.c. Pref.	24/10½	25/4½
1/3	Caltex	1/-	1/3
⅜	Dacia Romana	⅜	⅝
5⅛	Eagle Transport	5⅛	5⅛
100	Do 7 p.c Notes	99½	100½
101¼	Do Bearer	100½	101½
—	General Pet. Trinidad	3/3	3/9
4/9	Indo Burmah	3/6	4/6
18/6	Kern River (10/-)	18/6	19/6
2½	Lobitos	2¾	2¾
2⅜	Mexican Eagle	2⅜	2⅝ —⅛
2/6	Do Pref	2/6	2/9
18/3	Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	19/7½	18/11½
13/6	North Caucasian (10/-)..	12/-	1/9 —
—	Offields Egypt		
—	Pure Syndicate		
23/11½	Premier Oil	23/9	23/7½ —0/1½
2/3	Premier Oil	2/1½	2/3 —0/1½
13/3	Rumanian Consolidated..	12/6	13/- —0/1½
36	Royal Dutch	35½	36 —¼
1/1½	Scottish American	1/-	1/1½
4/-	Shell Transport	3/9	4/-
9¾	Do 5 p.c. Pref. (£10)..	9⅞	9¾
2/3	Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	2/6	2/9
5/1½	Spies (10/-)	5/3	5/9 +0/3
6/6	Stesua Romana	9/3	10/3
4/7½	Tankers Pref	4/7½	5/1½
1⅛	Trinidad Central	1⅛	1⅜ —⅛
1¾	Trinidad Lease	1¾	1¾ —⅛
1½	United Brit Trinidad....	⅞	1
—	Ural Caspian	⅞	1
7/10½	Uros Oil	7/10½	8/4½
11/10½	V.O.C. Holdings	14/3	14/9 +0/3
11/10½	Do. 7 p.c Pref.	14/6	14/9 +0/6

RUBBER SHARES GOOD.

RISE IN RAW MATERIAL.

The Rubber share market was decidedly steady in tone, though movements were small. Grand Central rose 9d. to 19s. 6d.. Kapar Para put on 8½d. at 38s. 2½d. Kuala Lumpur gained 1s. 3d. at 39s. 4½d. Rubber Estates of Johore fell 1s. to 24s., and Pataling 9d. to 23s. 6d. Raw rubber rose to 12½d. per lb. Closing prices:—

£	s.d.		
32/9	Anglo-Dutch	32/9	—0/1½
2/9	Anglo-Java	2/10½	
1	Anglo-Malay	1/-	—0/1½
4/3	Bertam Coca	4/9	+0/3½
2/9	Bukit Mersajam	2/9	
1/6	Bukit Sembawang	1/6	—0/1
14/-	Consols	14/15½	+0/1½
19/3	Grand Central	19/6	+0/9
1⅜	Highlands	1⅜	
2/9	Kamunting	2/9	
4/6	Kepong	4/9	—0/1½
1½	Kuala Lumpur	1/4½	+1/3
1⅜	Labu	28/3	
1½	Linggi	12/9	
3/9	London-Asiatic	3/10½	
2	Malacca	40/-	
22/9	Malaysian	23/3	—0/6
3/1½	Merlimau	3/1½	
13/9	Mooojr Valley	14/9	
2/3	Port Dickson	2/4½	
1½	Rubber Trust	1½	
15/9	Sanfield	15/7½	
1/6	Senaykan	2/6	
1/3	Selangor	1/3	
2/6	Straits Rub.	19/6	—0/1½
20/6	Tali Ayer	22/4½	
1½	Tanjong	2/6	
3/1½	Un. Serdang	3/2½	
2/6	United Sua Betong	2/6	
14/9	Vallambrosa	15/-	

Anglo-Sum.....40/7½		N.Rummock.. 14/4½	—0/7½
Ash Lim..... 29/9		F.P.K.(40 yr's) 13/9	
Bain Tyn..... 21/8		Paleiling..... 21/8	—0/9
B.N.B.H. Trst 9/6		Pilmoor..... 2/10	
Brish..... 1/9		Rim Malacca.. 3/9	
Bukit Cloh ...4/3		Rob.E.Johns.34/6	—1/6
Bukit Rajah 19/6		Sapong..... 16/9	+0/6
Castlefield..... 4/6	—0/3	Sapumalk'de..18/1½	
Chersol 2/10½		Selangor 3/3	
Cicely	4/16½—0/4½	Serdang Cn'l's. 17/3	
Eastern Trst... 15/9		Soember Alce. 19/4½	—0/1½
Gula Kapas.... 19/9		Sungei Kruit.... 30/7½	
Glenbervie ..15/9	+0/4½	Sumatra Con. 18/1½	
Golden Hope 17/6		Sungei Buaya 26/9	
Java Amal ...14/6		Sungei Choh...17 7½	—0/4½
Kapar Para ..38/2½	+0/8½	Sungei Kapar. 4/6	
Kastntee 15/6		Sungei Kr'.21/6	
Kepitigalla ...7/9		Taiping 1/6	
Kombok 2/10½		Tebrau 2/4	—0/3
Langkasbun 20/6		Telegowdjo ...14/6	
Ledgerton 2/9		Tempeh..... 1/3	
Manch'terNB. 11/9		Un.Teemiang...2/10½	
Membakut 6/9		Van Seng..... 2/7½	

*Ex div. ‡Ex bonus.

INSURANCE SHARES.

BUSINESS DONE IN LONDON.—Alliance, £12 0/9, 12; 6, New, 13½, ½; British General, £7/5, 7½, 3d.; Commercial Union, £1, ½; £21/6/8; Employers', Liability, 79/8½, 80/-; Guardian, 5⅛; London, 7½; North British, 12½; Royal Exchange, 156½; Royal Insurance, 20½; Prudential, 13½, 13⅝; Royal Insurance, 20½; Prudential, 13½, 13⅝; Scottish Union, 16/6, 17/-; United British, 49/6; 7⅞; World Auxiliary, 15/9, 16/1½, 44d., 3d., 6d.; Yorkshire, 10½.

BUSINESS DONE IN LIVERPOOL.—Atlas, 17½; Commercial Union, 51⅛, ½; Employers' Liability, 80/-; General Accident, 6⅛, 15/9½; Lancashire Fire, 9/9½; London and Lancashire 14½; North British and Mercantile, 13½, 14/6; Northern Assurance, 15½; Phœnix Fire, 10½, 8½; Royal Insurance, 20⅜; Sea, 3½; Sun Insurance, 47½, 48, 17.

CLOSING PRICES.

The quotations in the following tables were made up at an earlier hour than, and may, therefore vary to some extent from, those given in our comments:—

CONSOLS, ETC.

Consols.....	56⅞-57¼	½	
War Loa 5%	95-95⅛		
do. 4½ %	94¾-95⅛		
do. 3½	89⅛-89¼	+ ⅛	
do. 4%	80⅛-80⅝		
Fund'g L'n	88¼-87½		
Victory Bds...	88¼-89⅛		
3½ Conv. Ln.	75⅞-76⅛	+ ⅛	

3½ Trea's.....	105-106		
Irish Land 2½	58-60		
India 3 %	52-55		
do. 3½ %	62-63		
do. 3½ %	59½-60½		
do. 2½	110-112		
Local Loans 64¾-65⅝			

COLONIAL GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

Alberta 4½, 1943-58-61*		Nigeria 6 %	110-112*
Aust Com. 5½ % 99-101*		Q'sland 4 (1915-25..	87-9
do. 5 %	105-107	do. 4½, 1924-5	85-7
Brit. Col 4½, 1941 92-94*		do. 4 % 1933-53....	104-6
Canada, 4 %	87-88*	S. Africa 4 % Con...	87-89
do. 4½ 1939-1960.*		do. 4 %	104-106*
Cape 3½ Cons....	77-79	S. Aust'an 4, '28-58 84-86	
Ceylon 5 %	107-9	do. 4, 1927-57	100-101*
Natal 3 %	79-81	do. 5½ %	105-101½ + ⅛
N.S.W. 4s, 1923-2..	85-7	do. 6½ %	107-9
do. 5% 1922-7 ..	98-101*	Victoria 4 1916-56..	85-7
do. 5½ % 1927-57	100-102	do. 5½ % 1929-5..	101-3*
do. 4½ % 1930-40	107-9	W. Aust'an 4 % '47-57	84-6
N. Zeal'd 4, '29	83-5+1	do. 5½ % 1930-50	102-104

FOREIGN BONDS.

89¾	Argentine, 1886	88	100
86	Do. 5 p.c., 1907	85	88 +1
41	Brazil 4 p.c., 1889	39	44
78	Do Funding, 1908	78½	80½ + ⅜
66¾	Do 5 p.c., 1914	64	68
73	Chinese 5 p.c., 1895 ...	73	75
82⅞	Do 4½ p.c., 1896 ...	83	85
72	Do 5 p.c., 1912	71	73
69	Egyptian Unified	69	70*
27⅝	German Unified	27	31*
20½	Do. 4 p.c.	22	24
1½	German 5 p.c.	1	1⅞
—	Italian Redeem	20	23
104½	Japanese 4½ p.c. 1st	104	106
90	Do 4 p.c., 1905	89	92
84	Do New 5 p.c., 1907..	84	86
58½	Mexican 5 p.c., 1899...	55	58
66	Do. 6 p.c. 1913 Treas.	65	68
4½	Peruvian Corporation ...	4¾	4½
23½	Do Pref	23½	24½
88	Do Deb	88	90
26½	Portuguese 3 p.c.	25	27
—	Russian 4 p.c.	5	7
10	Do 5 p.c., 1906	8	11
13/8	Randfontein	22-9	23/3 —0/3
16/6	do. Central	16/3-16/9	
1	Rob'son Dp.A (1/-)..	15-16	+ ⅛
16/8	Robinson Dp.(B)....	15-15/9	+0/3
15/9	Rose Deep	15/8-16/-	
⅛	S.A. Gold Trust...	⅛	⅛
2⅛	Springs Mines	2⅛	2⅜ + ⅛
2¾	Trans. and Del. 3s.	2½	2¾ + ⅛
16/6	Trans-Con. (15/6)	16/6-17/6	
22/3	Union Corp. (12/6)	22/3-23/9	
15/6	Van Ryn	15/3-15/9	+0/3
4⅞	Van Ryn Deep	4¾-5⅛	
21/9	Vereeniging	22-23/10	
17/6	Village Deep	17/6-18/-	+0/3
—	Witwatersrand Deep...	5/-6/	

BANKS.

—	Agric'ultural of Egypt...	8½	9⅜
—	Anglo-South American	1⅝	1⅞
—	Australasia	13½	13⅝
—	Bank New South Wales..	23½	24½
—	Bank New Zealand (£5)	2⅛	2⅛
—	Barclays "A"	7⅞	8
—	British Bk. Foreign Trade	1	1⅛
—	British Overseas	5½	6
—	Chartered of India	18	19½ + ⅜
—	Canadian Commerce..	40⅝	42⅞*
—	Hong Kong	117	119
—	Lloyds	50/6	60/8
—	London and Brazilian	17½	19½
—	London City Midland	8⅝	9⅜
—	London, Westminster	17⅛	17⅞
—	National Prov. (£44)...	19½	20⅛
—	Standard South Africa..	11½	12⅜
—	Union of Australia	13½	14¼ + ⅜

TELEGRAPHS.

22	Anglo-American Def. ...	22⅞	23⅜
2⅝	Marconi Ord.	2⅝	2⅞
—	Do Pref	⅞	2⅛
1⅞	Do Def	⅞	1⅛
—	Do Canada	9/3	9/9 —0/3
10/9	Radio Corporation	10/6	17/6 —0/6
11/6	Do Pref	12/10½	13/4½ + 6/11½

MISCELLANOUS.

—	Amal. Zinc	15-1⅛	
23/9	Aerated Bread	1⅞	1⅝ —¼
18⅛	Alianza Nit.	18	19*
8/9	Allsopp 6% Shares	⅞	⅞
5⅝	Do 5 p.c. Pref	5⅝	5⅝
137½	Amalgamated Cotton	12/9	13/9 +0/3
2⅜	Anglo Argentine	2⅜	2⅝ + ⅛
23/9	Anglo-Chilian Nitrate ...	2½	2¾* + ⅛
2⅝	Do Pref	2½	2⅝*
1/9	Argentine Northern Land	1/-	1/4
21/9	Do Southern Land.....	1⅛	1⅜
18/3	Armstrong	17/9	18/9 —0/3
1⅝	Associated Cement	16/9	17/9
17/3	Do. Pref	17/9	18/9
1⅝	Bartholomay Pref.	1⅝	1⅞
97	Bass, Ratcliff Pref.	81	86
23/3	Borax Con Def.	1⅞	1⅞*
1⅞	British Glass	1/9	2/3
24/8	British Portland Cement	24/9	25/6
10/9	D.S.A.	9/3	10/3
21/6	British Oil and Cake ...	19½	19½
14/3	Brunner Mond	13/6	14/-
10/9	B N B Land	10/9	11/6*
46	Brazilian Traction	45	50 — ½
49	Brit Col Electric Rail....	74	77
—	Do 4½ p.c. Deb.	83	91
43/9	Bryant and May	2½	2⅝
41/9	Bleachers	2⅛	2⅜
8/6	Calcutta Agric. Tobacco	2⅛	2⅜
44/8	Bradford Dyers	2½	2⅝
22/6	Calico Printers	22/0	23/0
16/6	Canada Land	16/3	17/3
16/3	Cargo Fleet	16/3	17/0
65/9	Coats	2½	3⅛
65/9	Cosmopolis	2½	3⅛
—	Coats Line	31/6	34½ + 6/3
4/6	Crosse and Blackwell	4/9	5/-
—	Dunat Ord		
—	De La Rue Deb.	100	101
—	Dunlop Rubber	⅞	⅞
107	Do Pref	107	108
18/3	Dorman Long	18	18⅛
—	English Electric	14/6	16/9
45/6	English Sewing Cotton....	2½	2⅝
40/6	Fine Spinners	2	2⅛
15⅛	Forestal Land	1⅝	1⅞
—	Furness Withy	1⅝	1⅝
—	General Electric Deb.....	100	107
—	Guinness	43⅝	45⅜
442	Do Pref 2/10	430	450
—	Gramophone Ord.	1⅛	1⅜
23/3	Harrods	1⅛	1⅜
—	Hudson's Bay Ord	103½	107⅛
—	Hodsen's Bay Ord	7⅜	8
60/6	Imperial Tobacco	69/7½	70/1½
12/6	Do (15/- paid)	14/9	16/9 +0/6
27/6	Lupton	1⅛	1⅜
17/6	Lyons (J.)	1⅛	1⅜
7⅛	Lautaro Nitrate	8¼	8¾ + ⅜
19/6	Lever 7 p.c Pref.	19/6	20/6
—	Do 8 p.c. Pref.	19/3	20/6
23/0	Lagunas Nitrate	24/0	25/0
—	Leon Thread Ord.	1⅜	1⅝
—	Liverpool Warehouse	2⅛	2⅜
1⅞	London Nitrate	1⅛	1⅛ + ⅛
—	Mackintosh (J.) Pref.	23/3	23/9
61¼	Maypole Def	61	62
—	Mond Nickel Pref.	1⅞	1⅞
—	Mexican Trams	21	23
75	Do Bonds	73	75
—	Do L. and P. Bonds...	64	67
153	Niger Pref	13/3	16/3 + 6/3
14/6	Nobel Ord	8	8⅛
18/3	Do Pref	1	1⅛
—	Do Def	1	1⅛
—	Nobel Ind. Def.	1⅛	1⅜
—	Do Ord	1⅛	1⅜
15/6	Pease and Partners	1⅛	1⅜
26/9	Do Def	310	320 +5
—	Pekin Syndicate	2⅛	2⅜
—	Platt Bros. Ord.	42/6	47/6
—	Do Pref. Mall Ord.	2⅛	2⅜
—	Rio Negro Lands	2⅛	1⅜
24/6	Rolls Royce	1⅛	1⅜
27/0	Serpa Nitrate	26/0	28/0
23/6	Salt Union	2⅛	2⅜
47/6	South Durham Steel	2⅛	2⅜
101	Do Penin Tram Deb...	100	104
33/6	South African Breweries ..	1⅝	1⅞
—	Shawinigan Water Sonds	109	114
122	Santa Rita Nitrate	1⅛	1⅜
1/9	Santiago Nitrate	1⅞	2⅛*
30/9	Salar de Carmen ..

AUCTION TO-DAY, AT 12.30 O'C., AT COX'S AUCTION ROOMS, 29 BACHELOR'S WALK,

A MAGNIFICENT COLLECTION OF

SUPERIOR DUBLIN-MADE FURNITURE, OVERSTRUNG PIANO, TURKEY AND AXMINSTER CARPETS, &c.,

COMPRISING PRINCIPALLY:—A PAIR OF FRENCH BUHL CHINA CABINETS, HAIR-STUFFED CHESTERFIELD AND TWO LOUNGE ARM CHAIRS, TWO HAIR-STUFFED DRAWINGROOM SUITES, CHIPPENDALE AND INLAID ROSEWOOD CHINA DISPLAY CABINETS AND OVERMANTEL GLASSES, SEVERAL OCCASIONAL TABLES AND CHAIRS, TWO MAHOGANY HALL STANDS, OVAL AND ROUND RECESS MIRRORS, ENGLISH GILT FRAMES; HAND-PIERCED BRASS FENDERS, 4FT. CHIPPENDALE SEAT, FOLD-UP CARD TABLES, LARGE ASSORTMENT OF DECORATIVE AND OTHER CHINA, PICTURES AND PAINTINGS, SUPERIOR MAHOGANY, DARK OAK, AND WALNUT SIDEBOARDS, WITH ENCLOSED CUPBOARDS, BOW AND SERPENTINE FRONTS; SEVERAL RECESS CHINA DISPLAY CABINETS, MARBLE CLOCKS, MAHOGANY SCREW DINING TABLES, SET OF EIGHT SPOONBACK DINING CHAIRS, SEVERAL SETS OF FOUR AND SIX DITTO; BEAUTIFUL DUTCH INLAID DRAWING-ROOM TABLE, SIX WALNUT AND MAHOGANY OVAL AND ROUND TABLES, ON PILLAR AND CLAW; BRASS KERBS AND FIRE BRASSES, 6FT. MAHOGANY BOOKCASE, TWO GRANDFATHER'S CLOCKS, WHATNOTS, WORK TABLES, BEDSIDE AND OCCASIONAL TABLES, SILVER-PLATED SHEFFIELD GALLERY TRAYS; BEDROOM FURNISHING IN VARIETY, INCLUDING 7FT. MAHOGANY GLASS-DOOR WARDROBE, 4FT. DO.; 2 MAHOGANY DUCHESSE PAIRS, 2 MAHOGANY MARBLE-TOP WASH-STANDS, ASH BEDROOM SUITE, 3 PIECES; DARK WALNUT DO., 5 PIECES; 5 MAHOGANY, WALNUT, AND SATIN WALNUT SUITES; MAHOGANY AND STAINED-WOOD CHESTS OF DRAWERS; SALL-BRASS BEDS, WIRES AND HAIR MATTRESSES, INCLUDING ONE DOUBLE SIZE, EQUAL TO NEW, COST £50; SIX BLACK-AND-BRASS AND COMBINATION DITTO, COMPLETE; WARDROBES, PRESSES, DRESSING TABLES, WASHSTANDS; KITCHEN AND DEAL FURNITURE IN VARIETY, DRESSERS, TABLES, CHAIRS, POTS, PANS, AND SAUCEPANS; TWO TURKEY CARPETS, THREE AXMINSTER DITTO; RUGS, CURTAINS, CYCLES, TRADESMAN'S CARRIER, MAIL CARS, TWO IRON SAFES, AND NUMEROUS MISCELLANEOUS EFFECTS; ALSO AN OVERSTRUNG SWEET-TONED GERMAN COTTAGE PIANO.

AUCTION COMMENCES AT 12.30. PIANO SOLD AT 3 O'CLOCK.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER.

CARPETS. CARPETS. CARPETS.

AUCTION TUESDAY, 28TH NOVEMBER, AT 1 O'CLOCK,

A VALUABLE STOCK OF

EASTERN, CONTINENTAL, AND BRITISH CARPETS,

COMPRISING OVER 200 LOTS OF GENUINE TURKEY, ANATOLIAN, INDIAN, MALABAR, CALCUTTA, ELIORE, AND MIRZAPORE CARPETS, ANGLO-TURKEY, SUPER-WILTON, SEAMLESS AXMINSTER, AND BRUSSELS SQUARES, OF BEAUTIFUL DESIGN, AND SIZES FROM 6 FT. 3 BY 6 FT. TO ABOUT 18 FT. X 15 FT.; ALSO A LARGE VARIETY OF RUGS, BILLIARD TABLE SURROUNDS, HALL AND CORRIDOR RUGS, ALL-WOOL REVERSIBLE BEDROOM AND OTHER RUGS, AND SEVERAL ROLLS OF FINE AXMINSTER AND WILTON STAIR CARPETING, FROM 18in. TO 36in. WIDE, SOLD IN LENGTHS AS REQUIRED. ON VIEW MONDAY.

CATALOGUES FREE ON APPLICATION. COMMISSIONS EXECUTED.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER,

NEXT WEDNESDAY, 29TH INST.

42 MARGUERITE ROAD (OFF BOTANIC ROAD).

LEASEHOLD INTEREST AND FURNITURE.

WE have received instructions from the Owner, who is returning to America, to SELL THE LEASEHOLD INTEREST IN CONVENIENTLY-SITUATED RESIDENCE, on NEXT WEDNESDAY, together with the FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising—Sweet-toned Cottage Piano (German); Tapestry Suite, Pier Glass, Occasional Tables, Whatnots, Sofa Cabinet, Writing Table, Contents of three Bedrooms, some Kitchen Utensils, &c.

ALSO WILL BE SOLD SEVERAL LOTS OF SILVER & PLATED WARE.

The Premises are held for a term of 999 years, subject to the yearly rent of £5. Valuation £21. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

SALE WILL COMMENCE AT 12 O'CLOCK SHARP, commencing with the INTEREST IN LEASE.

ON VIEW MORNING OF SALE, or by appointment.

Delivery day following Sale. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

Conditions of Sale and further particulars as to Title, etc., may be had from JAMES FAGAN, Solicitor, 58 Rutland square, W.; or from

CORRIGAN & CO., AUCTIONEERS;

PHONE 2259. 4 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

JAMES J. SCANNELL'S AUCTIONS.

TO-DAY (FRIDAY), NOVEMBER 24TH, AT CLONSILLA GRANGE, CLONSILLA

(IN CONTINUATION),

SALE OF FURNISHINGS IN BEDROOMS NOS. 6, 7, 8, 9 & 10, AND SERVANTS' BEDROOMS, STARTING WITH LOT 965, AT 11.30.

CHAR-A-BANC LEAVES CARLISLE BUILDINGS AT 10.30.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED BY JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS, 110 GRAFTON STREET.

ESTABLISHED 90 YEARS. TELEPHONE No. 63.

MacARTHUR & CO.'S SALES.

AUCTION TO-DAY (FRIDAY), 1 O'CLOCK.

41 Montpelier Hill, Phœnix Park. POSSESSION.
28 Digby Terrace, Mountjoy street. POSSESSION.
18 Blessington street, Dublin. POSSESSION.
38 Synge street, S.C. road. POSSESSION.
18 and 19 Newport street—large site. POSSESSION.
"Ashleigh," 25 Cambridge avenue, Ringsend. POSSESSION.
8 and 9 North James's street, off North Strand.
28, 27, and 28 Lower Buckingham street.
As heretofore fully advertised.

MacARTHUR & CO.,
Auctioneers,
79 TALBOT STREET.

GREENOGUE, KILSALLAGHAN, (Slight miles from Cattle Market.)
150 ACRES

Of above Prime Lands will be Let by Auction on Wednesday, 29th November, by Mrs. Mary Kelly, in the following divisions: North Lands, 97a. 2r. Op.; Ballaghaweary, 42a. 1r. Op.; Seven Acres; 6a. 3r. 26p.

Sale to Commence at 12 noon in Farmyard.

ROBERT CRAIGIE,
37 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

STORE CATTLE SALES

AT 50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN, EVERY THURSDAY.

GAVIN LOW, LTD..

STORE CATTLE SALES

EVERY THURSDAY.

R. & J. WILKINSON,
40/41 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

STORE CATTLE SALE

THURSDAY NEXT.
ENTRIES REQUESTED BY

L. CUFFE & SONS, LTD.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2.)

POULTRY, CAGE BIRDS, DAIRY.

AFRICAN Grey Parrots, red tails, finger tame; Green Amazon; lovely pets; large stock.—Keogh, Ormond quay. 10 14

ANCONA Pullets, 8 (Wilson's), 1921, near laying, 5/6; 2 Hens, 4/6.—Mr. Cockerell, Lagaran (Stone's), Ancona (Wilson's), beautiful birds, 8/6, 12/6, 15/6; Wyandotte Duck (Strong's), 21/-, 12/6; Runner Duck (Strong's), 12/6.—Mrs. Blackburne, Ballyboughal. 12 13

A FACT.—On comparing our Foods you'll exclaim: "Worth double the other fellow's!" Choice qualities: Wheat 12/6, Barley 12/6, Oats (Scotch) 12/6 cwt. Fish Laying Meal 18/- cwt., 2/6 stone; also Maize Meal, Meal, Alfalfa, Meat Meal, Treacle, Cotton Cake and Grit Hoppers; Rings, 3 coils of flat, 6/6 gross, 9d. dozen. Phone, 2077.—Ravensdale Mills, 40 Talbot street, Dublin. T

BEST Mixed Wheat and Oats, 12/6 cwt., 4/9 stone; Best Wheat, 13/6 cwt., 2/6 stone; super quality; special price.—McKenzie's, Brunswick street. T

BLACK Minorca Cockerels, April, 1922, splendid birds, 8/6; three, 21/.—Kilnara, Upper Drumcondra.

CANARIES (singing), Parrots (talking), Love Birds, Cockatoos, Birdseed, Biscuits, Cages.—Keogh, Ormond quay.

COCKERELS, pure White Wyandottes, March hatched, 10/-.—Mrs. Hall-Dare, Newtownbarry House, Newtownbarry.

COCKERELS, White Leghorn (Lady Powerscourt), Australian Gimpel, exceptionally large eggs, 5/-.—William Cummins, Rosecrea. 22 A

DAIRY Utensils, Separators, Churns, Butter Workers, and all Supplies.—The Dairy Engineering Co. of Ireland, Ltd., 21 and 22 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. T

EARLY Pullets, pure bred Wyandottes, 8/- each; Leghorn Incubator, as new, £9.—Mrs. Mayne, Abernethy Rise, Dunganoo. 22 E

FOWL Feeding—Biscuit Waste suitable, 12/- per cwt., 2 cwt. carriage forward; also carriage forward, at factory.—Jacob and Co., Ltd., Bishop street, Dublin. T

FOWL Houses for Sale, sectional, in good condition.—41 Mountjoiesquare, Ranelagh. 22 A

FOR Sale, "Senora" Canaries, for the Mission.—Mrs. Waller, Killiney. 22 F

HEN House, as new, window, door, splendid ventilation, 3 nesting trays, perches, hold 10-12, bargain, 5 guineas.—D 653, this office. 20 E

HOARE-Campbell Drakes, few unscreamed from first class laying strain, perfect for crossing with Indian runner, 10/6 each, carriage paid; special rate for quantities. Pullets and Hens from 6/- each.—Mrs. Barrow, Mossborough, Castleknock. 22 A

LIGHT Sussex Stock Birds, Crawshay strain, two first prize last Royal Dublin Show. Apply Farr, Rosbeg, Westport. 23 B

MISS S. Meaney, Ballynacally, Co. Clare, writes:—"I think your Ovelia Spice is fine; have found excellent results." 7/6, 1/5, and 3/6.—Mrs. Devaney, Stathmines, Dublin. 12 13

MRS. McCormack, Crookedwood, writes:—"Find your Meal of great benefit to my turkeys." 2/- and 4/- tins. From O'Leary and Co., Camden street, Dublin. 12 13

MRS. Pia, Christ Church Vicarage, Ringstown, Co. Mo, raised 757 eggs in six months from 6 hens on Kazwood Poultry Spice; containing ground insects, packets 7d., 1/3, 3lb. bags 4/2; and Kazwood Meal, Delaney, 112 Thomas street, Blanchardstown. 16 23

MRS. Pia, Christ Church Vicarage, Ringstown, Co. Mo, raised 757 eggs in six months from 6 hens on Kazwood Poultry Spice; containing ground insects, packets 7d., 1/3, 3lb. bags 4/2; and Kazwood Meal, Delaney, 112 Thomas street, and Blanchardstown. 16 23

NORFOLK Dumpies (silk breed), Poultry and Hens, clear, yellows and buffs; splendid.—Dempsey, Dundrum, Monaghan. 21 F

PURE White Leghorn Cockerels for Sale, April hatched, cheap to clearer; overstocked.—Aberdeenpoint.

PURE Bred April hatched Aylesbury Ducks, 7/6; reared; Pullets, 5/-; free.—Miss R. Kelly, Ballycostello, Ballyroebuck. 22 A

RHODE Island Red Cockerels, March hatched Mating, splendid birds, 20/- to 30/- each; Aylesbury Drakes, hatched April, 1922, very large birds, 17/6 to 20/-; approval on receipt of cash.—Dempsey, Dundrum, Monaghan. 21 F

SALE, Black Leghorn Cockerel (Barn Murdock-Duffy Mail), £1.—D 495, this office. 21 F

SELLING, Pure Bred Pullets, stock Cockerels.—Best, over 46 Upper Mount street. 23 F

TEN Pitmen Feed for Parsley Poultry for Xmas Christmas Markets is the choice sifted Barley Meal made by the Inland Lows Mills, Dranagh; order from your dealer to-day. Sparrell is his own and only

SALES BY PRIVATE TREATY.

TOWN OF DUNDALK.

COMMODIOUS RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE TREATY,

Commodious Residence, situated in the best residential part of the important town of Dundalk. The House contains drawing and dining rooms, two reception rooms, twelve bedrooms, kitchen, and other large out-offices to suit; good stabling and motor house; gateway entrance; splendid garden and grounds.

Lease for ever, subject to the yearly rent of £6 10/-. Would suit private hotel, departmental offices, or community. Vacant possession.

Fuller particulars from

THOMAS FULLERTON, LL.B., Solicitor,
77 Clanbrassil street, Dundalk, and
32 Nassau street, Dublin.

JAMES CLARKE,
Auctioneer,
EXCHANGE BUILDINGS, DUNDALK.

FURNITURE.

AT Highest Value—James Hill and Son, Bachelor's Walk, Purchase Furniture, Pianos, Antiques. T

ANTIQUES, Tallboys, Wardrobe brass mounts, Sideboard, Ormolu mounted, Dumb Waiter, Corner Cupboard, Curtains, Chairs; owner leaving Ireland.—4 Leinster road, West; must clear. 21 F

ANTIQUE Furniture for Sale; small pieces.—45 Molesworth street. 22 F

BLACK and Brass Bedstead (double, Half Bed, Wire Mattress, Ware Carpets, and other things, private house, Rathmines.—D 674, this office. 21 F

CONTENTS Dining-room, Drawingroom, four Bedrooms Wanted, or Purchase separately.—D 631, this office. 21 F

DRAWINGROOM Walnut Sofa for Sale.—D 687, this office. 21 F

FOR Sale, Couch, Chest Drawers, Looking Glass, and other things.—417, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock. 22

GOOD Bedroom Suite, smaller one for children's room, Chest Drawers Wanted.—D 553, this office. 21 F

LAWLOR Brothers will Buy or Sell your Surplus Furniture, Antiques, Oriental Carpets, Bric-a-brac, etc. T

LARGE Bedroom Suite, Drawingroom Cabinet, Sideboard, good Furniture generally, Wanted.—D 590, this office. 21 F

ODD Pieces Furniture, Pony Trap, Bedroom Suite, for Sale, Sideboard Wanted immediately.—D 596, this office. 21 F

PURCHASE quantity Furniture, cash, Co. Dublin, for convenient Sale.—D 594, this office. 21 F

RUBY Silk Plush Hair Stuffed Suite; reasonable offer accepted.—34 Hollybrook road, Clontarf.

SOME genuine Antique and shapely modern Furniture, etc., Wanted.—D 516, this office. 21 F

SIDEBOARD, Bureau, Cabinet, Furniture, in fair condition, Wanted immediately.—D 540, this office. 21 F

SELL really choice Bedroom Suite, or Exchange for fine Brass Bedstead.—D 576, this office. 21 F

VALUABLE Oakpanning and some Furniture for sale.—Hanbury, 70 Aungier street. 23 F

WANTED, Odd Articles Household Furniture, including Kitchen Utensils.—D 440, this office. 21 F

WANTED, large Furniture generally, condition suitable large country mansion.—D 219, this office. 21 F

WOULD Purchase goods generally and Furniture up to £275.—D 522, this office. 21 F

WOULD Purchase privately, Furniture, one family leaving, large surplus.—D 598, this office. 21 F

WOULD Purchase all or Besides Furniture from family leaving.—D 515, this office. 21 F

WOULD Exchange small Bedroom Suite with cash for larger one.—D 605, this office. 21 F

WOULD Speculate £300 in anything to hold; sell again.—D 637, this office. 21 F

MUSIC, PIANOS, ETC.

AT Highest Value—Gill's, 14 and 15 Nassau st., Purchase Pianos, Violins, 'Cellos. 24 23

BLETHNER Boudoir Grand, as new, for private Sale, cheap.—D 595, this office. 20 E

CHEAP Piano, for children's use. Wanted, cheap piano, particulars.—D 527, this office. 21 F

FOR Sale, 'Cello, excellent condition; private owner.—D 466, this office. 21 F

GERMAN Upright, new, in mahogany or oakcase, £95.—Wynne, 11 Leinster st. 20 E

GOOD Piano Wanted from more than amateurs to esteemed.—D 517, this office. 21 F

GERMAN Piano, would Exchange for cash and cheaper one.—D 520, this office. 21 F

MUST have Piano, suitable dance class, before December 1st.—D 534, this office. 21 F

PIANO of superlative merit Wanted; state price, full particulars.—D 529, this office. 21 F

REALLY choice Piano both for appearance and tone Wanted.—D 514, this office. 21 F

STEINWAY Grand for Private Sale; splendid instrument; reasonable price.—D 573, this office. 20 E

SELLING Piano, choice tone, appearance; fine reasonable offer.—23 Talbot street, Dublin.

TABLE Grand Gramophone, 8 guineas, £1 monthly; also Iron Frame Piano, cheap.—Secretary, Little Theatre, 40 Upper Sackville street.

WANTED, "His Master's Voice" Gramophone, in perfect condition; cheap.—D 467, this office. 21 F

WANTED, Piano, suitable tradesman's client; state price. Address D 523, this office. 21 F

DRESS AND COSTUME.

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs Higgins, 1 Aston's quay, highest prices Ladies', Gents', Children's Left Off Clothes, Jewellery, Artificial Teeth; country parcels received. T

ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Cusack, 65 Aungier street, gives highest prices for Left Off Clothing, Furniture, etc.; distance no objection. T

ABOUT Clothes—Highest cash paid for all Left Off Clothes, Jewellery, Silver Plate, False Teeth, Pictures, Chairs, Glass, Furniture, etc.; postcard immediate attention; distance no objection. Telephone, 4.35, Rathmines.—Wallington House, 35 Wellington quay. T

ABOUT Clothes—Highest prices for Ladies' Gents' Children's Left Off Clothing, Furniture; distance no objection.—Mrs. White, 13 Aungier street. T

BLACK Net Evening Dress, trimmed River, large size, worn once, cost 9 guineas, sell 35/-.—Call 55 Lower Sir. 15.—Address "Z 1531, Dress," this office.

FURNISH Dressmaking, Tailoring, Designs.—Mollie Care, 29 Nassau street.—Customers' Materials Made Up, Gowns Remodelled, also Furs. 5 T

FOR Sale, Gentleman's Highest Grade Leather Jerkin (Irene's), Tailor (late Sutton's), 50 Grafton st. Stupendous bargains for 14 days only. 16 14

FOR Sale, two Parnell Ladies' Clothes, small size, £1 each; also Bessy Coats. Address "Z 1551, Dress," this office.

GOWNS Costumes Wanted, Ladies' or Gents'; good offer. Lowest price to Box 707, Irish Times Branch Office, Dalkey.

TUITIONS CONTINUED.

GOVERNESSES AND TUTORS WANTED.

AGENT FOR GOVERNESSES AND SCHOOLS.—Miss Bellingham Todd, 6 Grafton st., Dublin. Highest Advice Parents and Managers. Tel. No. 5253. T

DANCING Lessons required, party four; select class; state charges. Apply Smith, Burton, Kingstown.

GENTLEWOMAN Wanted, Protestant, young, to Teach Music, Painting, and Drawing twice weekly to Girl of 12; suburbs. Address "Z 1580, Governess," this office. 21 F

PIANO Tuition Wanted by young Man, South side.—D 542, this office. 20 E

TEACHER Wanted, Parochial School; £60, two rooms; send copies references.—Canon Leslie, Clonroe.

WANTED, Principal Teacher (L.O.), small School; free residence, £200 local aid; chances of private tuition.—Address Rev. Purefoy Poe, Ballymadun, Co. Longford. 21 F

WANTED, Principal Teacher for National School; Protestant. Apply Rector, Barcroft, Co. Cavan. 23 F

DOGS.

ABERDALES—Adults and Puppies of highest breeding.—D 447, this office. 21 F

ABERDALE Bitch, 14 months, by Eric's Raider, high class specimen.—Whyte, Willfield, Sandymount avenue. 22 F

ABERDALE Bitch Puppy, 3 months, by Ch. Clunagh Marquis; most promising.—Whyte, Willfield, Sandymount avenue. Immediate possession. 22 F

CROSS Cocker Irish Terriers, both parents pure bred, two weeks; fifteen shillings.—William Cummins, Rosecrea. 22 A

DEERHOUND Dog, by Fitzwilliam Boris, young, handsome, active, first prize winner; cheap.—Nevel, Delgany.

FOR Sale, Retriever Puppies, highly bred, 4 weeks, Apply Hairs, Tynan, Armagh. 22 H

RETRIEVER, handsome male, fully trained all game; also Cocker, trained.—Tyrrell, Drumconnick, Cavan. 21 F

SALE, a fine Setter Dog and Bitch, 12 months, almost trained; pointdown Larry and Tipperary Nellis strain; first 6 guineas each gets them.—Thomas O'Driscoll, Derinagree, Baxter, Co. Cork. 17 E

SALE, pedigree Wire Haired Fox Terrier Bitch Pup, 5½ months.—Hughes, Castlemahon, Arvon. 20 H

SALE, 2 registered pedigree Irish Water Spaniel Pups, 8 months old, £5 5/- each; any trial.—Fisher Farm, Lisnalea.

SPLENDID Wire Fox Terrier Dog, 11 months, healthy, suitable companion, champion pedigree.—Moore, Bond, Armagh. 21 F

TWO beautiful Alsatian Puppies for Sale; 3 months old, perfect watchdogs. Address "Z 1612, Dogs," this office.

WANTED, 5 to 6 Couple Beagles. Reply, giving full particulars, "Z 1627, Beagles," this office.

TUITIONS AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

ALL Professional and University Prelims. Oral and Correspondence Success lists free.—MOULDER'S COLLEGE, Sackville street, Dublin.

BEAT line—Finishing Governess, all subjects, music Wants additional Pupils.—D 591, this office.

GENTLEMAN (Professor) has vacancies for Evening Pupils; highest results London exams; two guineas quarterly fee.—D 603, this office. 22 A

IRISH—Daytime Classes at 39 Parnell square, beginners, Advanced Students, and Matriculation, or other College Exams. Every day between 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. Apply. 23 A

IRISH Language Lessons are given by an Expert in the "Weekly Irish Times." On Sale To-day. Price 2d.

MASTER, Trinity Graduate, ex-scholar, Sen. Mod., takes Pupils, Classics.—D 388, this office. 20 E

NOVEMBER Allments, and how to Cure them. See the "Weekly Irish Times." On Sale To-day. Price 2d.

PHOTOGRAPHS of Officers of the Civic Guard; Scene of the Great Explosion in Dublin; and Dublin University and Liverpool University Hockey Teams appear in the "Weekly Irish Times." On Sale To-day. Price 2d.

SHORTHAND, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, etc.—Metropolitan College (Gillespie's), 100 Lower Mount st. 'Phone 3053.

SINGING.—Lady has Vacancies for few Pupils; moderate terms.—D 578, this office. 22 F

THE Velvet Vogue, with latest illustrations. See the Woman's Page in the "Weekly Irish Times." On Sale To-day. Price 2d.

VACANCIES in established private Morning Class for Advanced Girls; qualified Governess also attends; afternoons, evenings; Theory class once weekly.—D 592, this office.

SALE THIS DAY.

HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE AUCTION OF A LARGE COLLECTION OF SUPERIOR DUBLIN-MADE FURNITURE, PIANOFORTES, CARPETS, &c.

REMOVED FOR SALE FROM LEINSTER ROAD, AND FOR VARIOUS OTHER ACCOUNTS, AT

THE AUCTION ROOMS, 25 BACHELOR'S WALK THIS DAY (FRIDAY), AT 12.30,

PRINCIPALLY COMPRISING:

SUPERB UPRIGHT IRON GRAND PIANOFORTE, BY SCHIEDMAYER, IN ERONISED CASE; UPRIGHT IRON GRAND PIANOFORTE, BY FRIEDMEYER; TWO UPRIGHT IRON GRAND PIANOFORTES, BY CRANE AND SONS; Seven-piece Empire-style Drawingroom Suite, in silk tapestry; Seven-piece Chippendale Drawingroom Suite, in silk tapestry; Chippendale China Cabinet and Overmantel to match; very fine Ebonised Lofty Bow-fronted China Cabinet; Seven-piece Chesterfield Drawingroom Suite, in silk tapestry; Gilt Drawingroom Glasses and Girandoles, Mahogany Occasional Tables, superior Three-piece Hair-upholstered Chesterfield Suite, in Old Gold French poplin; Eight-piece Queen Anne Mahogany Diningroom Suite, in leather; 8ft. Queen Anne Dining Table and 5ft. 6in. Sideboard en suite, Oak Dumb Waiter, massive Mahogany and Walnut Glass-back Enclosed Sideboards, Mahogany and Walnut Overmantels, 10ft. and 8ft. Mahogany Screw-expanding Dining Tables; 8ft. Oak Screw-expanding do.; Seven-piece Walnut Diningroom Suites, in tapestry and leather; Oak Hall Stand and two Chairs, en suite; several Sets of Mahogany Chairs, in leather and velvet China and Ornamental Effects; Fenders and Brasses, Pair Chenille Curtains; Kitchen and Deal Furniture in variety; several sets of Fancy Toilet Ware, Gramophones.

BEDROOM SUITES, in mahogany, Sheraton, walnut, and oak; Mahogany and Walnut Glass-door Wardrobes, Mahogany Duchesse Pair, Mahogany and All-Brass Bedsteads, complete, with Wire and Hair Mattresses.

TWELVE AXMINSTER DININGROOM and DRAWINGROOM CARPETS, 13 x 12, 12 x 9, etc.; Axminster and Wilton Stair Carpeting, Hearth Rugs, Linoleum, and Floor Cloth.

AUCTION COMMENCES 12.30. PIANOFORTES SOLD AT 3. CARPETS 4.

J. J. TORMEY, AUCTIONEER,
18 AND 25 BACHELOR'S WALK.—'PHONE 1157.

ON VIEW THIS DAY.

SALE TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) AND MONDAY NEXT.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT AND ATTRACTIVE SALE BY AUCTION OF SUPERIOR MODERN FURNITURE, COTTAGE PIANOFORTES, TWO OAK ROLL-TOP DESKS, CARPETS, &c.,

Principally comprising—Very fine Overstrung Iron-framed Cottage Pianoforte, by Chappell, in mahogany case as new; 3 other superior Pianofortes by eminent makers; Mahogany Case Cabinet Gramophone, French Buhl China Cabinet, 2 handsome Louis-type Enclosed do.; magnificent Seven-piece Chippendale-type Drawingroom Suite, upholstered in silk tapestry; very fine Settee and Pair Lounge Chairs to match, upholstered in Moquette; superior 9-Piece Light Oak Dining Suite, covered in moquette; another 7-Piece ditto, in green velvet; large Antique Oak Press, two Mahogany-case Grandfather Clocks, 8-Piece Drawingroom Suite, in rosewood frames, upholstered in velvet; handsome Chippendale, Sheraton, Louis-type and Gilt-frame Overmantel Glasses; superb Mahogany, Walnut, and Oak Sideboards, with mirrored backs; exceptional Glass-door and other Wardrobes, Duchess Pairs, Dressing Tables, Washstands, Mahogany Bookcases and Cabinets; several massive Telescope Screw Dining Tables, Sets of Dining Chairs; ALSO A FINE COLLECTION OF DRAWINGROOM, DININGROOM, BEDROOM, AND HALL FURNISHINGS, KITCHEN AND SERVANTS' BEDROOM FURNITURE, IN AS NEW CONDITION, AND INCLUDING about 50 Combination Bedsteads, complete, with Hair Mattresses, Feather Bolsters, and Pillows; 30 Bedroom, Kitchen, and other Chairs, 20 Stained Toilet Chests of Drawers, Toilet Glasses, and Sets of Toilet Ware, Dressing Tables, Washstands, and Towel Rails; 3 large Ice Boxes, Meat Safe, Pots, Pans, etc.

ON VIEW THIS DAY. FULL PARTICULARS TO-MORROW'S ADVERTISEMENT.

JAMES HILL & SON, AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 10, 11, 12 Bachelor's Walk.

COUNTY KILDARE.—BARRETTSTOWN, SALLINS.

IMPORTANT SALE OF VALUABLE RESIDENTIAL GRASS and TILLAGE FARM.

SUBSCRIBER has been favoured with instructions from P. J. Byrne, Esq., to SELL BY AUCTION, at THE TOWN HALL, NAAS,

ON WEDNESDAY NEXT, NOVEMBER 29TH, 1922, AT ONE O'CLOCK,

HIS INTEREST IN PART OF THE LANDS OF BARRETTSTOWN, SALLINS, known as the "WATERED MEADOWS," CONTAINING 128A. 2R. 28P., STATUTE MEASURE,

Together with part of the said Lands known as LONG FIELD, containing 6a. 1r. 30p., like measure, situate in the Parish of Bride's Church, Barony of Clane, County of Kildare, held under lease dated 6th December, 1850, from John Stott to Isaac Maunders, for a term of 99 years from the 25th March, 1850, subject to the yearly rent of £119 3/2, payable half-yearly, above all taxes.

The portion of the Lands known as LONG FIELD was subject to a rent of £6, but same is now merged in the leasehold interest.

There is a good Dwellinghouse and Out-offices on the Holding, which is situate about 3 miles from Naas and 1 mile from Sallins Railway Station.

The Lands are of excellent quality, at present all in grass, are suitable for either Grazing or Tillage, and, being so conveniently situate, should prove a desirable and lucrative investment.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to—

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SALE, 2 registered pedigree Irish Water Spaniel Pups, 8 months old, £5 5/- each; any trial.—Fisher Farm, Lisnalea.

SPLENDID Wire F